NARRATIVE TEXT

LIVEWORKSHEET
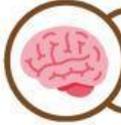
The Legend of Malin Kundang

Name : _____

Class : _____

Emiya Kirana Putri
Sembiring

IX

Let's Read!

1 **What is the Meaning of Narrative Text?**

Narrative text is a type of text that tells a series of events in a chronological and generally imaginative.

2 **The Social Function of Narrative Text**

a. to tell stories or past events to entertain the readers
b. to amuse, entertain and to deal with an actual or various experiences in different ways.

3 **Language Features of Narrative Text**

a. Using Past Tense
b. Adverb of Time (once upon a time, one day, etc)
c. Time Conjuction (when, then, suddenly, etc)
d. Spesific Character in the story

ADAPT FROM :

Let's Read!

Generic Structure of Narrative Text

1

Orientation

The orientation provides essential background information to help the reader understand the context of the story. It answers basic questions like who, what, where, and when.

2

Complication

This part of the narrative introduces the main problem or conflict that the characters must face. The complication creates tension or challenges, pushing the story forward. It's where the problem or event disrupts the normal situation, prompting action or change.

3

Resolution

This part shows how the conflict is solved, whether through the characters' actions, decisions, or other events.

4

Re-Orientation

This part reflects on the changes that have occurred in the story, how the characters have learned or grown, or how life has returned to normal after the events. It may also give the reader a moral or lesson learned from the story.

ADAPT FROM :

Pre-Activity

- Did you ever read Indonesian folklore?
- If Yes, what was the title of it?

  - Click the video below to watch the story and answer the questions

- *Were you familiar with the story?*
- *Where did the story happen?*
- *What word did you still remember in the video?*

The Legend of Malin Kundang

Long time ago, in a small village near the beach in West Sumatera, lived a woman and her son, Malin Kundang. Malin Kundang's father had passed away when he was a baby, and he had to live hard with his mother. Malin Kundang was a healthy, dilligent, and strong child. He usually went to the sea to catch fish, and brought it to his mother, or sold it in the town.

One day, when Malin Kundang was sailing as usual, he saw a merchant's ship which was being raided by a small band of pirates. With his brave and power, Malin Kundang defeated the pirates. The merchant was so happy and asked Malin Kundang to sail with him. Malin Kundang agreed.

Many years later, Malin Kundang became a wealthty merchant, with a huge ship, loads of trading goods, many ship crews, and a beautiful wife. In his journey, his ship landed on a beach. The villagers reconigzed him, and the news ran fast in the town: Malin Kundang became a rich man and now he is here. His mother, in deepful sadnees after years of loneliness, ran to the beach to meet her beloved son again. When the mother came, Malin Kundang, in front of his well dressed wife, his crews and his own gloriness, denied to meet that old, poor and dirty woman. For three times she begged Malin Kundang and for three times yelled at him. At last Malin Kundang said to her "Enough, old woman! I have never had a mother like you, a dirty and ugly peasant!" Then he ordered his crews to set sail.

Enraged, she cursed Malin Kundang that he would turn into a stone if he didn't apologize. Malin Kundang just laughed and set sail. In the quiet sea, suddenly a thunderstorm came. His huge ship was wrecked and it was too late for Malin Kundang to apologized. He was thrown by the wave out of his ship, fell on a small island, and suddenly turned into stone.

ADAPT BY :

LIVEWORKSHEETS

✏️ A. Multiple Choices

1. Who is the main character in the story of Malin Kundang?
a. Malin Kundang
b. Malin Kundang's mother
c. The Captain
d. The King

2. Why did Malin Kundang leave his hometown?
a. To find a job
b. To seek wealth
c. To visit family
d. To travel

3. What happened to Malin Kundang after he refused to acknowledge his mother?
a. He became poor
b. He was imprisoned
c. He was cursed to become a stone
d. He died

4. How did Malin Kundang;s mother react when her son refused to acknowledge her?
a. She forgace and cursed him
b. She was sad and cried
c. She got angry and cursed him
d. She was indifferent

5. What moral lesson can be learned from the story of Malin Kundang?
a. Never become rich
b. Never go travel
c. Don't get angry
d. Respect and love your parents

✏️ B. True or False

After read the text above, answer the questions by choosing True (T) or False (F).

	True	False
1. **Malin Kundang was a fisherman.**	☐	☐
2. **Malin Kundang"s mother loved her son very much.**	☐	☐
3. **Malin Kundang immediately acknowledge his mother when he arrived in his hometown.**	☐	☐
4. **Malin Kundang"s mother was very angry when Malin Kundang refused to acknowledge her.**	☐	☐
5. **Malin Kundang was crused to become a fish by his mother.**	☐	☐
6. **Malin Kundang became rich after trading at sea.**	☐	☐
7. **Malin Kundang had a good heart towards his mother.** *9	☐	☐
8. **Malin Kundang's mother waited patiently for her son's return.**	☐	☐
9. **Malin Kundang was forced by his mother to become a fisherman.**	☐	☐
10. **The curse of Malin Kundang's mother made Malin Kundang rich.**	☐	☐