

Unit 2: Human Interaction and Reproduction (LIVEWORKSHEET (3))

Animal Reproduction

Sexual reproduction is when the organism needs a **m**_____ or a **f**_____ to reproduce. The **o**_____ (*la cria*) then has the **genes** of the mother and the father.



_____ can carry out sexual reproduction.

Asexual reproduction is when an organism can create an **i**_____ copy of itself (**a c**_____). It doesn't need a **m**_____ or a **f**_____ to reproduce.



An _____ can carry out asexual reproduction.

Ways offspring can be born

There are 3 ways that animals can have babies:

O_____: This means that the mothers lays an _____ and the baby is born from the _____.

V_____: This means the baby is born as **I**_____ young from the mother's **b**_____ and usually drinks its mother's milk.

M_____ are all **v**_____.

O_____: This means the baby is born inside the **m**_____ **body**, but from an **e**_____ at the same time.

Classify these animals as Viviparous, Ovoviviparous or Oviparous



pigeon



dog



sea horse



spider



killer
whale/orca



rabbit



bee



horse



elephant



humans



chicken



penguin



dolphin



turtle



crocodile



fish



ant



echidna



salamander



whale



duck



manta
ray



butterfly



cow



platypus