

PAST SIMPLE:

Present

He **plays** soccer every Monday.

She **doesn't write** songs.

Do they listen to Jack Sun?

Yes, they **do**. / No, they **don't**.

Past

He **played** soccer last Monday.

She **didn't write** a book last year.

Did they listen to Jack Sun last week?

Yes, they **did**. / No, they **didn't**.

Usamos el pasado simple para hablar de situaciones que sucedieron en el pasado y sabemos CUANDO sucedieron: I went to school **yesterday**. Yo fui a la escuela **ayer**. ¿Cuándo? Ayer.

Los verbos o acciones se dividen en 2: REGULARES e IRREGULARES:

- Cuando les tengo que agregar "**ED**" son **REGULARES**. Sin embargo, a veces sólo le debo agregar la "**D**" o si terminan en consonante + Y lo cambio a "**IED**".

"Last year, I travel**ed** to Bariloche." "My friend lik**ed** apples when he was a baby." "The baby cri**ed** last night."

- Otros verbos son **IRREGULARES**, porque su forma de escribir y de pronunciarlos es diferente y me los tengo que aprender: "**go**" se convierte: She **went** to the park.

"**have**" : They **had** a good teacher in primary school.

"**see**" : Samy **saw** a bird singing in the window.

Lo bueno es que, para armar oraciones NEGATIVAS, sólo tengo que poner el auxiliar **DIDN'T** delante de los verbos y los verbos quedan en estado "normal", es decir que no les agrego **ed, d, ied**, o **no los escribo diferente**. Vamos a mirar estos ejemplos que puse más arriba:

"She **went** to the park."



She **DIDN'T GO** to the park.



"They **had** a good teacher in primary school."

They **DIDN'T HAVE** a good teacher in primary school.

"Samy **saw** a bird singing in the window."

Samy **DIDN'T SEE** a bird singing in the window.

¿Ves cómo los verbos vuelven a escribirse "normales"?

LO MISMO pasa con las **PREGUNTAS**: vamos a usar el auxiliar **DID** delante del sujeto (personas, cosas) y el verbo de nuevo **se quedará en su estado "normal"**:

"She **went** to the park."



DID she **GO** to the park?

Yes, she **DID**. No, she **DIDN'T**.



"They **had** a good teacher in primary school."

DID they **HAVE** a good teacher in primary school?

Yes, they **DID**. No, they **DIDN'T**.

"Samy **saw** a bird singing in the window."

DID Samy **SEE** a bird singing in the window?

Yes, he **DID**. No, he **DIDN'T**.

MIENTRAS TANTO..... tenemos al verbo “ser” o “estar” que tiene su propia manera de usarse:

Presente:

Pasado:

AM / AM NOT	→	WAS / WASN'T
IS / ISN'T	→	WAS / WASN'T
ARE / AREN'T	→	WERE / WEREN'T

MIRO DE QUIEN HABLA EL SUJETO: SI ES UNA SOLA PERSONA O COSA O SI SON VARIAS. ME AYUDO CON EL CUADRITO:

Write *was* or *were*.

- 1 The party _____ great!
- 2 Darcy and Corrine _____ at the cinema last night.
- 3 Terry _____ at school yesterday.
- 4 You _____ tired last night.
- 5 Mum and dad _____ in town for three hours.
- 6 Last night, Darren and Jim _____ at home.
- 7 I _____ with Claire at the cinema.
- 8 We _____ in the garden yesterday.

Affirmative FORM

Write sentences in the past. Use the prompts: MIRO si son **REGULARES** o **IRREGUALRES** los verbos:

Example: She / watch / TV → She **watched TV.**

- a) He / play / football → _____
- b) They / make / sandwiches → _____
- c) We / visit / the park → _____
- d) You and your friend / go / to the supermarket → _____

Negative FORM

Write sentences in the negative.

Example: I / watch / TV → I **didn't watch** TV.

- a) She / play / rugby → _____
- b) They / eat / fruit → _____
- c) We / run and climb / trees → _____
- d) Adam / see / animals/ in the park. → _____

Interrogative FORM

Write questions in the past.

Example: you / play / football → **Did you play** football?

- a) he / watch / a movie → _____ ?
- b) they / eat / pizza → _____ ?
- c) we / visit / the park → _____ ?
- d) Ana / go/ on the slide? → _____ ?

Short Answers: Answer the questions.

- a) Did she play basketball? → Yes, _____ / No, _____
- b) Did they eat sandwiches? → Yes, _____ / No, _____
- c) Did you watch a movie? → Yes, I _____ / No, _____
- d) Did your dog bark at night? → Yes, it _____ / No, _____

Open Questions (PREGUNTAS EN LAS QUE DEBO ELABORAR UNA RESPUESTA)

Debo usar "**because**" cuando me preguntan con **WHY**:

What did you watch on tv?

When did you play video games?

Where did you go on holidays?

What did you eat yesterday?

Why did you go to the cinema?

RESPONDO SIEMPRE EN ORACION: SUJETO + ACCIÓN + INFO EXTRA:

I ate chocolate because I like it.

READING COMPREHENSION:

Last Saturday, Leo and his sister played in the park near their house.

The weather was sunny, and they were very excited. First, they ran around and climbed trees. Then they played with a big red ball and laughed a lot.

Later, they had a picnic under a big tree. They ate sandwiches, cookies and bananas.

Leo drank orange juice, but he didn't eat any fruit. His sister didn't like the cookies, but she loved the sandwiches.

Did they see any animals? Yes! They saw ducks, birds and a brown dog.

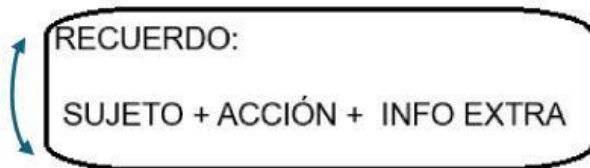
The dog didn't bark, it played with them! Leo took a photo with the dog.

Did Leo play on the swing? No, he didn't. He played on the slide and his sister pushed him.

She didn't want to go on the slide because she was a little scared.

In the afternoon, they sat on a bench and talked about their favorite games.

Did they have fun? Yes, they did! They didn't want to go home, but it got dark, so they said goodbye to the park and walked back happily.



1.WHERE DID LEO AND HIS SISTER PLAY LAST SUMMER?

2.WHAT WAS THE WEATHER LIKE?

3.WHAT DID THEY DO FIRST?

7.WHY DIDN'T SALLY WANT TO GO ON THE SLIDE?

8. WHERE DID THEY SIT IN THE AFTERNOON? _____

9.WHAT DID THEY TALK ABOUT? _____

10. DID THEY HAVE FUN? _____

11.WHY DO YOU THINK LEO AND HIS SISTER DIDN'T WANT TO GO HOME?

LEO AND HIS SISTER DIDN'T WANT TO GO HOME BECAUSE _____