

## ВАРИАНТ 1

### ЧАСТЬ А

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Last year, more than one billion kilos of chocolate (A1) ... around the world. Chocolate is made from the cacao plant. However, many cacao farmers (A2) ... enough money and can't afford food, medicine or clean water. In Africa, a typical cacao grower is paid less than a dollar a day. Now the international organisation called Fairtrade (A3) ... farmers to get fair prices. Farming organisations have been set up in African countries and every month some extra money (A4) ... in projects such as drinking water.

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|---|---|------------------|
| A1. 1) are eaten<br>2) had eaten        | 3) were eating<br>4) ate                | 5) were eaten    |
| A2. 1) weren't earning<br>2) don't earn | 3) won't be earned<br>4) weren't earned | 5) hadn't earned |
| A3. 1) helped<br>2) is helped           | 3) will be helped<br>4) was helped      | 5) is helping    |
| A4. 1) invests<br>2) has invested       | 3) is invested<br>4) has been investing | 5) will invest   |

## ВАРИАНТ 2

### ЧАСТЬ А

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

We often buy a lot of things we don't really need and they (A1) ... away without actually being used. Nowadays a new trend (A2) ... in opposition to consumerism – the 'buy nothing' trend. The idea originated in Canada in the early 1990s and then moved to the US, where it (A3) ... a rejection of the overspending and overconsumption of Black Friday. Since 1997, Buy Nothing Day has been held on the same day as Black Friday. The rules are simple. Just don't buy anything at all for 24 hours. Throughout the year, Buy Nothing groups organise the exchange and repair of items they already own. The trend (A4) ... influencers on social media who usually share posts of clothing and make-up that they advise people to buy.

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|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| A1. 1) throw<br>2) will throw             | 3) are throwing<br>4) are thrown  | 5) have thrown  |
| A2. 1) will appear<br>2) will be appeared | 3) is appearing<br>4) is appeared | 5) was appeared |
| A3. 1) became<br>2) is become             | 3) had become<br>4) was become    | 5) will become  |
| A4. 1) will be reached<br>2) had reached  | 3) was reached<br>4) was reaching | 5) has reached  |

## ВАРИАНТ 3

### ЧАСТЬ А

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

People (A1) ... by social media, magazines and shop windows with things to buy. Nowadays British consumers (A2) ... more clothes and shoes than ever before. Online shopping means it is easy to buy without thinking, while major brands (A3) ... their customers such cheap clothes that they can be worn two or three times and then thrown away. In Britain, the average person spends more than 1,000 on new clothes a year, which is around four per cent of their income. Last year alone, the British (A4) ... away 300,000 tonnes of clothing, most of which ended up in landfills.

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|----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| A1. 1) constantly attack   | 3) have constantly attacked | 5) constantly attacked |
| 2) are constantly attacked | 4) are constantly attacking |                        |
| A2. 1) bought              | 3) are buying               | 5) will be bought      |
| 2) had bought              | 4) were bought              |                        |
| A3. 1) offer               | 3) were offered             | 5) are offered         |
| 2) offered                 | 4) were offering            |                        |
| A4. 1) throw               | 3) were thrown              | 5) are thrown          |
| 2) have thrown             | 4) threw                    |                        |

## ВАРИАНТ 4

### ЧАСТЬ А

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Many of the products we buy in supermarkets are grown by farmers in developing countries. But farmers (A1) ... enough to make a living. So the idea of 'fair trade' has been around for many years. When you (A2) ... the FAIRTRADE mark on a product, you know that the farmers have been paid a fair price for their crops. You also know that they have been given extra money – the Fairtrade premium. This can be used by farmers to develop their businesses, invest in their communities or protect the environment. In 1997, many organisations from different countries (A3) ... together and one international Fairtrade organisation was formed. We hope that in the next few decades the lives of millions of people in developing countries (A4) ... by Fairtrade.

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|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| A1. 1) don't pay     | 3) won't pay        | 5) aren't paid  |
| 2) haven't paid      | 4) aren't paying    |                 |
| A2. 1) saw           | 3) are seen         | 5) were seen    |
| 2) will be seen      | 4) see              |                 |
| A3. 1) came          | 3) have been coming | 5) come         |
| 2) will come         | 4) have come        |                 |
| A4. 1) are improving | 3) will be improved | 5) had improved |
| 2) have improved     | 4) improved         |                 |



## ВАРИАНТ 5

### ЧАСТЬ А

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

In India a lot of children aged 6–11 do not attend any school. That is why in 1988, two passionate teachers, Ranjani Paranjpe and Bina Lashkari, (A1) ... a non-formal education project, Door Step School, for fifty children in a small slum (*трущоба*) in Mumbai. At the beginning, the teachers walked from door to door looking for children who did not go to school, speaking to parents and asking them to send the children to their school. Classrooms (A2) ... everywhere: in marketplaces, at railway stations and even in a bus. Since 1988, Door Step School (A3) ... the teaching conditions a lot. Now, buses called School on Wheels (A4) ... as libraries and mobile classrooms with computers. Apart from learning basic skills such as reading, writing and arithmetic, children also have lessons on hygiene or health and safety.

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|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| A1. 1) started        | 3) have started   | 5) are started |
| 2) have been starting | 4) were started   |                |
| A2. 1) arranged       | 3) were arranged  | 5) arrange     |
| 2) had arranged       | 4) will arrange   |                |
| A3. 1) is changed     | 3) had changed    | 5) has changed |
| 2) was changed        | 4) was changing   |                |
| A4. 1) had served     | 3) will be served | 5) are served  |
| 2) serve              | 4) were served    |                |

## ВАРИАНТ 6

### ЧАСТЬ А

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

The Amazon Rainforest (A1) ... an area of nearly 6.5 million square kilometres and is home to more than half the species that live on Earth. It is a landscape of breathtaking beauty, which still holds many secrets. For example, few of the plants that grow in this tropical forest have been studied by scientists so far; it is also believed that about 50 tribes that (A2) ... any contact with civilisation may still live deep in the forest. Moreover, the Amazon Rainforest produces about 20% of all the Earth's oxygen – that is why it (A3) ... “the lungs of the Earth”. For all these reasons we should respect the Amazon Jungle and protect it from destruction. If we do not, it (A4) ... completely within the next 50 years.

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|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| A1. 1) covers          | 3) is covered        | 5) was covered    |
| 2) covered             | 4) had covered       |                   |
| A2. 1) were never had  | 3) will never be had | 5) are never had  |
| 2) had never had       | 4) have never had    |                   |
| A3. 1) called          | 3) calls             | 5) has called     |
| 2) is called           | 4) is calling        |                   |
| A4. 1) had disappeared | 3) was disappeared   | 5) will disappear |
| 2) will be disappeared | 4) is disappeared    |                   |

## ВАРИАНТ 7

### ЧАСТЬ А

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Kiera Lorraine Mackleston is a circus acrobat. She is only 19, but she (A1) ... professionally for almost ten years. Kiera first performed on a trapeze (спорт. *трапеция*) when she was five and she (A2) ... her first tightrope walk (*ходьба по канату*) when she was seven. Amazingly, she has never broken a bone despite the fact that she has had a few falls. Kiera loves her job but she knows she will not be able to do it forever, so at the moment she (A3) ... Economics at London Business School. "I need an alternative career," she says, "and I am working really hard to get a degree." She hopes her skills (A4) ... in the job market.

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|---|--|------------------|
| A1. 1) will already work<br>2) had already worked | 3) is already working<br>4) has already worked | 5) already works |
| A2. 1) took<br>2) has taken                       | 3) was taken<br>4) had taken                   | 5) takes         |
| A3. 1) has studied<br>2) is studied               | 3) will study<br>4) studied                    | 5) is studying   |
| A4. 1) will value<br>2) will be valued            | 3) have valued<br>4) are valuing               | 5) value         |

## ВАРИАНТ 8

### ЧАСТЬ А

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Last year, a Smog Free Tower (A1) ... in the arts district of Beijing. It is part of an air purifying project by Daan Roosegaarde from Holland and is designed to take in smog and release clean air. Roosegaarde uses the collected smog particles to make jewellery like rings or cufflinks (*запонки*). He got the idea for the Smog Free Project when he (A2) ... Beijing in 2013. One day he looked out of his hotel window and he simply couldn't see anything as the city (A3) ... under a thick layer of smog. Roosegaarde is planning to set up 800 of his giant air purifiers in parks all over China to raise awareness of the huge problem of pollution. His dream is that in ten to fifteen years from now, we (A4) ... his towers anymore.

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|--|---|----------------|
| A1. 1) built<br>2) was building              | 3) has built<br>4) had built            | 5) was built   |
| A2. 1) visits<br>2) visited                  | 3) was visited<br>4) has visited        | 5) is visiting |
| A3. 1) has disappeared<br>2) was disappeared | 3) had disappeared<br>4) is disappeared | 5) disappears  |
| A4. 1) won't need<br>2) haven't needed       | 3) won't be needed<br>4) aren't needed  | 5) didn't need |



## ВАРИАНТ 9

### ЧАСТЬ А

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Last summer I (A1) ... Britain. On the first day I (A2) ... unwell as I had a bad headache, so I asked the hotel owner where I could get some aspirin. She said: "There's a *chemist's* on the high street." A chemist's is what British people call a *pharmacy* and *high street* is known as *main street* in America. That was a classic illustration of two nations divided by a common language. The phrase *high street* (A3) ... to tourists because it is a part of everyday life in the UK. It means the main commercial street in every British town. If you go to the UK, you (A4) ... to find out that a town's high street is not always the most important place in town and often has another official name.

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|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| A1. 1) have visited         | 3) visited                    | 5) visit                    |
| 2) was visited              | 4) had visited                |                             |
| A2. 1) have felt            | 3) was felt                   | 5) feel                     |
| 2) have been feeling        | 4) was feeling                |                             |
| A3. 1) hardly ever explains | 3) has hardly ever explained  | 5) will hardly ever explain |
| 2) is hardly ever explained | 4) was hardly ever explaining |                             |
| A4. 1) will be surprised    | 3) are surprising             | 5) will surprise            |
| 2) have surprised           | 4) surprise                   |                             |

## ВАРИАНТ 10

### ЧАСТЬ А

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

In 2014 Stanisław Kowalski became the oldest person in Europe to run a 100-metre race. When he (A1) ... the finishing line, the 104-year-old grandfather said that he felt like a new man. He knew he (A2) ... his best. Kowalski said, "I (A3) ... that I've lived to such an old age." In fact, he put his longevity down to his active lifestyle. He said, "I cycled or walked 10 km to work every day." He also said, "I (A4) ... forward to breaking the world record for the 60-metre race in the near future," which he actually did half a year later. Kowalski was also the oldest ever competing athlete in such sports as shot put and discus throw for men aged between 105 and 109.

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|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| A1. 1) is crossing      | 3) was crossed       | 5) crosses         |
| 2) crossed              | 4) has crossed       |                    |
| A2. 1) has done         | 3) is doing          | 5) had done        |
| 2) was done             | 4) is done           |                    |
| A3. 1) am not surprised | 3) hadn't surprised  | 5) didn't surprise |
| 2) am not surprising    | 4) haven't surprised |                    |
| A4. 1) am looked        | 3) had looked        | 5) was looked      |
| 2) will be looked       | 4) am looking        |                    |