

I/ **MULTIPLE CHOICE**

- 1.The nerve centre of a microcomputer is.....
A. CPU B. main memory C. storage devices D.peripherals
2. The peripherals are
A. storage devices B. input devices C. output devices D. a,b,c are right
3. When switched off, the information in the.....is lost.
A. CD disk B. Rom C. Ram D. all of them
4. The results produced by a computer.
A. input B. output C. floppy D. periperals
5. Information in the is permanent and can not be deleted.
A. Rom C. secondary storage
B. Ram D. a,b,c are right
6. The "PC" stands for.....
A. peripheral component C. picture element
B. program counter D. personal computers
7. 1s and 0s are grouped of eight- digit codes called.....
A. a bit B. a byte C. a megabyte D. a gigabyte
8. High- level languages are.....
A. FORTRAN B. COBOL C. BASIC D. All of them
9. One kilobyte is equavelent to.....
A. 1024 B B. 1024 KB C. 1024 GB D. a,b,c are wrong
10. There aresteps in problem solving
A.four B. five C.six D. seven