

REVIEW UNIT 7: TRAFFIC - TEST 2

Môn: Tiếng Anh – Lớp 7 **Bộ sách: Global Success**

Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút

I. LISTENING (2.5 pts)

PART 1: Listen to a short talk about road safety and answer each question with NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS or A NUMBER. (1.0 pt) 120-140W

(NB) Question 1. What is the talk mainly about?

→ _____

(TH) Question 2. What should you do before you cross the road?

→ _____

(NB) Question 3. What must cyclists wear for protection?

→ _____

(VD) Question 4. What will happen if drivers don't follow traffic lights?

→ _____

PART 2: Listen to the talk TWICE and choose A, B, C, or D according to what you have just heard. (1.5 pts)

(NB) Question 5: What is the main reason for many traffic accidents?

- A. People don't use zebra crossings
- B. People follow safety rules
- C. People ignore traffic rules
- D. People wait for the green light

(NB) Question 6: What should people do before crossing the street?

- A. Run across quickly without looking
- B. Use their phones while walking
- C. Stop and look left and right
- D. Shout for cars to stop

(TH) Question 7: What safety item is important for cyclists and motorbike riders?

- A. A school uniform
- B. A mobile phone

- C. A traffic light
- D. A helmet

(TH) Question 8: What is one reason for traffic congestion in cities?

- A. Not enough school buses
- B. Too many private vehicles
- C. Long traffic lights
- D. Pedestrians cross slowly

(VD) Question 9: What does the speaker say the government should do?

- A. Reduce the number of schools
- B. Stop people from using buses
- C. Build more roads and improve public transport
- D. Let students drive to school

(VD) Question 10: What is the main idea of the talk?

- A. Ways to have fun while riding bikes
- B. The causes and solutions of traffic problems
- C. How to become a bus driver
- D. Road signs and their meanings

II. LANGUAGE (2.5 pts)

PART 1: Read the following advertisement/ announcement and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 11 to 15. (1.25 pts)

SAFE TRAVEL FOR STUDENTS!

Going to school every day is a part of our life. But how can we stay safe on the road? Let's follow these simple tips to make your journey safer!

1 Choose the Right Transport:

Some students walk, others go by bike or take a bus. Make sure your transport is safe and clean. If you ride a bike, check the brakes and ___(11) before leaving.

2 Be Aware of Road Signs:

Traffic signs are very important. They tell us where to go or stop. Students must learn the ___(12) and signs for crossing the street safely.

3 Wear Safety Equipment:

Wearing a helmet is a smart choice. A good helmet ___(13) help you avoid serious injuries.

4 Follow the Rules:

You ___(14) follow traffic rules even if you're just walking. Safety comes first!

5 Know the Distance:

It ___(15) not very far from my house to school, only about 500 meters.

(NB) Question 11:

A. tire B. tires C. tireless D. tiring

(NB) Question 12:

A. signals B. pens C. buses D. roads

(NB) Question 13:

A. cannot B. can C. can't D. could

(TH) Question 14:

A. should B. shouldn't C. mustn't D. can't

(TH) Question 15:

A. were B. are C. has D. is

PART 2: Read the following leaflet and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 16 to 20. (1.25 pts)

Let's Make Travel Safer for Everyone!

Road safety is very important, especially for students. Every year, many children are hurt in (16) _____. For this reason, we must take action now.

First, we should (17) _____ basic safety rules such as wearing a helmet, looking both ways before crossing, and walking on the pavement.

To help more people understand, we can organize events to raise (18) _____ about traffic dangers and safe behaviours.

Our "Walk to School" campaign (19) _____ this Saturday and hopes to reduce the number of cars near schools.

Remember: safe streets are not only for drivers. They are a (20) _____ goal for students, parents, and the community.

(NB) Question 16:

A. house B. beach C. traffic D. road

(TH) Question 17:

A. learn B. go C. follow D. obey

(NB) Question 18:

A. bicycle B. awareness C. vehicle D. traffic

(TH) Question 19:

A. will begin B. will be C. will understand D. will do

(NB) Question 20:

A. shared B. public C. nice D. free

III. READING (2.5 pts)**PART 1: Read the passage and complete the blanks with A, B, C, or D. (1.25 pts)****Traffic Safety in Vietnam**

Vietnam is a developing country with many traffic problems. Roads are often (21) _____, especially during rush hours when people go to work and school. Many people ride (22) _____ because they are cheaper and faster than cars, making them the most popular form of transport. However, traffic congestion can still happen, especially in big cities like Hanoi and Ho Chi Minh City.

To reduce accidents, the government has introduced strict safety rules. Wearing (23) _____ is required by law for all motorbike riders to protect them in case of an accident. However, some people still ignore (24) _____, which can cause dangerous crashes at busy intersections.

To improve road safety, the government has built more (25) _____ and pedestrian crossings to help people travel more safely. Following traffic rules and being responsible on the road are the best ways to make transportation in Vietnam safer for everyone.

(Adapted from: Futurelang 7)

(TH) Question 21:

A. empty B. crowded C. clean D. quiet

(NB) Question 22:

A. trains B. buses C. motorbikes D. cars

(NB) Question 23:

A. a hat B. sunglasses C. a helmet D. a raincoat

(NB) Question 24:

A. traffic light B. traffic lights C. traffic D. lights

(TH) Question 25:

A. parks B. schools C. lakes D. roads

Part 2: Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 26 to 30. (1.25 pts)

Who Are the Best Drivers?

A recent study shows that older drivers are usually safer than younger ones because they have more experience and tend to be more careful. In contrast, young men have the highest accident rates, mainly because they drive too fast and take more risks. Speeding and reckless driving are common problems among young male drivers.

Interestingly, research suggests that passengers can influence driving behavior. When young men drive with their friends, they often become more reckless as they try to impress them or take unnecessary risks. However, when their girlfriends or wives are in the car, they tend to drive more carefully to ensure safety.

This study highlights the fact that passengers can affect driving behavior, making drivers either more responsible or more dangerous, depending on the situation. Understanding these influences can help improve road safety and reduce accidents.

(Adapted from: Futurelang 7)

(NB) Question 26: Who are the safest drivers?

- A. Young men
- B. Young women
- C. Older drivers
- D. Teenagers

(NB) Question 27: Why do young men have more accidents?

- A. They drive too fast.
- B. They are inexperienced.
- C. They use mobile phones.
- D. They always wear helmets.

(NB) Question 28: How do young men drive when their friends are in the car?

- A. More carefully
- B. More recklessly
- C. More slowly
- D. More safely

(TH) Question 29: Who makes young men drive more carefully?

- A. Their friends
- B. The police
- C. Their girlfriends or wives
- D. Their teachers

(VD) Question 30: What does the passage say about passengers?

- A. They don't influence drivers.
- B. They can affect driving behavior.
- C. They make drivers more dangerous.
- D. They cause accidents.

IV. WRITING (2.5 pts)

PART 1: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct arrangement of the sentences to make a meaningful paragraph. (0.5 pt)

(TH) Question 31

- a. Nam: Do you go by bus or ride a bike?
- b. Mai: It's about three kilometers.
- c. Nam: How far is it from your house to school, Mai?
- d. Mai: I ride my bike. It's good for my health, and I enjoy it.

- A. c – b – a – d
- B. a – c – d – b
- C. c – a – b – d
- D. b – a – d – c

(VD) Question 32

- a. Tuan: Yesterday I saw a man riding a motorbike without a helmet.
- b. Linh: Agreed. People should follow traffic rules to stay safe.
- c. Tuan: Yes. I think there should be more police checking traffic violations.
- d. Linh: That's really unsafe. He could have gotten badly injured in an accident.
- e. Tuan: Absolutely. Wearing helmets and seatbelts saves lives.

- A. c – a – b – d – e
- B. d – e – a – c – b
- C. a – d – c – b – e
- D. b – a – e – d – c

PART 2: Combine each pair of sentences to make one sentence, using the words given in brackets. (1 pt)

(TH) Question 33:

My house is 3 km away. The supermarket is 3 km away. (**HOW FAR**)

.....

(TH) Question 34:

The railway station is about 8 km away. The airport is about 8 km away. (**DISTANCE**)

.....

(VD) Question 35:

You don't wear a seatbelt. You drive a car. (**SHOULD**)

.....

(VD) Question 36:

They cross the street without looking. That is dangerous. (**SHOULDN'T**)

.....

PART 3: Write a paragraph (60-80 words) about your favourite means of transport. The following cues below might help you. (1.0 pt)

USEFUL LANGUAGE:

- My favourite means of transport is...
- I like it because...
- I often use it to...
- It is very (cheap / fast / convenient / safe)...
- In my opinion, it is the best way to...

OUTLINE:

1. Topic Sentence:

- Introduce your favourite means of transport.

2. Supporting Ideas:

- Give reasons why you like it (safety, speed, environment, cost...).
- Describe how often or when you use it.

3. Conclusion:

- Give a personal opinion or restate why it is your favourite.

WRITING EXAMPLE:

My favourite means of transport is the bicycle. I like riding my bike because it is cheap, good for my health, and friendly to the environment. I usually use it to go to school and visit my friends at the weekend. It also helps me avoid traffic jams in big cities. In my opinion, cycling is the best way to travel short distances safely and comfortably.
