Grammar 2

Relative clauses

Read about relative clauses.

Relative clauses give us more information about the subject or the object of a sentence. They are introduced by the following relative pronouns: who, whom, which, that, where, why, when, whose.

The little girl who/that I look after during the day is adopted.

The laundry which/that is in the basket is filthy.

That's the place where my father met my stepmother.

That is the reason why Joe is grumbling.

That was the time when I had an argument with my brother.

This is the woman whose daughter does our housework.

Defining and non-defining relative clauses

- A defining relative clause gives us important information which we need in order to understand the meaning of the main clause. The chore which/that I hate most is the washing-up. (The sentence would not make sense without which/that I hate most.)
- When who, whom, that and which are the objects of a defining relative clause, they can be omitted
 - The men who/that I invited to the get-together are my uncles.
 - The men I invited to the get-together are my uncles.
- A non-defining relative clause gives us extra information which we do not need in order to understand the meaning of the main clause. We must use commas to separate a non-defining relative clause from the main clause.
 Molly, who often gossips, doesn't get along with her peers.
- We cannot use that in a non-defining relative clause and we cannot omit the relative pronoun.

Prepositions in relative clauses

- Prepositions usually come at the end of the relative clause. They can also come before the relative pronoun, but this makes the sentence sound very formal.
 His books about relationships, for which he is famous, sell very well. (very formal)
- His books about relationships, which he is famous for, sell very well. (more common)
 We cannot use a preposition before who or that.
 We can use one before whom, but that makes
- the sentence sound very formal.

 The woman who/that I was talking to is my wife.
 The woman to whom I was talking is my wife.

 (very formal)
- When the preposition is before the relative pronoun, we cannot omit the relative pronoun even if it is the object of the relative clause.
 Is this the project which/that you won the prize for?
 Is this the project you won the prize for?
 Is this the project for which you won the prize?

(which cannot be omitted)

- 2 Read these sentences and underline the relative clauses. Which sentence means that the speaker:
 - has more than one brother and that the one who has written a book lives in Scotland?
 - only has one brother and that he has written a book and lives in Scotland?
 - a My brother, who has written a book on personal relationships, lives in Scotland.
 - b My brother who has written a book on personal relationships lives in Scotland.

Read 1.4-1.7 of the Grammar Reference before you do the tasks.

3 Circle the correct words.

Learning about relationships

The book *Impression Management*, ¹ which / that is about the different relationships between people, was written by Barry R Schlenker, ² whom / who is an American professor. The main reason ³ why / which Schlenker wrote the book was because he felt that people should have more information about relationships.

The main idea of the book, ⁴ who / which argues that people try to control how others see them in almost every social relationship, was not particularly popular in 1980, ⁵ where / when the book was first published. However, in the universities and colleges ⁶ where / that the book was taught, there were many students ⁷ that / whom felt that Schlenker's thoughts on relationships were important ones ⁸ that / to which people should learn about and discuss. Much of the support ⁹ - / where the book received, ¹⁰ for which / that Schlenker was very thankful, came from his own students. He was also very thankful to his wife, parents and colleagues ¹¹ - / whose advice and encouragement helped him greatly. At the beginning of the book, Schlenker says that it was these people and these relationships ¹² why / which made the production of *Impression Management* possible.



