

The Long-Nosed Monkey

The long-nosed monkey is a unique animal that lives in Asia. It is found on the island of Borneo, in countries like Brunei, Indonesia, and Malaysia. This monkey is easy to recognize because of its big nose and large belly. Its long, reddish-brown fur also helps it blend in with the forest surroundings. It usually lives near rivers, swamps, and forests. These areas provide food, water, and safe places to rest. The long-nosed monkey prefers lowland areas with lots of trees. It often travels through the forest using tree branches and only comes down to the ground when necessary.

Male long-nosed monkeys have very large noses. Scientists believe the nose helps make loud sounds to warn other monkeys of danger. The nose might also be used to attract females during mating season. Their big bellies help them digest leaves and fruits, which are hard to break down. They have a special stomach with four parts, just like cows. These monkeys sometimes chew their food, spit it out, and chew it again to help with digestion. This process allows them to get all the nutrients from their food. Long-nosed monkeys also have webbed hands and feet. This helps them swim well and walk on muddy ground. They are excellent swimmers and can move quickly through rivers and swamps. They can even swim underwater to escape from crocodiles or to find food on the other side of the river.

Long-nosed monkeys are peaceful animals. They do not fight often and prefer to live in harmony. They live in groups, which can have one male and many females, or several males and females together. Group members help each other find food and watch for danger. They solve problems by using sounds instead of fighting. These sounds include calls, grunts, and warning noises. They are friendly, great swimmers, and have special body parts that help them live in the wild. They are most active during the day and sleep in trees at night. These monkeys are truly amazing animals from Asia and are a valuable part of the forest ecosystem.

Reading Task

Identify where the information is located in the text, and place it in the correct structure.

Descriptive Text Generic Structure	Information contained
Identification	
Description	
Conclusion	

Information:

Listening & Writing task

Please describe the picture on the left with your own words.

No	Picture	Description.
	<p>Example:</p> 	<p>A long-nosed monkey stares into the horizon.</p>

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Speaking Task

Please read the sentence below with correct pronunciation.

1. Male long-nosed monkeys have big noses that help them make loud sounds.
2. The large belly helps the monkey digest leaves and fruits easily.
3. Its stomach has four parts, just like a cow's.
4. Sometimes the monkey chews its food again to help with digestion.
5. With webbed hands and feet, the monkey can swim well in rivers and swamps.