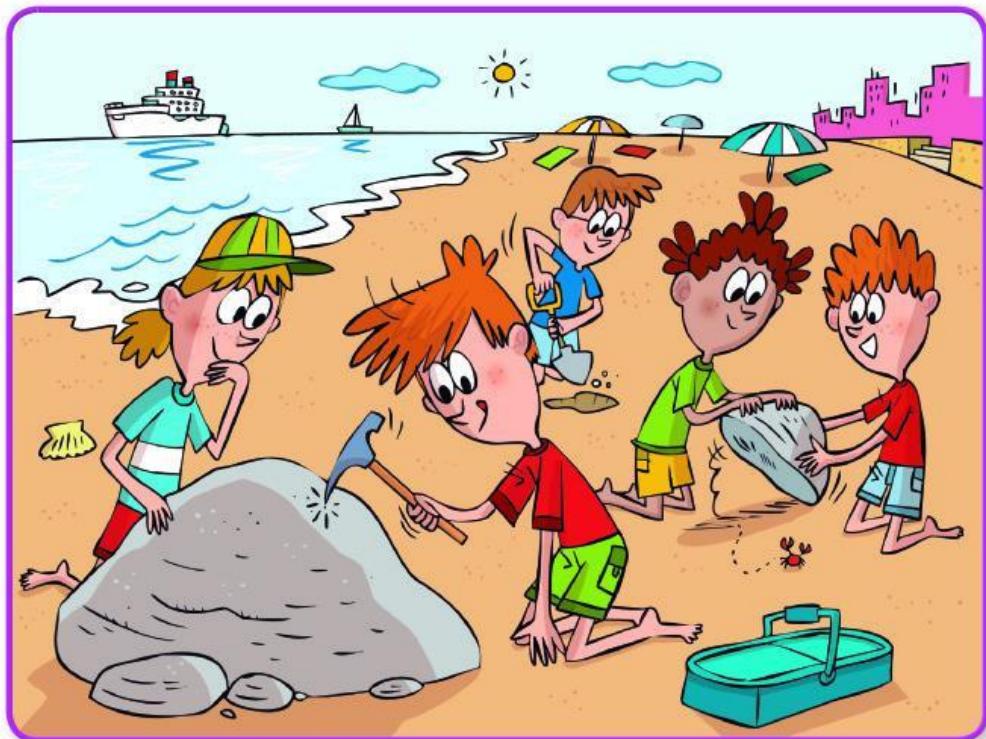


Topic 5

Name:

★ Read the story. Choose a word from the box. Write the correct word next to numbers 1–5. There is one example.



mammals (example) ate sand had wanted was eating
had found bacteria beach was wanting was finding

William has been learning about fossils and large prehistoric **mammals** in his science class at school. Last week, his teacher decided to take the class to a special (1) where they could look for fossils. William was very excited. He had never found a fossil before.

“Look carefully, and you might find small ammonites or trilobites,” said Mrs. Thomas. The children looked under rocks, they dug holes in the (2) and they climbed up the cliffs. But by lunchtime, nobody (3) anything. “Don’t worry, children. Let’s have lunch now,” said Mrs. Thomas.

Name:

William was feeling sad. Before the start of the day, he (4) to find a fossil, but now he just felt tired. He climbed onto a large, limestone rock where he could have his lunch by himself. He (5) his sandwich when suddenly he saw something below in the sand. When he looked more closely, it was a small ammonite, 100 million years old!

(6) Now choose the best name for the story.

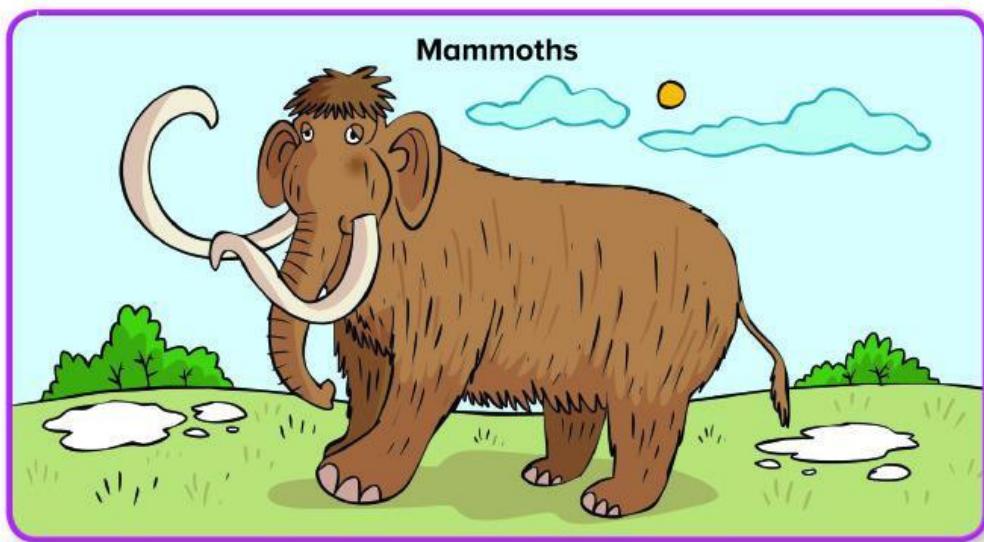
Mark (✓) one box.

Prehistoric creatures

William's amazing ammonite

A science class

★ Read the text. Choose the right words and write them on the lines.



- Example Woolly mammoths lived **on** Earth three to four million
- 7 years ago and **extinct** about 10,000 years ago.
- 8 However, a small number of mammoths **lived** on an island near Siberia only became extinct 4,000 years ago. After moving
- 9 north from Africa, **mammoths** lived in the far northern
- 10 areas of Asia, Europe and North America. They **close**ly related to today's Asian elephants but they were much larger.
- 11 They had a **coat** of hair that kept them warm in freezing cold temperatures. They had small ears, short tails and thick skin
- 12 **heat** loss. They used their long curved tusks for
- 13 **dig** through snow to reach the grass and plants below.
- 14 Mammoths lived **until** they were about seventy years old.
- 15 They probably died when they **lost** their teeth and weren't able to eat. Later, when humans moved into their areas, they began hunting
- 16 mammoths for food. Scientists **know** don't know if humans hunted them to extinction.

Name:

Example	in	on	at
7	went	were going	have gone
8	what	that	who
9	every	each	most
10	are	were	have been
11	thickest	thickly	thick
12	to prevent	prevents	preventing
13	dig	to dig	digging
14	until	during	while
15	lost	were losing	used to lose
16	still	anymore	yet