

TRS501 – Earth Science – Vocabulary review

1. The price of vegetables can _____ depending on the season.
 - a. block
 - b. fluctuate
 - c. thaw
 - d. decline
2. The doctor checked the damaged _____ after the accident.
 - a. tissues
 - b. volume
 - c. output
 - d. displacement
3. The factory increased its daily _____ to meet rising demand.
 - a. saturation
 - b. output
 - c. thaw
 - d. evaporate
4. There is a high _____ of plastic in the river.
 - a. capacity
 - b. concentration
 - c. biodiversity
 - d. model
5. A fallen tree can _____ the road during a storm.
 - a. block
 - b. trigger
 - c. saturate
 - d. expand
6. Scientists built a _____ to study climate change effects.
 - a. model
 - b. mammal
 - c. tissue
 - d. thaw
7. The storm caused _____ damage to houses near the sea.
 - a. massive
 - b. thermal
 - c. relevant
 - d. adverse
8. The speaker raised the _____ of her voice so everyone could hear.
 - a. volume
 - b. displacement
 - c. capacity
 - d. thaw
9. The fire produced a lot of _____ heat.
 - a. intense
 - b. thermal

- c. vulnerable
 - d. consequential
10. Hot air makes metal _____ slightly.
- a. expand
 - b. evaporate
 - c. fluctuate
 - d. decline
11. Scientists warn that rising temperatures may _____ melting in the Arctic.
- a. accelerate
 - b. block
 - c. saturate
 - d. relocate
12. Frozen food will _____ quickly if left outside.
- a. thaw
 - b. trigger
 - c. expand
 - d. evaporate
13. Many families had to _____ after the flood destroyed their homes.
- a. relocate
 - b. decline
 - c. fluctuate
 - d. saturate
14. The earthquake caused the _____ of thousands of people.
- a. displacement
 - b. concentration
 - c. tissues
 - d. capacity
15. Many animals face _____ due to habitat loss.
- a. extinction
 - b. output
 - c. model
 - d. thaw
16. Only _____ data should be included in the final report.
- a. relevant
 - b. saturated
 - c. vulnerable
 - d. thermal
17. Protecting forests helps preserve the planet's _____.
- a. biodiversity
 - b. evaporation
 - c. concentration
 - d. capacity
18. The heat was so _____ that people had to stay indoors.
- a. intense
 - b. adverse

- c. uninhabitable
 - d. consequential
19. Without water, a desert becomes _____ for most animals.
- a. uninhabitable
 - b. thermal
 - c. saturated
 - d. block
20. The loss of ice will have _____ effects on coastal cities.
- a. consequential
 - b. massive
 - c. thawed
 - d. vulnerable
21. A whale is the largest _____ in the ocean.
- a. mammal
 - b. model
 - c. tissue
 - d. trigger
22. Scientists worry about the sharp _____ in bee populations.
- a. decline
 - b. thaw
 - c. displacement
 - d. concentration
23. Too much work can have an _____ effect on your health.
- a. adverse
 - b. intense
 - c. relevant
 - d. saturated
24. This bottle has the _____ to hold two liters of water.
- a. capacity
 - b. displacement
 - c. thermal
 - d. biodiversity
25. High temperatures increase the _____ of water into the air.
- a. evaporation
 - b. saturation
 - c. decline
 - d. output
26. Cutting down trees can _____ climate problems.
- a. exacerbate
 - b. thaw
 - c. fluctuate
 - d. block
27. Heavy rain will _____ the soil and cause flooding.
- a. saturate
 - b. decline

- c. trigger
 - d. accelerate
28. Strong winds may _____ wildfires in dry areas.
- a. trigger
 - b. relocate
 - c. thaw
 - d. evaporate
29. Small animals are more _____ to cold weather.
- a. vulnerable
 - b. massive
 - c. thermal
 - d. consequential