THE REDEEMED CHRISTIAN BIBLE COLLEGE YOUTH CAMPUS NORTH

EXAMINATION: HOMILETICS

1. **What is the root meaning of "profession"?**

   A) To teach B) To confess/profess C) To lead D) To serve

2. **Which fields are traditionally linked to extensive learning?**

   A) Engineering, Law, Medicine B) Theology, Medicine, Law

   C) Education, Theology, Philosophy D) Business, Law, Theology

3. **What is the FIRST qualification for ministry?**

   A) Academic degree B) Being born again

   C) Public speaking skill D) Knowledge of scripture

4. **Which trait ensures the Holy Spirit resides in a minister?**

   A) Charisma B) Practical holiness C) Leadership experience D) Financial stability

5. **From which language does "homiletics" derive?**

   A) Latin B) Hebrew C) Greek D) Aramaic

6. **What does "homilia" signify?**

   A) Sacred writing B) Mutual talk/discourse

   C) Divine revelation D) Prophecy

7. **Homiletics primarily involves:**

   A) Church administration B) Preparation, presentation, preservation of sermons

   C) Theological debates D) Biblical translation

8. **Preaching is defined as:**

   A) Political propaganda B) Proclamation of salvation through man to men

   C) Academic lecture D) Social critique

9. **What is essential for a message to be considered a sermon?**

   A) Lengthy duration B) Inclusion of Jesus Christ

   C) Use of illustrations D) Formal language

10. **Exhortation is best described as:**

    A) A formal theological discourse B) An appeal to act on heard truth

    C) A historical analysis D) A prayer session

11. **A preacher is primarily:**

    A) A community leader B) God's spokesman C) A scholar D) A counselor

12. **Why must a preacher have a strong personality?**

    A) To attract large crowds B) To reflect truth in character/conduct

    C) To debate effectively D) To manage church finances

LIVEWORKSHEETS

13. **Which trait is NOT required for a preacher?**

A) Novice status B) Blamelessness in love

C) Self-discipline D) Bravery

14. **Sermon materials can be sourced from:**

A) Political speeches B) Personal opinions

C) Divine illumination on Scripture D) Secular novels only

15. **An anecdote is a:**

A) Theological thesis B) Short narrative of a private incident

C) Prophetic revelation D) Poetic verse

16. **When should a preacher prepare sermons?**

A) Only when inspired B) At all times C) During church service D) Once a month

17. **Which rule is NOT part of sermon preparation?**

A) Prepare immediately after the last sermon B) Prioritize business ventures

C) Be prayerful D) Manage time well

18. **A sermon title must:**

A) Reveal the entire message B) Be ambiguous

C) Agree with the sermon's mood D) Use complex terminology

19. **What distinguishes theme from title?**

A) Theme is the specific idea; title is the attractive name

B) Theme is longer than title C) Title is irrelevant D) Theme is optional

20. **Which book is cautioned for complex interpretation?**

A) Psalms B) Genesis C) Job D) Matthew

21. **An "accommodated text" refers to:**

A) A verse applied contrary to its original meaning

B) A well-translated passage C) A frequently quoted scripture

D) A historical account

22. **Topical sermon divisions derive from:**

A) A single verse B) The topic independently

C) A chapter D) External commentaries

23. **Expository sermons differ from textual sermons by:**

A) Using extended Scripture portions B) Avoiding divisions

C) Requiring no text D) Being shorter

24. **Introduction functions include:**

A) Reciting the entire sermon B) Arousing interest and preparing the congregation

C) Listing all sources D) Debating theology

LIVEWORKSHEETS

25. **Which is NOT a type of illustration?**

A) Allegory B) Statistical report C) Personal experience D) Anecdote

26. **Qualities of discussion include:**

A) Vagueness B) Proportion and clarity C) Lengthy tangents D) Technical jargon

27. **Sermon preservation can be done via:**

A) Memorization only B) Topical/textual filing systems

C) Oral tradition D) Social media

28. **What must characterize a preacher's personal life according to Module IV?**

A) Financial wealth B) Practical holiness

C) Political influence D) Academic prestige

29. **A preacher must avoid being:**

A) A doer of what he preaches B) An imitator of others

C) Brave in speech D) Self-disciplined

30. **Which trait is essential for a preacher's marital life?**

A) Secret adultery B) Husband of one wife/wife of one husband

C) Multiple relationships D) Public scandals

31. **Where can anecdotes *not* be sourced from?**

A) Holy Bible B) Local history C) Fictional novels D) Newspapers

32. **How should sermon materials be gathered?**

A) Memorize all content B) Use alphabetical card files

C) Rely solely on digital tools D) Avoid illustrations

33. **What should a preacher *avoid* regarding appearance?**

A) Neatness B) Overdressing or shabbiness

C) Formal attire D) Matching clothing with message

34. **How should the pulpit be treated?**

A) As a decorative item B) As a sacred place (God's mercy seat)

C) As a storage area D) As a casual seating spot

35. **What should a theme *not* be?**

A) Weighty and dignified B) Trivialized

C) Goal-oriented D) Seasonally appropriate

36. **A title must:**

A) Reveal the entire sermon B) Be incompatible with the preacher's mood

C) Agree with the sermon's seriousness D) Use complex jargon

LIVEWORKSHEETS

37. **Which text source is *inappropriate*?**

A) Words spoken by God B) Statements by Pharaoh or Judas

C) Scripture references D) Holy Spirit-led choices

38. **An "accommodated text" is:**

A) Applied contrary to its original meaning B) A literal translation

C) A short verse D) A poetic passage

39. **Topical sermon divisions derive from:**

A) A single Bible verse B) The topic independently

C) Exegetical analysis D) Historical context

40. **What characterizes an expository sermon?**

A) Extended scripture interpretation B) Brief motivational speech

C) Political commentary D) Personal testimonies

41. **Example: "Worthy of Worship" (Topic: Jesus Christ) uses:**

A) Logical order B) Chronological order

C) Alphabetical order D) Random order

42. **Introduction functions include:**

A) Reciting the entire sermon B) Arousing interest and preparing listeners

C) Listing all sources D) Debating theology

43. **What does the "What?" division answer?**

A) Application steps B) Definition/explanation of the subject

C) Future implications D) Historical background

44. **Which is *not* a valid illustration?**

A) Personal experience B) Statistical data C) Biblical allusion D) Anecdote

45. **Qualities of discussion include:**

A) Vagueness B) Brevity and clarity

C) Lengthy tangents D) Technical complexity

46. **Basic presentation steps include:**

A) Skipping the opening prayer B) Announcing the title once

C) Reading the text twice D) Avoiding Bible references

47. **Sermon preservation requires:**

A) Memorization only B) Topical/textual filing systems

C) Discarding after delivery D) Social media posts

48. **How does God confirm a ministerial call?**

A) Through financial prosperity B) Via seasoned Christians

C) Political appointments D) Academic degrees

LIVEWORKSHEETS

49. **"Homiletics" includes:**

A) Church architecture B) Sermon preparation, delivery, preservation

C) Musical composition D) Financial management

50. **Preaching differs from lecturing because it:**

A) Avoids Jesus Christ B) Proclaims salvation through Christ

C) Uses academic language D) Focuses on secular topics

51. **Exhortation is:**

A) A political speech B) An appeal to act on truth

C) A scholarly critique D) A musical performance

52. **A preacher's health discipline excludes:**

A) Balanced diet B) Gluttony

C) Physical fitness D) Avoiding sexual excess

53. **Where should the pulpit be placed?**

A) Hidden from view B) Visible to most congregants

C) Outside the building D) In a storage room

54. **Choosing a theme requires:**

A) Ignoring congregational needs B) Specificity (e.g., Christmas→Christ's birth)

C) Ambiguity D) Personal preferences only

55. **Topical sermon unity demands:**

A) Multiple unrelated ideas B) One central idea

C) External commentaries D) Secular sources

56. **Effective discussion uses materials from:**

A) Bible only B) Experience and observation

C) Political manifestos D) Fictional novels

57. **Conclusion methods include:**

A) Introducing new topics B) Recapitulation or application

C) Abrupt ending D Debating the congregation

58. **Hudson Taylor's guidance principle:**

A) "God helps those who help themselves"

B) "God's work in God's way lacks no provision"

C) "Wealth signifies divine favor" D) "Education precedes calling"

59. **Preservation for computer-literate preachers:**

A) Avoid backups B) Create files with backups

C) Use paper only D) Share online publicly

LIVEWORKSHEETS

60. **Altar calls align with:**

A) Political rallies B) Exhortation C) Academic lectures D) Financial appeals

LIVEWORKSHEETS