

REVIEW UNIT 5: NATURAL WONDERS OF VIETNAM- TEST 2

Môn: Tiếng Anh – Lớp 6 **Bộ sách: Global Success**
Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút

A. LISTENING: (2.0 points)

PART 1. Listen to the recording about **Sa Pa** and Circle A. True or B. False according to what you have just heard. You will listen to the recording TWICE. (1.0 point)

(NB) Question 1. Sa Pa is in the northwest of Vietnam.

- A. True
- B. False

(NB) Question 2. The weather in Sa Pa is hot all year round.

- A. True
- B. False

(NB) Question 3. Sa Pa is famous for its terraced rice fields and green valleys.

- A. True
- B. False

(NB) Question 4. Visitors can meet only the H'Mong people in Sa Pa.

- A. True
- B. False

(TH) Question 5. Fansipan Mountain is a popular place for trekking or taking the cable car.

- A. True
- B. False

PART 2. You will hear the recording about **Tam Dao** and circle the right answer (A, B, C, or D) for each of the questions according to what you have just heard. You will listen to the recording TWICE. (1.0 point)

(NB) Question 6. Where is Tam Dao?

- A. In Lao Cai Province
- B. In Vinh Phuc Province
- C. In Quang Ninh Province
- D. In Son La Province

(NB) Question 7. How far is Tam Dao from Hanoi's center?

- A. About 65 kilometers
- B. About 75 kilometers
- C. About 85 kilometers
- D. About 95 kilometers

(NB) Question 8. How can you travel to Tam Dao?

- A. By car or motorbike
- B. By plane or train
- C. Only by train
- D. Only by bus

(NB) Question 9. What local specialty can visitors enjoy in Tam Dao?

- A. Grilled pork
- B. Hill chicken
- C. Pho
- D. Banh cuon

(TH) Question 10. Why do people think Tam Dao is worth visiting?

- A. It has many shopping malls
- B. It has an amusement park
- C. It has natural beauty and peaceful atmosphere
- D. It has cheap services

B. KNOWLEDGE OF LANGUAGE: (1.6 points)

PART 1: Read the following advertisement/ announcement and mark the letter A, B, C and D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fit each of the numbered blanks (0.8 point)

EXPLORE MOUNT SON DOONG – THE WORLD'S LARGEST CAVE!

If you love adventure, Mount Son Doong in Quang Binh is a must-visit destination. To join the trip, you should prepare some important items such as a (11) _____, a torch, and waterproof clothes. Inside the cave, you will see underground rivers, giant rocks, and rare plants. The air here is fresher and (12) _____ than anywhere else. Visitors can enjoy buying (13) _____ local food from the nearby village before starting the journey. Remember, you (14) _____ follow the guide's instructions to stay safe and protect this natural wonder.

(NB) Question 11:

- A. sleeping bag
- B. backpack
- C. suncream
- D. scissors

(NB) Question 12:

- A. clean
- B. cleaner
- C. cleanest
- D. most clean

(NB) Question 13:

A. some B. much C. a little D. any

(TH) Question 14:

A. must B. mustn't C. could D. might

PART 2: Read the following leaflet and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks (0.8 point)

DISCOVER BAN GIOC WATERFALL!

Ban Gioc Waterfall in Cao Bang Province is one of the most spectacular natural wonders in Viet Nam. Surrounded by green mountains and rice fields, it is a perfect place for sightseeing and photography. To explore the area, bring a (15) _____ so you can find your way to the best viewing spots. The water here is (16) _____ and cooler than in most rivers, making it a refreshing stop on hot days. Local markets nearby sell (17) _____ tasty snacks and drinks for visitors. Please remember, you (18) _____ throw rubbish into the water to keep it clean.

(NB) Question 15:

A. torch B. compass C. plaster D. sleeping bag

(NB) Question 16:

A. clear B. clearer C. clearest D. most clear

(NB) Question 17:

A. some B. much C. a little D. any

(TH) Question 18:

A. must B. mustn't C. could D. may

C. READING: (3.0 points)

PART 1. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 19 to 24. (1.2 points) 110 từ.

Ba Be Lake, the largest natural lake in Vietnam, is located in a mountainous area about 250 km from Hanoi. After reaching the entrance of Ba Be National Park, visitors drive another 16 kilometers through lush landscapes to Pac Ngoi, a charming Tay ethnic minority village. Here, you can stay overnight in traditional stilt houses and experience the warm hospitality of the locals. The next day, a boat trip on the emerald-green lake offers stunning views of towering limestone mountains and tranquil waters. Along the way, you can explore mysterious caves, admire the Dau Dang Waterfall, and observe local communities going

about their daily life. Ba Be Lake is a peaceful retreat for those who love nature, culture, and adventure.

(Adapted from Futurelang 6)

(NB) Question 19. Ba Be Lake is located in _____.

- A. a coastal city
- B. a mountainous area
- C. the center of Hanoi
- D. the Mekong Delta

(NB) Question 20. The name of the village near Ba Be Lake is _____.

- A. Pac Ngoi
- B. Dau Dang
- C. Tay Son
- D. Ba Be

(NB) Question 21. Visitors can see _____ during a boat trip on Ba Be Lake.

- A. rice terraces and beaches
- B. limestone mountains and caves
- C. busy markets and bridges
- D. coral reefs and islands

(TH) Question 22. The word “hospitality” in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. kindness
- B. excitement
- C. adventure
- D. beauty

(TH) Question 23. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

- A. Visitors can only visit Ba Be Lake by road.
- B. Ba Be Lake is the smallest lake in Vietnam.
- C. Visitors can explore caves and waterfalls near the lake.
- D. The Tay people live far from Ba Be Lake.

(TH) Question 24. What is the main purpose of the passage?

- A. To introduce a famous cultural festival
- B. To describe a beautiful natural destination
- C. To explain the history of a lake
- D. To give directions to Ba Be National Park

PART 2. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions from 25 to 29. (1.0 point)

Tra Co Beach in Quang Ninh Province is 9 kilometers from Mong Cai. It has the longest coastline and is considered the most romantic beach in Vietnam. Tourists can enjoy the beauty of white sand beaches and green sea water all year round. Visitors can also enjoy the sunset or sunrise in Con Mang Islet. Nearby attractions include Tra Co Communal House, Linh Khanh Pagoda, and Tra Co Church. If tourists want some fresh seafood, they can buy it directly from local fishing boats. The beach is especially lively during the “Tra Co Festival,” held from May 30 to June 6 each year, where visitors can experience traditional games, cultural performances, and delicious local cuisine while relaxing by the sea.

(Adapted from Futurelang 6)

(TH) Question 25. What is the main idea of the passage?

- A. Tra Co Beach is famous for its seafood market.
- B. Tra Co Beach is a beautiful tourist spot with many attractions.
- C. Tra Co Beach is the largest beach in Quang Ninh.
- D. Tra Co Beach is only busy during the summer.

(NB) Question 26. How far is Tra Co Beach from Mong Cai?

- A. 5 kilometers
- B. 7 kilometers
- C. 9 kilometers
- D. 12 kilometers

(NB) Question 27. Where can visitors watch the sunset or sunrise?

- A. Con Mang Islet
- B. Tra Co Church
- C. Linh Khanh Pagoda
- D. Tra Co Communal House

(NB) Question 28. What can tourists buy directly from local fishing boats?

- A. Fresh seafood
- B. Souvenirs
- C. Beach clothes
- D. Coconut water

(TH) Question 29. Why is the “Tra Co Festival” special for visitors?

- A. Because it has many traditional games and cultural performances.
- B. Because it is the oldest festival in Quang Ninh.

- C. Because it is held in the middle of the year.
- D. Because it is free for all tourists.

PART 3. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 30 to 33. (0.8 point)

Ayers Rock, also called Uluru, rises 860 metres above sea level. Walking around its base, (30) _____, covers 9.4 kilometres. In 1958, it was declared a national park. The area is home to many birds, reptiles, and over 400 plant species. Evidence shows Aboriginal people have lived in Central Australia for about 30,000 years. Uluru's rock art is around 5,000 years old. In 1873, William Gosse was the first European to see it, (31) _____. Today, more than 250,000 visitors come each year from around the world to admire its natural beauty, and they also learn about its cultural significance and ancient history. The site offers many activities for tourists, (32) _____ guided walks, photography tours, and cultural performances. (33) _____ being far from big cities, Uluru remains one of Australia's most famous and treasured landmarks.

(Adapted from Futurelang 6)

(TH) Question 30. (*mệnh đề chen giữa, bỗng nghĩa cho “Walking around its base”*)

- A. which is a popular activity for visitors
- B. who is a popular activity for visitors
- C. which are a popular activity for visitors
- D. that is a popular activity for visitors

(TH) Question 31. (*mệnh đề nêu thêm thông tin về William Gosse*)

- A. and he named it after Sir Henry Ayers
- B. although he named it after Sir Henry Ayers
- C. if he named it after Sir Henry Ayers
- D. because he named it after Sir Henry Ayers

(TH) Question 32. (*cum từ nêu ví dụ*)

- A. such as
- B. instead of
- C. apart from
- D. next to

(TH) Question 33. (*cum giới từ nêu nhượng bộ*)

- A. Despite
- B. Because of

C. Due to
D. Along with

D. WRITING: (1.4 point)

PART 1 Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best arrangement of utterances or sentences to make a meaningful exchange or text in each of the following questions from 34 to 35. (0.4 point)

(TH) Question 34:

a. Minh: Let's meet at 7 a.m. at the bus station.
 b. Minh: Would you like to visit Phong Nha Cave this weekend?
 c. Hoa: That sounds wonderful. What time shall we meet?
 d. Hoa: Great. I'll be there on time.

A. b – c – a – d
 B. b – a – c – d
 C. a – b – d – c
 D. b – a – d – c

(TH) Question 35:

a. Quang: How about going to Fansipan Mountain next month?
 b. Mai: Good idea! How will we get there?
 c. Mai: Perfect. I can't wait for the trip!
 d. Quang: We can take the cable car from Sapa Town.

A. a – b – c – d
 B. b – a – c – d
 C. a – b – d – c
 D. b – a – d – c

(VD) PART 2 .Write a paragraph of about 40–60 words about Local Natural Wonders of Vietnam. You might use the following suggestions. (1.0 point)

You might use the following suggestions:

- Name one local natural wonder (e.g., Ky Co in Quy Nhon)
- Location (province)
- Features (scenery, activities)

- Your feelings or why it's special

USEFUL LANGUAGE

- is located in ... (province)
- is famous for / is known for
- visitors can... / people can...
- stunning / crystal clear / breathtaking
- I feel... / I enjoy... / It is worth visiting

OUTLINE

1. Introduce the place and its location
2. Briefly describe its special features and fun activities
3. Conclude with your impression or opinion

WRITING EXAMPLE (~55 words)

Ky Co is located in **Quy Nhon, Gia Lai Province**. It is known for its **gorgeous white sand beach, turquoise water**, and dramatic **rocky cliffs**. Visitors can **swim, snorkel, or climb nearby cliffs for sea views**. I feel amazed by its serene beauty and crystal clear waters. It is truly a hidden gem.

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