

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions

- Question 1: A. remote B. form C. donation D. focus
Question 2: A. raise B. viditor C. organise D. sense

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions

- Question 3: A. deliver B. essential C. management D. disaster
Question 4: A. focus B. apply C. upset D. provide

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions

Question 5: After completing the training program, Thuy decided to volunteer at the local centre and helped deliver free clothes to the _____.

- A. positive B. homeless C. helpful D. excited

Question 6: Despite feeling _____ that the charity event was cancelled due to bad weather, the volunteers looked forward to planning another event soon.

- A. disappointed B. digital C. pleased D. relaxed

Question 7: As a volunteer at the community centre, I have access _____ various educational materials

- A. from B. for C. through D. to

Question 8: As a volunteer lifeguard at the local swimming pool, I have the opportunity to put my _____ skills to ensure the safety of all the swimmers.

- A. saved-life B. life-saving C. saving-life D. life-saved

Question 9: I regularly communicate with the _____ office to help manage volunteers for our community projects.

- A. leading B. job C. head D. household

Question 10: _____ I joined the event, the volunteers were picking up trash from the streets.

- A. When B. If C. Though D. Neither

Question 11: I am volunteering at the local wildlife conservation group and I want to _____ people's interest in protecting endangered species.

- A. donate B. increase C. sort D. realise

Question 12: I helped _____ the fundraising event by arranging tables and preparing donation booths.

- A. focus on B. search for C. apply for D. setup

Question 13: When I was volunteering at the local soup kitchen, a famous chef _____.

- A. was visiting B. was visited C. visited D. was being visited

Question 14: As a volunteer with a _____ organisation, I have had the opportunity to work on various community development projects.

- A. governmental B. governed C. ungovernmental D. non-governmental

Question 15: Volunteering at the local library gives me a _____ of purpose.

- A. need B. sense C. hardship D. value

Question 16: When I _____ at the community centre, I made many new friends.

- A. was volunteering B. volunteered C. volunteer D. was volunteered

Question 17: She travelled to _____ areas to provide medical aid and education to minor ethnic groups.

- A. generous B. essential C. remote D. similar

Question 18: While I _____ at the local library, I discovered many interesting fiction books and novels.

- A. was helping B. helped C. help D. was helped

Question 19: If you want to join the volunteer club, please make sure to fill _____ the application form with your name and contact details.

- A. on B. at C. in D. of

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges.

Question 20: A: How did you feel about the volunteer trip yesterday? - B: _____.

- A. I felt pleased about what we had done B. That sounded fun
C. I am planning on a new one D. Sure. Why not?

Question 21: A: How do you feel about becoming a member of the charity club? - B: _____.

- A. Here you are B. I am excited and eager for future events
C. I know what you are talking about D. It seems like a good view

Mark the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: She is a **reliable** volunteer who works at the community centre every Saturday to teach children art and crafts.

- A. dependable B. charitable C. available D. predictable

Question 23: As a volunteer, I saw the **suffering** of many vulnerable communities.

- A. poverty B. hardship C. quality D. deadline

Mark the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 24: Despite feeling **stressed** from a long day at work, she chose to volunteer at the community centre.

- A. disappointed B. confused C. practical D. relaxed

Question 25: After completing her studies, she decided to pursue her passion for volunteering **later** in life.

- A. currently B. hopelessly C. immediately D. essentially

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 26: He decided to apply in the volunteer position at the local food bank to deliver free meals to the poor.

- A. in B. at C. deliver D. the

Question 27: She joined the un-profit organisation as a volunteer to improve the educational resources of poor children.

- A. un-profit B. as C. resources D. poor

Question 28: When I arrived at the community centre yesterday, the other volunteers set up for the event.

- A. at B. the C. set D. for

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

One of the easiest ways to save money on things like clothing, furniture, and electronics is (29) _____ buying secondhand. Many people think that only new things are worth anything, but this isn't necessarily true. In fact, it's easy to find old items that work properly and match your style, and it's important to try this option before (30) _____ a lot of money on new items.

Besides saving you money, second-hand items save the environment because they don't need raw materials. Buying such items means they won't (31) _____ up in landfills soon.

Finally, secondhand items are often more durable than new ones because they've been through previous ownership(s), (32) _____ makes them even better quality. You can find great deals on websites where people sell their (33) _____ items online for cash instead of throwing them away.

Source: <https://www.unsustainablemagazine.com/sustainable-living-ideas-2023/>

Question 29: A. in B. with C. by D. from

Question 30: A. making B. spending C. forming D. delivering

- Question 31: A. make B. see C. turn D. end
 Question 32: A. that B. who C. which D. when
 Question 33: A. unwanted B. wanted C. unwanting D. wanting

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Volunteering, especially when it's done on a regular basis, can help you make new acquaintances. Whether you volunteer for an organisation on a daily, weekly or monthly basis, over time you will develop strong relationships, typically with other volunteers and staff members.

Regular volunteers may get these benefits to a greater degree than people who volunteer infrequently. Consider this: Handing out water at a fundraising run in April and then helping in an orphanage in November is surely easier to squeeze into a activities aren't as likely to help you build relationships over time.

There are benefits and drawbacks to every type of volunteering. For example, volunteering once in a while is often easy to schedule and is something families or busy schedule than volunteering regularly in an office. But those more convenient friends can do together. However, volunteers who take part in occasionally may not feel very connected to the mission of the nonprofits they support or get to know many other volunteers.

Regularly volunteering, on the other hand, makes it more likely that you will develop a deep relationship to the cause and to other staff and volunteers. However, this kind of volunteering requires a longer-term and bigger time **commitment**. It can also become frustrating if the volunteer's duties aren't a good fit for them.

Still, if people are willing to work toward finding the right fit and making time in their schedules, volunteering on a regular basis can help **them** get more out of their efforts, including new friends and acquaintances.

Source: <https://theconversation.com/4-ways-that-volunteering-can-be-good-for-you-163336>

Question 34: Which of the following can be the best title for the passage?

- A. Making Friends with Volunteers B. Volunteer Activities
 C. Regular Volunteering D. Volunteer Applications

Question 35: Why might regular volunteers experience more benefits than infrequent ones?

- A. Because they have more free time.
 B. Because they receive better rewards.
 C. Because they build stronger relationships over time.
 D. Because they are better organizers.

Question 36: The word "**commitment**" in paragraph 4 is CLOSEST in meaning to _____.

- A. responsibility B. refusal C. organisation D. purpose

Question 37: The word "**them**" in paragraph 5 refers to _____.

- A. efforts B. schedules C. people D. friends

Question 38: Which of the following is NOT TRUE according to the passage?

- A. Occasional volunteering can be done together by families and friends
 B. People volunteering occasionally may not feel connected well with the purpose of the activities they do.
 C. Regular volunteering needs a long-term commitment.
 D. Regular volunteering cannot be frustrating.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Firstly, the most common reason for not volunteering is lack of free time (about half of Americans cite this as the main reason), and is that the volunteer schedules and commitments are too inflexible. Therefore, a possible solution is to make volunteering more accessible and automatic. If working parents

are volunteering, it is most likely at their kids' schools, which is a location **they** are already familiar with. Employers could encourage volunteerism on-site or in a **proximate** location. Organisations could be more flexible in the way they use volunteer work, including work that could be done at home, or during evening or weekend hours.

Secondly, another very common reason is that people don't have information about where to volunteer, or if they do, the jobs are not meaningful or purposeful. While motivation to volunteer can vary by age, with younger volunteers more motivated by future preparation (such as increasing skills, knowledge, and advancing careers) and older volunteers more likely to cite social values as a reason for volunteering, most people are motivated to volunteer by personal gratification and having a meaningful experience. A solution would be for organisations who use volunteers to make sure they are matching the skills and experience of their volunteers to the roles they have available. Making copies and coffee are certainly not meaningful to most. Some organisations have a short interview process where they discuss the background of the potential volunteer to closely match **it** to the needs they have.

Adapted from: <https://longevity.stanford.edu/three-reasons-why-people-dont-volunteer-and-what-can-be-done-about-it/>

Question 39: What is the main idea of the passage?

- A. The benefits of volunteering for personal growth and career development.
- B. Common reasons for not volunteering and potential solutions to encourage it.
- C. The importance of matching volunteer skills and experience to available roles.
- D. The motivation behind volunteering and how it varies by age.

Question 40: The word "**they**" in paragraph 1 refers to _____.

- A. employers
- B. schools
- C. kids
- D. working parents

Question 41: The word "**proximate**" in paragraph 1 is CLOSEST in meaning to _____.

- A. nearby
- B. clear
- C. fun
- D. meaningful

Question 42: How can the lack of free time for volunteering be solved?

- A. making copies and coffee for volunteers
- B. encouraging volunteerism at kids' schools for working parents
- C. letting parents work during evenings or weekends
- D. encouraging parents to volunteer with their children

Question 43: Why are younger volunteers often more motivated than older volunteers?

- A. Because they seek meaningful experiences.
- B. Because they are more focused on future preparation and career development.
- C. Because they prefer to volunteer at familiar places like kids' schools.
- D. Because they lack information about available volunteering opportunities.

Question 44: The word "**it**" in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

- A. volunteer
- B. process
- C. background
- D. interview

Question 45: Which of the following is NOT TRUE?

- A. Lack of free time is a common reason why one-third of Americans do not volunteer.
- B. Organisations should consider the skills and experience of volunteers when assigning roles.
- C. Volunteer work should be done more flexibly at home or during evening or weekend hours.
- D. Older volunteers are more likely to use social values as a reason for volunteering.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 46: The volunteers were cleaning the beach when we came.

- A. We came and the volunteers cleaned the beach.
- B. We came while the volunteers were cleaning the beach.
- C. The volunteers were cleaning the beach when we were coming.
- D. We came while the volunteers cleaned the beach.

Question 47: When we met them, they were helping the elderly at the local community centre.

- A. We met them while they were helping the elderly at the local community centre.

- B. We met them while they helped the elderly at the local community centre.
- C. They helped the elderly at the local community centre and met us.
- D. They wanted to meet us at the local community centre where they were working.

Question 48: Son found out about the charity event while he was volunteering at the food bank.

- A. Son volunteered at the food bank and he found out about the charity event
- B. Son was volunteering at the food bank and charity event
- C. Son was volunteering at the food bank when he found out about the charity event.
- D. Son volunteered at the food bank and charity event

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 49: Manh was volunteering at the animal shelter. He heard about the upcoming charity event.

- A. Manh was volunteering at the animal shelter when he heard about the upcoming charity event.
- B. Manh volunteered at the animal shelter and he heard about the upcoming charity event.
- C. Manh volunteered at the animal shelter while he was hearing about the upcoming charity event.
- D. Manh was volunteering at the animal shelter while he was hearing about the upcoming charity event.

Question 50: Duong was serving food at the charity event. She accidentally met her old friend.

- A. Duong served food at the charity event while she accidentally met her old friend.
- B. Duong was serving food at the charity event while she was accidentally meeting her old friend
- C. Duong served food at the charity event with accidentally meeting her old friend.
- D. While Duong was serving food at the charity event, she accidentally met her old friend.