

## B2 PRACTICE EXAM

The reading section is made up of questions 1-20. In this section, you will be tested on your reading comprehension. There are four passages with five questions each. Please read each passage and then select the best answer. When you have finished, click on "Next" to go to the next page.

(In this practice you have only 1 reading and 5 questions)

### The Rise of Remote Work

Over the last decade, remote work has transformed from a rare privilege to a common reality for millions of people worldwide. Advances in digital technology have enabled employees to communicate, collaborate, and share information seamlessly, regardless of geographical location. Video conferencing, cloud-based platforms, and instant messaging tools have played a crucial role in this change.

One of the main advantages of remote work is flexibility. Employees can design their own schedules, reduce commuting time, and often achieve a healthier work-life balance. For companies, the benefits include lower operating costs and access to a wider pool of international talent. However, the shift has also presented challenges. Many workers report feelings of isolation, and managers sometimes struggle to maintain team cohesion and monitor productivity effectively.

Interestingly, the pandemic accelerated the adoption of remote work, forcing organizations that had previously resisted change to adapt almost overnight. While some businesses have now returned to traditional office spaces, many have chosen hybrid models that combine both in-person and remote work. Analysts predict that this trend will continue, reshaping not only the labor market but also urban planning, since fewer people commuting daily could affect public transportation systems, restaurants, and even real estate markets.



Ultimately, the success of remote work depends on balance. Employees must remain disciplined, employers must invest in digital infrastructure, and governments may need to reconsider policies related to labor rights, taxation, and even environmental impacts. Remote work is not simply a temporary adjustment; it is likely to remain a permanent and evolving feature of modern employment.

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1. What is the main idea of the passage?
    - A. Remote work has only disadvantages for companies.
    - B. Remote work has become an important and lasting part of employment.
    - C. The pandemic was the sole reason remote work started.
    - D. Remote work is more beneficial for managers than employees.
  2. According to the passage, one advantage of remote work for companies is:
    - A. Access to a more diverse workforce.
    - B. Improved office decoration.
    - C. Reduced feelings of isolation among employees.
    - D. Higher public transportation use.

3. What challenge of remote work is mentioned in the text?
  - A. Increased commuting time.
  - B. Lack of digital technology.
  - C. Difficulty in maintaining team cohesion.
  - D. Reduced access to international workers.
4. What does the author suggest about the future of remote work?
  - A. It will probably disappear once the pandemic is forgotten.
  - B. It will reshape employment and other aspects of society.
  - C. It will not affect cities or transportation.
  - D. It will only be used by small companies.
5. Based on the passage, what can we infer about urban areas in the future?
  - A. They may experience changes in demand for services and housing.
  - B. They will have more commuters than ever before.
  - C. Restaurants and real estate will not be influenced by remote work.
  - D. Public transportation will become more profitable.

You have finished the Reading section. Once you click "Next" all answers will be submitted as final and you will not be allowed to return to that section.

(In the actual exam you'll have this message after each section)

The listening section is made up of questions 21-40. In this section, you will hear four different talks or conversations, and then be asked to answer five questions about what you heard. Please read the questions and answers first. When you are ready, press play . Once you click on play  you will not be able to pause or stop the audio. You will only be allowed to hear the audio once. When you have answered the questions, click on "Next" to go to the next audio text.

(In this practice you have only 1 audio and 5 questions)

### AUDIO

1. What does the speaker say about education in the past?
  - A) People thought learning should continue for life.
  - B) People believed education ended after school or university.
  - C) Most people studied online.
  - D) Education was only for technology-related fields.
2. According to the passage, what is one example of rapid change in society?
  - A) The rise of video conferencing tools.
  - B) The fall of universities.
  - C) The disappearance of traditional jobs.
  - D) The end of language learning.
3. What benefit of lifelong learning outside of work does the speaker mention?
  - A) It makes people richer.
  - B) It reduces the cost of education.

- C) It keeps the brain active and brings satisfaction.
- D) It guarantees career promotion.

**4. What are the two main challenges people face with lifelong learning?**

- A) Lack of teachers and low motivation.
- B) Time and money.
- C) Technology and competition.
- D) Language and travel.

**5. What can we infer about lifelong learning in the future?**

- A) It will only matter for young people.
- B) It will be less important as technology improves.
- C) It will become necessary for both personal and professional reasons.
- D) It will be completely free worldwide.

The grammar section is made up of questions 41-80. In this section, you will be tested on your knowledge of English grammar. Please select the best answer to complete each item. When you have finished, click on "Next" to go to the next page.

(In this practice questions are numbered 1 to 40)

**Choose the correct sentence**

1.

- A) There is two students waiting outside.
- B) There are two students waiting outside.
- C) There be two students waiting outside.
- D) There was two students waiting outside.

2.

- A) She is study for her exams right now.
- B) She studying for her exams right now.
- C) She studies for her exams right now.
- D) She is studying for her exams right now.

3.

- A) I am going visit my grandparents this weekend.
- B) I will to visit my grandparents this weekend.
- C) I am going to visit my grandparents this weekend.
- D) I am go visit my grandparents this weekend.

4.

- A) He used to play tennis every Saturday.
- B) He use to play tennis every Saturday.



- C) He was used play tennis every Saturday.
- D) He is use to play tennis every Saturday.

5.

- A) By the time we arrived, she had already left.
- B) By the time we arrived, she already left.
- C) By the time we arrived, she has already left.
- D) By the time we arrived, she already leaves.

**Choose the sentence that is NOT correct**

6.

- A) She has lived here since 2010.
- B) She lived here for ten years.
- C) She has been living here for ten years.
- D) She has lived here for ten years.

7.

- A) I was watching TV when you called.
- B) When you called, I watched TV.
- C) I was watching TV while you called.
- D) I was watching TV at the same time you called.

8.

- A) If I had studied harder, I would have passed the exam.
- B) If I study harder, I will pass the exam.
- C) If I studied harder, I would pass the exam.
- D) If I would study harder, I will pass the exam.

9.

- A) Neither do I.
- B) I don't either.
- C) So do I.
- D) I do neither.

10.

- A) I suggested going to the cinema.
- B) I suggested to go to the cinema.
- C) I suggested that we go to the cinema.
- D) I suggested going together.

**Choose the word or phrase that best completes the idea**

11. I'm not very hungry. I only want \_\_\_\_\_ soup.  
A) few  
B) a few  
C) little  
D) a little
12. She was \_\_\_\_\_ bored that she decided to leave the party early.  
A) so  
B) such  
C) too  
D) enough
13. Would you mind \_\_\_\_\_ the window?  
A) open  
B) opened  
C) opening  
D) to open
14. I \_\_\_\_\_ finish the report by tomorrow morning.  
A) must  
B) may  
C) could  
D) might
15. We had our house \_\_\_\_\_ last month.  
A) paint  
B) painted  
C) painting  
D) paints
16. He asked me where \_\_\_\_\_ from.  
A) do I come  
B) I came  
C) I come  
D) did I come
17. She has never \_\_\_\_\_ to New York before.  
A) be  
B) been  
C) was  
D) being
18. When I was a child, I \_\_\_\_\_ swim in the lake every summer.  
A) used  
B) used to  
C) use  
D) am used to
19. \_\_\_\_\_ she studied a lot, she still failed the exam.  
A) Although  
B) Because  
C) So  
D) Since
20. She told us not \_\_\_\_\_ late.  
A) come  
B) to come

- C) coming
- D) came

**Chose the sentence that is gramaticallly correct.**

21.

- A) I have never seen such an amazing film.
- B) I have never saw such an amazing film.
- C) I had never seen such an amazing film.
- D) I've never seen such an amazing film.

22.

- A) There isn't much milk left.
- B) There aren't many people here.
- C) There are a little students outside.
- D) There are a few chairs in the room.

23.

- A) He has been working here for five years.
- B) He worked here since 2015.
- C) He started working here in 2015.
- D) He has worked here for a long time.

24.

- A) The more you study, the better your results will be.
- B) The less you practice, the worse you get.
- C) The sooner we leave, the earlier we arrive.
- D) The more faster you drive, the more dangerous it is.

25.

- A) She was cooking when the phone rang.
- B) She cooked when the phone was ringing.
- C) She was cooking while the phone rang.
- D) She was cooking as the phone rang.

**Choose the word or phrase that best completes the idea**

26. I'm very tired. I'd rather \_\_\_\_\_ home now.  
A) go  
B) going  
C) to go  
D) went
27. The book, \_\_\_\_\_ was on the table, belongs to Anna.  
A) which  
B) what  
C) who  
D) whose
28. She \_\_\_\_\_ her homework when her friends arrived.  
A) finished  
B) has finished  
C) had finished  
D) finishes
29. I wish I \_\_\_\_\_ harder for the test.  
A) study  
B) studied  
C) had studied  
D) have studied
30. He was \_\_\_\_\_ embarrassed that he couldn't say anything.  
A) such  
B) so  
C) too  
D) enough
- 

**Choose the sentence that is grammatically correct.**

- A) I can't hardly hear you.  
B) I can hardly hear you.  
C) I can barely hear you.  
D) I can scarcely hear you.

32.

- A) He suggested meeting earlier.  
B) He suggested that we meet earlier.  
C) He suggested us to meet earlier.  
D) He suggested going earlier.

33.

- A) He might be at home.  
B) He must be at home.  
C) He can't be at home.  
D) He should be at home.

34.

- A) I have been waiting since two hours.
- B) I have been waiting for two hours.
- C) I've been waiting here all day.
- D) I have waited for hours.

35.

- A) It's important to practice every day.
- B) It's useful to review your notes.
- C) It's helpful practice every day.
- D) It's necessary to study.

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**Choose the word or phrase that best completes the idea.**

36. If I \_\_\_\_\_ you, I would take the job.

- A) am
- B) was
- C) were
- D) be

37. I don't have \_\_\_\_\_ time to finish this project today.

- A) enough
- B) too
- C) many
- D) few

38. By 2025, she \_\_\_\_\_ her degree.

- A) will finish
- B) is finishing
- C) will have finished
- D) finished

39. When we arrived, the movie \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) already started
- B) had already started
- C) has already started
- D) was already started

40. He asked me if I \_\_\_\_\_ help him with his homework.

- A) can
- B) could
- C) may
- D) will



The vocabulary section is made up of questions 81-100. In this section, you will be tested on your knowledge of English vocabulary. Please select the best answer to complete each sentence. When you have finished, click on "Next" to go to the next page.

(In this practice, there are 40 questions)

### Choose the correct sentence

1.

- A) He tends to exaggerate; he often makes up stories.
- B) He tends to exaggerate; he often makes stories up.
- C) He tends to exaggerate; he often stories makes up.
- D) He tends to exaggerate; he often up makes stories.

2.

- A) She was so moved by the touching story that she cried.
- B) She was so moving by the touched story that she cried.
- C) She was so move by the touching story that she cried.
- D) She was so moved by the story touching that she cried.

3.

- A) The documentary was engrossing; we couldn't stop watching.
- B) The documentary was engross; we couldn't stop watching.
- C) The documentary was engrossed; we couldn't stop watching.
- D) The documentary was engrosses; we couldn't stop watching.

4.

- A) My brother takes after my father; they're both very stubborn.
- B) My brother takes out my father; they're both very stubborn.
- C) My brother takes up my father; they're both very stubborn.
- D) My brother takes in my father; they're both very stubborn.

5.

- A) The report revealed the truth about the company's actions.
- B) The report revealing the truth about the company's actions.
- C) The report reveal the truth about the company's actions.
- D) The report reveals the truth about the company's actions.

**Choose the sentence that is NOT correct**

6.

- A) The sitcom was hilarious and very entertaining.
- B) The soap opera was predictable and boring.
- C) The sketch comedy show was really touched.
- D) The documentary was inspiring and informative.

7.

- A) He always looks up new words in the dictionary.
- B) He always looks out new words in the dictionary.
- C) He always checks the meaning carefully.
- D) He always uses online resources.

8.

- A) She's good at solving problems creatively.
- B) She's good at solving creative problems.
- C) She's good at solve problems creatively.
- D) She's good at approaching problems creatively.

9.

- A) Apparently, the film was based on real events.
- B) Clearly, the film was based on real events.
- C) Seemingly, the film was based on real events.
- D) Honest, the film was based on real events.

10.

- A) He was accused of fabrication of evidence.
- B) He was accused of fabricating evidence.
- C) He was accused to fabricate evidence.
- D) He was accused of making up evidence.

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**Choose the word or phrase that best completes the idea**

11. She was \_\_\_\_\_ interested in the lecture that she asked many questions.

- A) deep
- B) deeply
- C) deepen
- D) deepness

12. He was \_\_\_\_\_ exhausted after working all night.

- A) extremely
- B) extreme
- C) extremity
- D) extremeness

13. They stayed up late last night because they had \_\_\_\_\_ problems to solve.  
A) much  
B) too many  
C) too much  
D) few
14. His outward appearance was elegant, but his clothes were \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) stylish  
B) style  
C) styling  
D) styled
15. The speaker's message was so \_\_\_\_\_ that it changed many people's attitudes.  
A) inspiring  
B) inspire  
C) inspiration  
D) inspired
- 

**Choose the sentence that is grammatically correct.**

16.  
A) I can't keep up with all this new technology.  
B) I can't keep on with all this new technology.  
C) I can't keep out with all this new technology.  
D) I can't keep off with all this new technology.
17.  
A) The movie was cliché, but it was still entertaining.  
B) The movie was clichéd, but it was still entertaining.  
C) The movie was clichés, but it was still entertaining.  
D) The movie was clichéing, but it was still entertaining.
18.  
A) She admitted making a mistake in her report.  
B) She admitted to make a mistake in her report.  
C) She admitted to having made a mistake in her report.  
D) She admitted having made a mistake in her report.
19.  
A) It was such an astonishing performance that everyone applauded.  
B) It was such astonishing performance that everyone applauded.  
C) It was so an astonishing performance that everyone applauded.  
D) It was such an astonished performance that everyone applauded.
- 20.

- A) They revealed the truth about the politician.
  - B) They revealed to the truth about the politician.
  - C) They revealed the true about the politician.
  - D) They revealed truth about the politician.
- 

**Choose the sentence that is NOT correct**

21.

- A) She hardly ever goes to bed early.
- B) She almost never goes to bed early.
- C) She goes to bed hardly early.
- D) She rarely goes to bed early.

22.

- A) I couldn't get over how boring the lecture was.
- B) I couldn't get off how boring the lecture was.
- C) I couldn't believe how boring the lecture was.
- D) I found the lecture very dull.

23.

- A) The cartoon was entertaining.
- B) The cartoon was entertain.
- C) The cartoon was funny.
- D) The cartoon was enjoyable.

24.

- A) The truth was fabricated by the journalists.
- B) The truth was make up by the journalists.
- C) The truth was made up by the journalists.
- D) The truth was invented by the journalists.

25.

- A) The news program was informative.
- B) The news program was information.
- C) The news program was reliable.
- D) The news program was detailed.



**Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C, or D) that best completes each sentence.**

26. The film was so \_\_\_\_\_ that I couldn't stop watching.  
A) riveting  
B) rivet  
C) rivets  
D) riveted
27. He had such a \_\_\_\_\_ problem that he couldn't sleep.  
A) serious  
B) seriousness  
C) seriously  
D) seriousness
28. They were \_\_\_\_\_ that the solution was correct.  
A) apparent  
B) obviously  
C) obvious  
D) obviously
29. We need to \_\_\_\_\_ up with a better solution.  
A) come  
B) make  
C) go  
D) take
30. The actor managed to \_\_\_\_\_ a name for himself in Hollywood.  
A) do  
B) make  
C) take  
D) give
- 

**Choose the sentence that is grammatically correct.**

31.  
A) I'm not interested in gossip.  
B) I'm not interesting in gossip.  
C) I'm bored with gossip.  
D) I find gossip boring.
32.  
A) She always tells the truth.  
B) She always tells truth.  
C) She always tells the true.  
D) She always tells lies.
33.  
A) He finally got his big break as a singer.  
B) He finally got his big break as a actor.

- C) He finally got his big break in the industry.
- D) He finally got a big break.

34.

- A) I usually turn on the TV after dinner.
- B) I usually turn off the TV after dinner.
- C) I usually turn up the TV after dinner.
- D) I usually turn out the TV after dinner.

35.

- A) The series was predictable, but I liked it.
- B) The series was predict, but I liked it.
- C) The series was clichéd, but I liked it.
- D) The series was moving, and I liked it.

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**Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C, or D) that best completes each sentence.**

- 36. The students \_\_\_\_\_ tired after the long exam.
  - A) were exhausted
  - B) were exhausting
  - C) was exhausted
  - D) was exhausting
- 37. They \_\_\_\_\_ many ideas for the new project.
  - A) came up with
  - B) came out with
  - C) came off with
  - D) came after with
- 38. He's very \_\_\_\_\_; he always finds creative solutions.
  - A) resourceful
  - B) resources
  - C) resource
  - D) resourcing
- 39. We stayed \_\_\_\_\_ midnight at the party.
  - A) until
  - B) by
  - C) on
  - D) for
- 40. The politician was accused of \_\_\_\_\_ the facts.
  - A) fabricate
  - B) fabricating
  - C) fabricated
  - D) fabrication