

SECOND-MIDTERM - TEST 1**Môn: Tiếng Anh – Lớp 7 Bộ sách: Global Success****Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút****I. LISTENING (2.5 pts)****PART 1: Listen to a short talk about traffic problems and answer each question with NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS or A NUMBER. You will hear TWICE. (1.0 pt)****(NB) Question 1:** How do most people in big cities travel?
_____**(TH) Question 2:** What problem does traffic cause during rush hours?
_____**(NB) Question 3:** How many motorbikes are there in Hanoi?
_____**(VD) Question 4:** What is another way (besides using public transport) to reduce traffic jams?

In big cities, **most people travel by motorbikes and cars**, especially during busy hours. However, traffic becomes a serious problem during **rush hours**, as roads are filled with too many vehicles. For example, **Hanoi has over 5 million motorbikes**, making the streets extremely crowded. This causes delays and increases air pollution. To solve this issue, **people should use public transport more often**, such as buses or metro trains. Walking or cycling is also a good option. It helps reduce traffic jams and protect the environment. People should also avoid traveling during peak times and follow traffic rules to make the roads safer for everyone.

PART 2: Listen to the talk twice and choose A, B, C, or D according to what you have just heard. (1.5 pts) 120-140W**(NB) Question 5:** Why does the speaker prefer watching films at home?

- A. The picture is clearer
- B. The sound is louder
- C. It is more relaxing
- D. It is more expensive

(NB) Question 6: What kind of films does the speaker dislike?

- A. Romantic films
- B. Horror films
- C. Animated films
- D. Action films

(TH) Question 7: Why does the speaker enjoy science fiction films?

- A. They are short and funny
- B. They have amazing effects
- C. They are about animals
- D. They show cooking tips

(TH) Question 8: What makes the speaker feel nervous?

- A. Watching sad stories
- B. Going to the cinema alone
- C. Watching horror films
- D. Sitting near strangers

(TH) Question 9: Why does the speaker prefer watching science fiction films to horror films?

- A. Because they are too short and boring
- B. Because they are interesting and have special effects
- C. Because they make him feel nervous
- D. Because he only watches them at the cinema

(VD) Question 10: What is the main idea of the talk?

- A. Tips for choosing a good cinema
- B. A favorite hobby and film preference
- C. Reasons to avoid horror films
- D. The future of science fiction films

Hello everyone! Today, I want to talk about my favorite activity—watching films. I usually watch films at home because it's more comfortable and I can relax on the sofa. However, sometimes I go to the cinema, especially when there is a new exciting movie. I really love science fiction films. They are interesting, full of amazing special effects, and often tell stories about space, robots, or future worlds. Some of my favorite films are about space adventures and new technology. On the other hand, I don't like horror films because they are too scary and make me feel nervous. This weekend, I'm going to the cinema with my best friend. We'll watch a science fiction movie. It starts at 7:00 PM tomorrow evening. I'm really excited!

II. LANGUAGE (2.5 pts)

PART 1: Read the following advertisement/ announcement and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 11 to 15. (1.25 pts)

LET'S ENJOY GREAT FILMS THIS WEEKEND!

Are you looking for something fun to do this weekend? Come to our school film club! We are showing some of the most ____ (11) movies of the year.

 On Saturday evening, we will show *The Green Earth*, a ____ (12) about the environment. It will make you think deeply about your daily habits.

 On Sunday, enjoy the comedy *Fun in the City*. Many people said it was ____ (13) because they couldn't stop laughing.

Some students didn't like the horror movie last week. ____ (14) it was popular, they thought it was too scary.

They plan to come again this weekend. ____ (15), they don't like comedies very much.

(NB) Question 11:

- A. enjoyable B. enjoyment C. enjoy D. enjoyably

(NB) Question 12:

- A. science fiction B. documentary C. comedy D. thriller

(NB) Question 13:

- A. dull B. funny C. violent D. shocking

(TH) Question 14:

- A. Because B. Although C. However D. If

(TH) Question 15:

- A. Because B. However C. Although D. But

PART 2: Read the following leaflet and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 16 to 20. (1.25 points)

Let's Celebrate Together!

Festivals are exciting and fun for people of all ages. Do you know which festival people enjoy the most in Vietnam?

During the Mid-Autumn Festival, (16) _____ children make lanterns and watch lion dances? Yes, they do! It's a joyful time to celebrate with family.

Moon cakes are popular treats. Many children love (17) _____ them with green tea. Some families also prepare fruits and light candles.

At Easter, children enjoy searching for (18) _____ in the garden. These are usually colorful and made of chocolate.

Do people (19) _____ special food at Thanksgiving in the USA? Yes, they eat turkey and have a big meal together.

Festivals are not just about food or decorations. They also bring people closer and help us understand (20) _____.

(TH) Question 16:

- A. Do B. doing C. Does D. done

(NB) Question 17:

- A. eats B. eating C. eat D. ate

(NB) Question 18:

- A. moon cakes B. lanterns C. chocolate eggs D. fireworks

(NB) Question 19:

- A. does cook B. cook C. are cooking D. cooked

(VD) Question 20:

- A. different cultures B. expensive clothes
C. modern technology D. difficult subjects

C. READING (2.5 points)

PART 1: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 21 to 25.(1.25 pts)

Traffic in Big Cities

Traffic in big cities is a serious problem for many people. Streets are often crowded, especially during the morning and evening. To (21) _____ traffic jams, many people use buses, trains, or metro lines. These public vehicles help reduce the number of personal motorbikes and cars on the street.

To manage traffic better, some cities (22) _____ more flyovers and expand roads. They also place traffic lights and signs in busy areas to help control vehicle flow. Drivers and riders must (23) _____ traffic rules like stopping at red lights and wearing helmets.

Even with all these efforts, traffic (24) _____ still happen every day. Some drivers do not follow the rules or drive too fast. That's why it is important to be (25) _____ on the road to stay safe and avoid accidents.

(Adapted from: Global 7 workbook)

(TH) Question 21:

- A. avoid crowded streets
- B. reduce traffic jams
- C. cause heavy traffic
- D. increase the number

(NB) Question 22:

- A. constructs
- B. construct
- C. constructed
- D. constructing

(NB) Question 23:

- A. follow
- B. follows
- C. followed
- D. following

(NB) Question 24:

- A. signs and signals
- B. roads and lanes
- C. accidents and crashes
- D. vehicles and bikes

(TH) Question 25:

- A. careful and alert
- B. lazy and slow
- C. sleepy and tired
- D. loud and fast

PART 2: Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 26 to 30. (1.25 pt)

Why Do People Celebrate Festivals?

Festivals are celebrated in many countries around the world. They bring people together to enjoy culture, delicious food, music, and special traditions. Some festivals, such as Thanksgiving and Diwali, focus on showing gratitude and spending time with loved ones. Others, like Carnival or Holi, are full of color, joy, and exciting activities. People dress up, dance, sing, and share meals with friends and family.

Festivals are also a great way to learn more about different customs and traditions. Whether people celebrate for religious, cultural, or social reasons, these occasions help create happy memories. They give everyone a chance to relax, enjoy life, and feel connected to one another.

That's why festivals play an important role in human life. They not only bring fun and entertainment but also remind us of the values we share as a community.

(Adapted from: Global 7 workbook)

(NB) Question 26: What do festivals bring people together to enjoy?

- A. Clothes, fashion, and sports
- B. Traditions, songs, and photos
- C. Culture, food, music, and traditions
- D. Weather, travel, and shopping

(NB) Question 27: What do people often do during festivals?

- A. Go to school and take exams
- B. Travel alone to quiet places
- C. Prepare food and join activities
- D. Work overtime in their offices

(NB) Question 28: What do people wear at festivals?

- A. Sports shoes
- B. School uniforms
- C. Special clothes
- D. Business suits

(TH) Question 29: According to the passage, why are festivals meaningful to people?

- A. Because they are only for religious purposes
- B. Because they make people forget about school

- C. Because they help families avoid problems
- D. Because they connect people and cultures

(VD) Question 30: What can be inferred from the last sentence of the passage?

- A. Festivals are mainly for fun and entertainment
- B. Festivals remind us of shared values and traditions
- C. Festivals stop people from learning new things
- D. Festivals are celebrated only by old people

IV. WRITING (2.5 pts)

PART 1: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct arrangement of the sentences to make a meaningful paragraph in each of the following questions. (0.5 pt)

(TH) Question 31

- a. Lan: Never mind. Another time, perhaps.
- b. Nam: Oh, I'm sorry, but I can't. I have to visit my grandparents today.
- c. Lan: Nam, there's an art exhibition near my school. Let's go to see it this afternoon.
- d. Nam: That sounds great, but I'm really busy.

- A. c – d – b – a
- B. a – c – b – d
- C. c – b – d – a
- D. d – c – b – a

(VD) Question 32

- a. I'm thinking of writing about how festivals help us stay connected with our traditions.
- b. That sounds like a great idea. Which festival are you planning to write about?
- c. I'm not sure yet. Maybe Tet or the Mid-Autumn Festival.
- d. What's the topic of your writing task?
- e. I think it's important to write about meaningful topics.

- A. d – a – b – c – e
- B. a – d – c – e – b
- C. d – a – c – b – e
- D. a – c – b – d – e

PART 2: Combine each pair of sentences to make one sentence, using the words given in brackets. (1pt)

(TH) Question 33:

My house is 5 km away. The post office is 5 km away. (*HOW FAR*)

(TH) Question 34:

The film was boring. I watched it until the end. (*so*)

(VD) Question 35:

He joined the Halloween party. He wore a scary costume. (*Did*)

(VD) Question 36:

They ride their bikes dangerously. That is not safe. (*SHOULDN'T*)

PART 3: Write a paragraph (about 60 - 80 words) about a festival you know. The following cues below might help you. (1.0 pt)

USEFUL LANGUAGE:

- Traditional festival
- Celebrated in (place) / on (date)
- Enjoy delicious food
- Take part in special activities
- Watch performances / fireworks

OUTLINE:

Introduction: Name of the festival and location.

Body:

- Time of the festival
- Activities people do (eating, dancing, playing games, etc.)
- Special things about the festival

Conclusion: Why do you like the festival?

Writing sample:

There are many festivals in my country, but my favorite is **Tet Festival**. It is the most important holiday in **Vietnam** and is celebrated in **late January or early February**.

During Tet, families clean and decorate their houses, prepare special foods like **banh chung**, and visit relatives. People also give **lucky money** to children and watch **fireworks** on New Year's Eve.

I love Tet because it is a **joyful time** when families gather, and I can enjoy delicious food. It is the best festival of the year!

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Đề xuất chấm bài viết

Giáo viên cho điểm mỗi thành phần ứng với mức độ nhận thức học sinh đạt được.

Tổng: 1 điểm	Nhận biết	Thông hiểu	Vận dụng
Nội dung (0,4đ)	(0,2đ) - Trả lời ở mức tối thiểu yêu cầu của bài. Bài viết có câu chủ đề và các thành phần cơ bản. - Viết được một số ý chính nhưng có chỗ diễn đạt không rõ, bị lặp ý, không liên quan, gây khó hiểu cho người đọc.	(0,3đ) - Trả lời được cơ bản yêu cầu của bài. Bài viết có câu chủ đề. Các thành phần cơ bản đều được phát triển, đôi khi có chỗ phát triển chưa cân xứng. - Viết được cơ bản đủ ý chính. Có một vài ý không liên quan, gây khó hiểu cho người đọc. - Có đôi chỗ dẫn chứng còn chưa phù hợp.	(0,4đ) - Trả lời đầy đủ yêu cầu của bài. Bài viết có câu chủ đề. Các thành phần cơ bản được phát triển kỹ, logic, cân xứng. - Đủ ý, các ý thống nhất, có liên quan chặt chẽ. - Dẫn chứng hay và thuyết phục.
Tổ chức thông tin và tính liên kết (0,2đ)	(0,1đ) - Thông tin bị lặp và ảnh hưởng đến diễn đạt. - Sắp xếp ý thiếu logic, thiếu tính liên kết. - Ít sử dụng hoặc sử dụng lặp các phương tiện kết	(0,15đ) - Thông tin còn bị lặp. - Sắp xếp các ý có logic, có tính liên kết, mặc dù tính mạch lạc giữa các câu còn thấp hoặc máy móc.	(0,2đ) - Thông tin không bị lặp. - Sắp xếp ý logic, mạch lạc cao. Bài viết có tổng thể hài hòa, trôi chảy, uyển chuyển, tự nhiên. - Sử dụng đa dạng và

	nối, hoặc sử dụng các phương tiện kết nối chưa chính xác.	- Sử dụng các phương tiện kết nối tuy còn đơn giản nhưng đúng nghĩa.	chính xác các phương tiện kết nối.
Từ vựng (0,2đ)	(0,1đ) - Từ vựng liên quan đến chủ đề hạn chế, lặp, hoặc không phù hợp. - Dạng từ, chính tả còn viết sai, gây hiểu lầm hoặc khó chịu cho người đọc.	(0,15đ) - Từ vựng tạm đủ để diễn đạt thông tin liên quan đến chủ đề. Một số chỗ dùng từ chưa phù hợp hoặc viết sai dạng từ. - Còn mắc một số lỗi sai về dạng từ và chính tả gây khó khăn cho người đọc.	(0,2đ) - Từ vựng phong phú liên quan đến chủ đề, diễn đạt tự nhiên. Dùng từ phù hợp, chính xác. - Sử dụng đa dạng các từ đồng nghĩa, trái nghĩa, kết hợp từ, thành ngữ... - Rất ít lỗi về dạng từ, và chính tả.
Ngữ pháp (0,2đ)	(0,1đ) - Sử dụng cấu trúc câu đơn giản. - Mắc nhiều lỗi sai về ngữ pháp và chấm câu, gây khó hiểu cho người đọc.	(0,15đ) - Sử dụng các cấu trúc câu khác nhau. - Có khá nhiều lỗi sai về ngữ pháp và chấm câu, đôi chỗ gây khó hiểu cho người đọc.	(0,2đ) - Sử dụng đa dạng, linh hoạt cấu trúc câu. - Còn một vài lỗi nhỏ về ngữ pháp và chấm câu, người đọc vẫn thấy dễ hiểu.