LANGUAGES OF THE WORLD REVISION 2

1. **Write the corresponding word next to the definition. Write the COMPLETE WORD:**

the total number of people who live in a particular area, city, or country: **p**_____

relaxed and confident: a_____ e_____

to leave your own country to go and live permanently in another country: e _____

not influenced or controlled in any way by other people, events, or things: i_____

(of buildings and places) far away from any others: i_____

a thing that helps you to be better or more successful than other people: a_____

the facts, signs or objects that make you believe that something is true: e _____

a movement that you make with your hands, your head or your face to show a particular meaning: g _____

the movements or positions of your body that show other people how you are feeling, without using words: b _____ l_____

the process of sending and receiving messages without using words, either spoken or written: n_____ c _____

2. **Join the sentences using WHILE- WHEREAS- ALTHOUGH:**

English is quite easy to learn in the early stages. French is quite difficult.

_____

My cousin spent a month in Australia. However, she learned a lot of English when she was there.

_____

I prefer outdoor activities. My sisters like staying indoors scrolling through social media.

_____

Geography is his favorite subject. He doesn't now where Papua New Guinea is.

_____

Translation apps are helpful. They cannot always capture cultural meanings.

_____

Sign languages rely on visual gestures. Spoken languages depend on sound.

_____

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3. **Reorder the words to form meaningful sentences:**

cousin and Italian whose French fluently speaks?

_____

ancient likes do know learning you how she languages?

_____

me advantage being a others gives an speaker multilingual over the.

_____

Spanish favorite pastime books in is my reading.

_____

not antiques I in collecting am Chinese interested.

_____

too spending isn't time working good for much you.

_____

4. Rewrite the sentences using the GIVEN WORDS in brackets and the NOUN FORM of the words in bold. There is one example.

E.g.: Using a wrong word in another language can **embarrass** people. (CAUSE)

→ Using a wrong word in another language can **cause embarrassment**.

Spending time with family makes us **happy**. (BRING)

➔ Spending time with family _____ to us.

You need to be **patient** to learn a new language. (REQUIRE)

➔ Learning a new language _____.

Practicing every day can make you **fluent** in a language. (LEAD)

➔ Practicing every day can _____in a language.

Good communicators are usually flexible in different situations. (SHOW)

➔ Good communicators usually _____in different situations.

Making mistakes in public speaking can **embarrass** students. (LEAD)

➔ Making mistakes in public speaking can _____.

You must be very **confident** to be able to speak in public. (A LOT)

➔ You must have _____ to be able to speak in public.

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