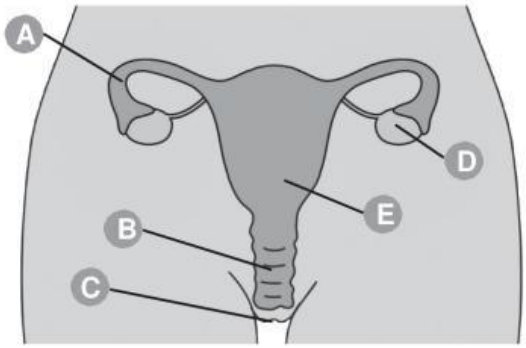
1 **Complete the text about human reproduction.**

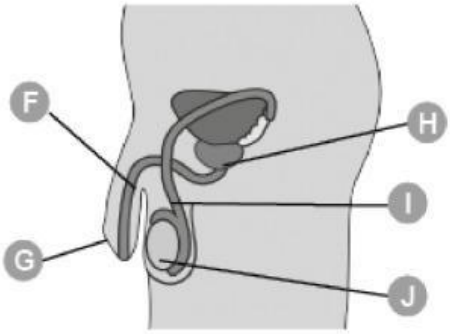
Human beings produce offspring through _____ reproduction.
This involves two people of different _____.

2 **Label the parts of the female and male reproductive systems.**



- ☐ ovary
- ☐ fallopian tube
- ☐ uterus
- ☐ vagina
- ☐ vulva

- ☐ testicle
- ☐ vasa deferentia
- ☐ urethra
- ☐ penis
- ☐ prostate



3 **Explain the function of these organs.**

- The testicles produce _____ sex cells, which are called _____.
- The ovaries produce _____ sex cells, which are called _____.

4 **Read and write: *sperm* or *eggs*.**

- They are very small cells with a head and a long tail that they use to move:
  _____
- They are large, round cells: _____

5 **Complete the text about menstruation.**

During menstruation, the egg, some _____ and tissue from the uterus come out of the _____. It occurs approximately every _____ days.

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6 **Complete the text about fertilisation using the words from the box.**

Fertilisation is the process in which a sperm cell joins with an _____. A fertilised egg is called a _____. This travels through the fallopian tube and starts to divide into many more cells to form an _____, which will eventually grow into a new human being. Fertilisation takes place in the _____, but the embryo develops into a baby in the _____.

embryo
egg cell
fallopian tube
uterus
zygote

7 **Answer these questions about pregnancy.**

- Which organ supplies the embryo with oxygen and nutrients? _____
- What is the name of the membrane and fluid that protect the embryo?

_____

8 **Match to complete the sentences about the changes a pregnant woman's body experiences.**

Women who are pregnant	•	• the growing foetus takes up more space.
The breasts grow and prepare to	•	• stop having periods.
The abdomen enlarges because	•	feed the future baby.

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Read the statements about labour and write *T* (true) or *F* (false).

- ☐ During the dilation stage the vagina contracts and pushes the foetus into the uterus.
- ☐ At the birth stage, the baby comes out of the mother's body.
- ☐ During the afterbirth stage, the placenta is expelled from the uterus.

Read the text about adolescence below and circle the correct words.

Adolescence is the stage of life between childhood and adulthood/old age. Adolescence includes the physical changes of puberty/emotions, which can happen at different ages.

We may also notice mood/hygienic changes and feel more irritable, misunderstood, happy or sad. In adolescence, zygotes/friendships are very important. Healthy relationships are based on respect/cycles.

LIVEWORKSHEETS