

# CITY LAYOUTS VOCABULARY

Read the sentences and choose the correct term for each blank.

1. Many people move to the \_\_\_\_\_ to enjoy more space and quieter surroundings while still being close to the city.

- A) downtown
- B) suburbs
- C) skyscraper
- D) commercial district

2. The new \_\_\_\_\_ will include both shops and offices, creating jobs for local residents.

- A) public transport network
- B) residential area
- C) commercial district
- D) industrial zone

3. The city has invested heavily in its \_\_\_\_\_ to reduce traffic congestion and pollution.

- A) green space
- B) outskirts
- C) public transport network
- D) high-rise building

4. The factory is located in the \_\_\_\_\_, far away from homes and schools.

- A) industrial zone
- B) metropolitan area
- C) city centre
- D) pedestrian zone

5. The business conference was held in a \_\_\_\_\_ with more than 30 floors.

- A) residential area
- B) skyscraper
- C) suburb
- D) public amenity



6. Although I live on the \_\_\_\_\_ of the city, I can get downtown in just 20 minutes by train.

- A) outskirts
- B) metropolitan area
- C) industrial zone
- D) high-rise building

7. The city's \_\_\_\_\_ is known for its variety of shops, restaurants, and entertainment options.

- A) outskirts
- B) city centre
- C) residential area
- D) public transport network

8. The new housing development will be built in a \_\_\_\_\_ with schools, parks, and medical facilities nearby.

- A) commercial district
- B) residential area
- C) industrial zone
- D) city centre

9. Living in a \_\_\_\_\_ means you share the building with many other people, sometimes hundreds.

- A) suburb
- B) high-rise building
- C) pedestrian zone
- D) outskirts

10. London, New York, and Tokyo are examples of \_\_\_\_\_ because they include a central city and the surrounding urban areas.

- A) industrial zones
- B) metropolitan areas
- C) suburbs
- D) residential areas

