

ĐỀ THI GIỮA HỌC KÌ 1 – ĐỀ SỐ 02 (ONL)

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 1: He is an unselfish man who spends much of his time helping his community

A. weak B. arrogant C. strong D. generous

Question 2: My brother is pretty serious but slightly shy.

A. hard-working B. rude C. confident D. diffident

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 3 to 7

Going to party can be fun and (3) _____. If you are invited to a party, (4) _____ to call your host up early to inform him or her of whether you are going. If you want to bring someone who has not been invited (5) _____ you, you should ask for permission first. Remember to dress appropriately for the party. You will stick out like a sore thumb if you are dressed (6) _____ whereas everyone else is in T-shirt and jeans. If you are not sure what (7) _____, do ask your host.

Question 3: A. enjoy B. enjoying C. enjoyed D. enjoyable

Question 4: A. get B. take C. make D. do

Question 5: A. away from B. along with C. together with D. out of

Question 6: A. formal B. informally C. informal D. formally

Question 7: A. to wear B. wearing C. to be worn D. wear

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 8: A. option B. suggestion C. relation D. condition

Question 9: A. change B. choose C. machine D. teacher

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 10: After their children had grown up, they decided _____ to a condominium in the city.

A. moving B. to move C. being moved D. to be moved

Question 11: Friendship is a two-side _____; it lives by give-and-take.

A. aspect B. way C. affair D. event

Question 12: If we leave now for our trip, we can drive half the distance before we stop _____.

A. to have B. for having C. having D. having had

Question 13: Fortunately, the hospital's new air-conditioning system _____ when the first heat wave of the summer arrived.

A. had installed B. had been installed C. had been installing D. installed

Question 14: She _____ a big fuss about not having a window seat on the plane.

A. got B. took C. did D. made

Question 15: We stayed friends even after we _____ and left home.

A. brought up B. grew up C. turned up D. took up

Question 16: Your friendship should be based on _____ trust.

A. mutual B. basic C. fragile D. blind

Question 17: How fast _____ when the accident happened?

A. were you driving B. did you drive C. are you driving D. had you driven

Question 18: She showed her _____ by asking lots of trivial questions.

A. inexperience B. inexperienced C. experience D. experienced

Question 19: I'm sorry you've missed the train, it _____ five minutes ago.

A. had left B. has left C. has been left D. left

Question 20: I don't mind _____ late, if it will help at all.

A. to be work B. to work C. being working D. working

Question 21: Alice didn't expect _____ to Bill's party.

A. to ask B. asking C. to be asked D. being asked

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 22: A. birthday B. happy C. activity D. party

Question 23: A. exciting B. refreshment C. intention D. horrible

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 24: These anniversaries mark the milestones of a happy and lasting relationship between married couples.

A. progresses B. signs C. landmarks D. achievements

Question 25: Unselfishness is the very essence of friendship.

A. important part B. difficult part C. interesting part D. romantic part

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 26: Computers have made access to information instantly available just by push a few buttons.

A

B

C

D

Question 27: During a curfew it is not possible walking on the streets after a specified hour.

A

B

C

D

Question 28: Statistics are now compulsory for all students taking a course in engineering.

A

B

C

D

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 29: Fiana and Fallon are talking about the weather.

Fiana: "Isn't it going to rain tonight?" – Fallon: "_____."

A. I don't hope so B. I hope not C. No, it is D. Yes, it isn't

Question 30: Adela and Phuong are talking about her new friend.

Adela: "_____?" – Phuong: "He's tall and thin with blue eyes."

A. What does he look like B. How is he like
C. How does he look like D. What is he like

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 31: There's no point in persuading him to do this.

A. It would be useful to persuade him to do this.
B. It is useless to persuade him to do this.
C. I enjoy persuading him to do this.
D. He is able to do this although he does not want to.

Question 32: She has cooked for dinner for two hours.

A. She didn't start cooking for dinner till it was two.
B. She started cooking for dinner two hours ago.
C. Cooking for dinner took her two hours.
D. She has two hours to cook for dinner.

Question 33: It's waste of time to try to explain anything to Tony.

A. It's well worth trying to explain things to Tony.
B. Tony should be given explanation.
C. To save time, explain it to Tony.

D. It's not worth trying to explain anything to Tony.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 34 to 38

Having a best friend to confide in can bring a positive effect on our emotional health. An evening out with the closest friend may be the best guarantee of a good time. In fact, our best friend can prevent us from developing serious psychological problems such as depression and anxiety.

Best friendship evolves with time – we cannot go out and pick our best friend. We become friends with people who share common interests – at school or through hobbies, for example.

Best friends have usually known each other for years and stuck together through good and bad times. If you haven't got **one**, perhaps you are being too distant from people, or focusing too much on your work.

Question 34: A best friend can _____.

- A. give us a healthy life
- B. go out with us in the evening
- C. share joy and sadness with us
- D. spend much time finding

Question 35: Close friends need to _____.

- A. pursue the same hobbies
- B. have the same interests
- C. study at the same school
- D. spend time together

Question 36: According to the passage, _____.

- A. best friends have good and bad times
- B. we can go out and choose a good friend easily
- C. it takes a lot of time to make close friendships
- D. It's very difficult to make lasting friendships

Question 37: The word “**one**” in the last paragraph refers to _____.

- A. a close friend
- B. bad time
- C. good time
- D. a friendship

Question 38: Which of the following sentences is NOT mentioned?

- A. We often have satisfaction being with a close friend.
- B. An unsociable person may not have a close friend.
- C. Friendships need time to develop.
- D. The ties of close friendship will never be broken.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 39: He is too old. He can't run so far.

- A. He is too old to run so far.
- B. Because he is old, he can run far.

C. He is old enough to run far. D. Although he is old, he can run far.

Question 40: The weather was so dismal. They had to cancel the picnic immediately.

- A. So dismal was the weather that they had to cancel the picnic immediately.
- B. The weather was too dismal that the picnic was cancelled immediately.
- C. The weather was enough dismal for them to cancel the picnic immediately.
- D. The picnic would be cancelled immediately since the weather was dismal.