

1 Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions. (0.5 pt)

1. A. temple B. campus C. pursue D. promise
2. A. democratic B. relationship C. traditional D. participate

2 Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions. (0.5 pt)

3. A. wheat B. whole C. wheel D. whether
4. A. hold B. family C. celebrate D. calm

3 Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions. (2.5 pts)

5. – _____ to your pen pal yet? – Not yet. I'm too busy.
A. Do you write B. Are you writing
C. Did you write D. Have you written
6. _____, farmers used buffalo-driven carts to transport agricultural products.
A. Tradition B. Traditional C. Traditionally D. Untraditional
7. Do you ever wish you _____ go to England for higher education?
A. can B. could C. should D. may
8. Is there a _____ gap between you and your parents?
A. generation B. age C. time D. communication
9. The city has an exceptionally rich _____ of historic buildings.
A. heritage B. tradition C. custom D. culture
10. I wish he _____ complaining about his parents and had a heart-to-heart conversation with them.
A. will stop B. stops C. has stopped D. stopped
11. It is necessary for young people _____ about our history.
A. know B. to know C. knowing D. known
12. All of us _____ all day on Saturday because we had to finish the project by Monday.
A. are working B. were working C. worked D. have worked
13. Do you mind _____ me to the History Museum, Dad?
A. take B. to take C. taking D. took
14. Our beliefs and history have been _____ orally by our people for thousands of years.
A. shown around B. cheered up C. passed down D. taken off

4 Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions. (0.5 pt)

15. The soldiers had to fight the war to protect their country.
A. develop B. defend C. attend D. struggle
16. It is his practice to tell stories about his childhood to his children at bedtime.
A. tradition B. behavior C. custom D. manner

5 Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions. (0.5 pt)

17. My uncle Martin has a great love for cleaning the bathrooms.
A. access B. connection C. stress D. disgust
18. The college was far away from his farmhouse, so his parents bought him a motorbike.
A. close B. mountainous C. downtown D. extended

6 Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the option that best completes each of the following exchanges. (0.5 pt)

19. A: I'm sorry, Mum. I haven't cooked dinner.
B: _____. You can do it now.
A. OK good B. That's alright C. Welcome D. I haven't either
20. A: I promise not to leave my textbook at home again.
B: _____.
A. No, you won't forget it. B. How can you do it?
C. You have to remember. D. Great! I appreciate it.

7 Read the following passage and choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions. (1.25 pts)

If we were asked exactly what we were doing a year ago, we would probably have to say that we could not remember. But if we kept a book and wrote in it an account of what we did each day, we should be able to give an answer. In a way, this is similar to history.

Most people are proud to tell you what their ancestors did in the past. We may call this **remembered history**. But many things have been forgotten because we do not have any written **account** of them. Sometimes people kept a record of the most important happenings in their country, but often it was destroyed by fire or in a war. Sometimes there was never any written record because the people of that time and place did not know how to write. For example, we know a lot about the people who lived in China about 2,500 years ago because they could write and leave written records for those who lived after them. But we know little about the people who lived just 200 years ago in central Africa, because they had no writing system.

Sometimes, even if people cannot write, **they** may know something of the past. They have heard about it from older people, and often songs, dances, and stories have been made about the most important past events, and these have been sung about, acted and told for generations.

10 Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions. (1 pt)

33. The last time I visited my grandparents was a year ago.
A. I haven't visited my grandparents for a year.
B. A year ago, I often visited my grandparents.
C. My visit to my grandparents lasted a year.
D. At last I visited my grandparents after a year.
34. My brother really likes to own a cat.
A. My brother's only wish is that he owns a cat.
B. My brother wishes he owns a cat.
C. To own a cat is what my brother is thinking of.
D. My brother enjoys owning a cat.
35. You should research how life has changed in the past 20 years.
A. How life has changed in the past 20 years is your researching.
B. If I can, I'd like to research how life has changed in the past 20 years.
C. I advise you to research how life has changed in the past 20 years.
D. It's not good to research how life has changed in the past 20 years.
36. A burglar broke into the building. At the time the guard was sleeping.
A. Before a burglar broke into the building, the guard slept.
B. When a burglar was breaking into the building, the guard slept.
C. A burglar broke into the building as soon as the guard slept.
D. When a burglar broke into the building, the guard was sleeping.

11 Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is best written from the words and phrases given. (1 pt)

37. spend / his childhood / Hoi An / know / well /.
A. He spent his childhood in Hoi An, so he knows it well.
B. He has spent his childhood in Hoi An, but he knows it well.
C. Spending his childhood in Hoi An, he will know it well.
D. Knowing the city well, he spent his childhood in Hoi An.
38. doctor / advise / not stay up / too late /.
A. The doctor often advises me not stay up too late.
B. The doctor advised me not staying up too late.
C. A doctor has advised me not staying up too late.
D. The doctor advised me not to stay up too late.
39. We all / wish / people / live / in peace / have / happy life /.
A. We all wish the people can live in peace and have a happy life.
B. We all wish people are living in peace and having a happy life.
C. We all wish people could live in peace and have a happy life.
D. We all wish people lived in peace and have a happy life.
40. She / try / avoid / mention / her failure /.
A. She tries avoiding to mention her failure.
B. She tried to avoid mentioning her failure.
C. She tries to avoid to mention her failure.
D. She will try avoiding to mention her failure.