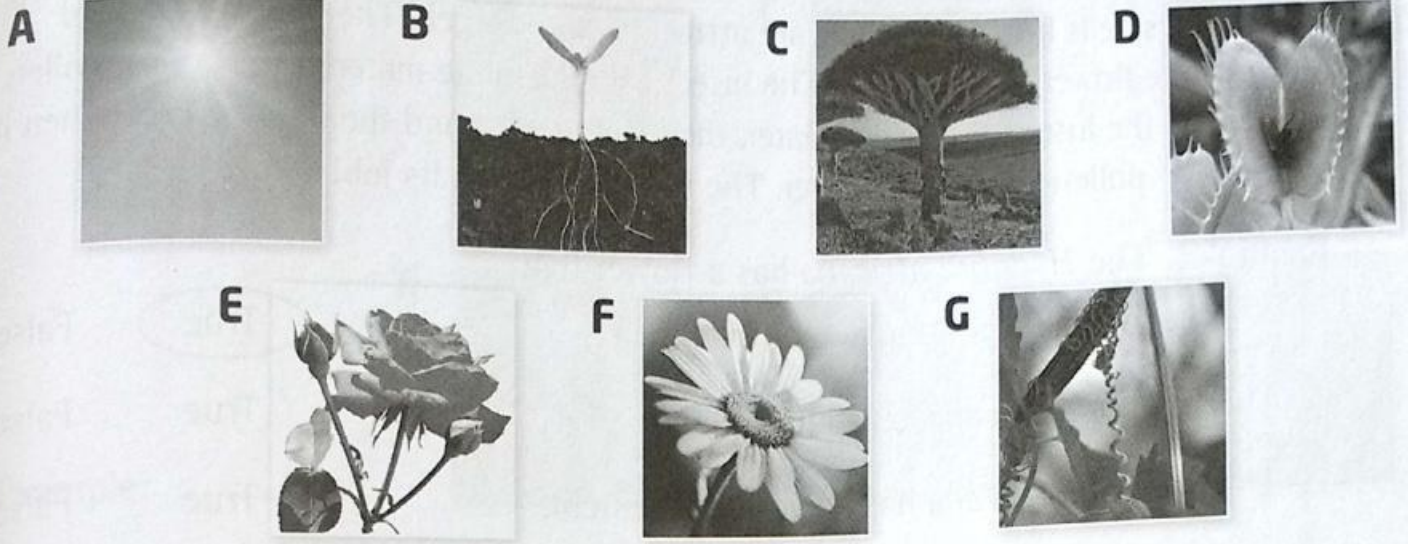




Example: _____

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____ 6. _____

2 Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of the words in brackets

Example: Nutrients are absorbed (absorb) by the roots of a plant.

1. Pollen _____ (carry) by insects from one plant to another.
2. Seeds _____ (move) by flying birds.
3. The insect _____ (trap) by the Venus flytrap.
4. The insect _____ (trick) by the smell of rotting meat.

Write sentences with the words in brackets. Use *that*.

Example: (sunflower / stem) A sunflower is a plant that has a long stem.

1. (garden / flowers) _____
2. (rainforest / vines) _____
3. (rose / thorns) _____
4. (tree / leaves) _____

4 Read. Circle *True* or *False*.

All About the *Hydnora africana*

The *Hydnora africana* is a strange kind of plant. It has no leaves or stem. It has a flower that looks like a hungry mouth! White material is inside the flower. The white material smells horrible. Insects are attracted to the smell. The insect is trapped inside the flower by stiff hairs. The insect eats the white material to survive. Pollen sticks to the insect. A few days later, the flower opens and the insect is free. Then it takes the pollen to another flower. The flower has done its job!

Example: The *Hydnora africana* has a flower that looks like a hungry mouth.

☒ True

☐ False

☐ True

☐ False

☐ True

☐ False

☐ True

☐ False

1. The *Hydnora africana* is a smelly plant.
2. The *Hydnora africana* has leaves but no stem.
3. The *Hydnora africana* traps insects inside its flower.

5 Write three to four sentences about a plant you like. Describe its colour, its size and what it looks like. Describe the big parts first and then the small parts. You can go from top to bottom, from the inside to the outside and so on.

