

TEST YOURSELF 2

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

1. a. <u>tolerant</u>	b. <u>backdrop</u>	c. <u>remote</u>	d. <u>dogsled</u>
2. a. <u>behavior</u>	b. <u>habit</u>	c. <u>tramway</u>	d. <u>cashew</u>
3. a. <u>reward</u>	b. <u>sewage</u>	c. <u>wealthy</u>	d. <u>wonder</u>
4. a. <u>computer</u>	b. <u>uniform</u>	c. <u>contribute</u>	d. <u>monument</u>
5. a. <u>constructs</u>	b. <u>equips</u>	c. <u>travels</u>	d. <u>develops</u>

II. Choose the word that has the main stress placed differently from the others.

1. a. <u>envious</u>	b. <u>astonished</u>	c. <u>suburban</u>	d. <u>defensive</u>
2. a. <u>household</u>	b. <u>tunnel</u>	c. <u>igloo</u>	d. <u>respect</u>
3. a. <u>flyover</u>	b. <u>skytrain</u>	c. <u>rubber</u>	d. <u>success</u>
4. a. <u>opportunity</u>	b. <u>administrative</u>	c. <u>possibility</u>	d. <u>university</u>
5. a. <u>medium</u>	b. <u>dangerous</u>	c. <u>picturesque</u>	d. <u>obvious</u>

III. Underline the words in **bold** that should be stressed in the following sentences.

1. A: What **are** you looking **for**?

B: My lipstick. I left it **on** the table but **I don't** see it anywhere now.

A: **Are** you sure? I saw you put it **into** your bag.

B: **Did** I? Oh, here it **is**.

2. A: **Have** you ever read The Little Prince?

B: No, I **haven't**. But I've read Totto-Chan: **The** Little Girl at **the** Window.

A: **Is** it the book that you told me **about** last week?

B: Yes, it **is**. **Look**! This is its cover.

3. A: I think you should go over your essay once more time before handing it in.

B: What's wrong **with** it?

A: You should take out "**evidence**". It **isn't** a correct word.

B: Thank you. Let me check.

4. A: Where **is** it?

B: Mui Dien Cape. It's **by** the sea.

A: I heard that it's **a** tourist attraction.

B: It **is**. I was mesmerized by its beauty.

IV. Complete the sentences with the words from the box.

thatched	citadel	pilgrims	obesity	spectacular
relieved	facilities	picturesque	pedestrian	underpasses

1. Hundreds of thousands of _____ flock to Jerusalem every year.

2. Vietnamese students used to study in classrooms with _____ roofs.

3. He was _____ to see Jeannie reach the other side of the river safely.

4. Hue _____ is situated on the northern bank of the Perfume River.
5. Hoi An is a _____ ancient port town, with an old quarter that dates back to the 15th century.
6. The hotel offers good sporting _____, including a 50 meters swimming pool.
7. A diet that is high in fat and sugar can lead to _____.
8. We can build more, _____ to improve the traffic flow.
9. Elevated walkways are built to improve _____ safety.
10. We had a _____ view of Megan's Bay on the tour!

V. Choose the best answer a, b, c or d to complete the sentence.

VI. Write the correct form or tense of the verbs in brackets.

1. By the time Alex finished his studies, he _____ (be) in London for over eight years.
2. At the moment the population of the world _____ (grow) at an increasing rate.
3. It _____ (claim) that some doctors were working 80 hours a week.
4. My mother suggested I _____ (throw) away some of the stuff in my closet.
5. While we _____ (do) the maths test, the fire alarm _____ (go) off.
6. I wish I _____ (earn) enough money to travel around the world.
7. She _____ (not set) foot in Ho Chi Minh City since she graduated from University of Economy.
8. They said they _____ (live) in Chicago for six years.
9. She suggested _____ (travel) together for safety, since the area was so dangerous.
10. It's hard for me _____ (concentrate) on working in such a noisy office.

VII. Write the correct form of the words in brackets.

1. _____ is a state whereby one is unable to read and write. (literate)
2. Show teenagers that you respect their _____ by knocking on their bedroom door. (private)
3. Reality TV has been a very successful form of mass _____. (entertain)
4. The _____ needs to know what rocks the drill has reached. (geology)
5. It's difficult to _____ with a negative people who will do nothing to help themselves. (sympathy)
6. The Eiffel Tower in Paris is an instantly _____ landmark. (recognize)
7. She pretends that she knows all about the latest films and art _____, but it's all a pose. (exhibit)
8. The company produces computers in _____ with a German firm. (cooperate)
9. He is a pleasant child, but often rowdy, _____ and rough with others. (obey)
10. My biggest weakness was my lack of sympathy or _____ for incompetence. (tolerate)

VIII. Mark the letter a, b, c or d to indicate that underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

1. The doctor suggested that she does exercises regularly and go to bed as early as possible.

A B C D

2. I wish I can set foot on every corner of Vietnam when I reach 40.

A B C D

3. They are getting used to eating alone as their parents often come home lately.

A B C D

4. It is expected that there has been more than 5 million international tourists to visit Ha Long

A B C D

Bay this year.

5. I used to having a very bad argument with my Maths teacher when I was at high school.

A B C D

6. In spite of his dropped out of Harvard in 1975, Bill Gates managed to found Microsoft with his
A B C
childhood friend.
D

7. The number of milk tea shops has increased considerable in Ho Chi Minh City during the last
A B C D
two years.

8. If time had turned back, I would enjoy my childhood in the most fabulous way.
A B C D

9. No matter how hardly I tried, I couldn't understand the meaning of the story.
A B C D

10. Vietnamese young people prefer eating out to cook the meals on their own.
A B C D

IX. Match sentences.

A	B
1. Why do we need to preserve the natural wonders of Vietnam?	a. I suggest using public transportation every day.
2. How can we know the schedule of the metro?	b. I don't like the idea and I think the extended one is the best.
3. You really must come over Thien Mu Pagoda after visiting Hue Citadel.	c. Thank you. I will.
4. What should we do to reduce the air pollution in Saigon?	d. Use a bike or take the bus.
5. What do you think about nuclear families?	e. That's good to know.
6. I really hope you have a good time in Saigon.	f. Google it!
7. What is the best way to get around?	g. To ensure that the future generation can also see and experience them.
8. What would happen if we didn't preserve our traditions?	h. Our cultural identities would be lost.

X. Choose the correct answers to complete the passage.

As I remember, (1)_____ in the 50s and 60s, Ha Noi was not as crowded as it is today. Bicycles and cyclos were the main means of transport and the few motorbikes that were around were (2)_____ by rich people. It was rare to see cars or jeeps.

Meanwhile, the tram was the only method of public transport. An old tram station is now home (3) several retail outlets that look out over the lake in Dinh Tien Hoang Street.

At that time, Hanoians always travelled by tram, not only for its (4)_____ but also the price. For just five cents you could travel one-way to its terminus in the former Ha Dong Province, (5)_____ is now part of the expanded Ha Noi.

I still remember on (6)_____ from school, my friends and I would go to the lake to catch the tram to Botanical Garden. The sound, clang-clang, clang-clang could be regularly heard from early in the morning until late in the evening, come rain or (7)_____. Time, ... decades have passed, but there is still a clang (8)_____ in my mind from my childhood.

2. a. bought	b. owned	c. sold	d. proceeded
3. a. with	b. in	c. to	d. by
4. a. convenience	b. importance	c. comfort	d. condition
5. a. that	b. which	c. where	d. this
6. a. days out	b. out days	c. off days	d. days off
7. a. light	b. rise	c. shine	d. brighten
8. a. somewhat	b. somewhere	c. somehow	d. someway

XI. Read the text carefully. Decide if the statements are true (T) or false (F) and choose the correct answers.

The Temple of Literature was constructed in 1070 under Ly Thanh Tong's dynasty to honor Confucius at first and celebrate the doctorates and high rank scholars of Vietnam. In 1076, King Ly Nhan Tong continued the work and built Quoc Tu Giam as the first university of Vietnam.

The temple is divided into five court yards, each with its own significance and history. The first courtyard stretches from the main gate to Dai Trung gate. The second stands out with Khue Van Cac pavilion. The third courtyard is where doctors' names were engraved on stelae above tortoise backs. There are a total of 82 stelae, with names and origins of 1307 doctors, corresponding to 82 examination courses from 1442 to 1779. The fourth courtyard is dedicated for Confucius and his 72 honored students, as well as Chu Van An - a famous teacher known for his devotion to teaching. This is also where local authorities choose to honor outstanding students in Hanoi nowadays, like those with top entrance results to university or top graduation outcomes. The last and also furthest courtyard is Thai Hoc house, which used to be Quoc Tu Giam - the first university of Vietnam.

After more than 900 years of existence, the Temple of Literature is an example of well-preserved traditional Vietnamese architecture. Along the pass are 100-year-old trees that have witnessed the ups and downs of history.

1. The construction of the Temple of Literature took place in 1076.
2. Quoc Tu Giam is considered to be the first university of Vietnam.
3. The names and places of birth of doctors were carved on tortoise backs.
4. Chu Van An used to be a teacher at Quoc Tu Giam.
5. The Temple of Literature has now lost most of its traditional Vietnamese architecture.
6. What does the text mainly discuss?
 - a. The location of the Temple of Literature.
 - b. The origin of the Temple of Literature.
 - c. The structure of the Temple of Literature.
 - d. The first university of Vietnam.
7. The word "stelae" in the second paragraph is closest in meaning to _____.
 - a. tombstones
 - b. trophies
 - c. records
 - d. pillars
8. It can be inferred from the passage that _____.
 - a. Confucius was the first teacher of Quoc Tu Giam.
 - b. the Temple of Literature is an important historic site in Vietnam.
 - c. Quoc Tu Giam is located far away from the Temple of Literature.
 - d. Vietnamese people highly appreciate the talent of scholars.

XII. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence.

1. You should use less paper to protect the environment.

→ If I _____

2. There has been a sharp increase in the number of skyscrapers built in Hanoi this year.

→ The number of _____

3. He suggested visiting Moc Chau to learn about Thai and H'mong people.

→ What about _____

4. They believe that touching the head of a Buddha statue is a sign of disrespect.

→ It _____

5. It's a pity I can't get my visa extended.

→ I wish _____

6. "Please follow my instructions if you want to pass this module," my teacher said.

→ My teacher told me _____

7. They had been on board before he arrived at the airport.

→ As soon as _____

8. How long has you possessed that Chanel bag?

→ When _____

9. "Why do I have to conduct this research?" she asked me.

→ She asked me _____

10. He needs to talk to psychologist about his current situation.

→ It is _____