



Complejo Educativo "Dr. Humberto Romero Alvergue"

THIRD QUIZ. SUBJECT: ENGLISH

SEGUNDO AÑO DE BACHILLERATO

SECCION: _____

Student's name: _____

Part I – Match Each Name to the Correct Picture



spray paint on a wall

escape out the back door

arrest the thief

vandalise a statue

burgle a house

rob/break into a museum

steal a painting

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PART II. READ THE FOLLOWING ARTICLE.

The Vanishing Smile...

The Mona Lisa by Leonardo da Vinci is probably the most famous painting in the world. A star attraction at the Louvre Museum in Paris, her famous smile continues to inspire! However, did you know that a thief once stole the Mona Lisa from the museum and caused an international scandal?

The Mystery:
7 am, 21st August, 1911 and just another Monday morning at the Louvre. Guards, cleaning staff, maintenance workers and curators were all working in the building before reopening its doors to the public on Tuesday. While they were working, though, at some time between 7 and 8:30 am, someone entered the empty Salon Carré, unhooked the Mona Lisa from the wall and carried it off down a stairwell. The stairs led to a door, locked from the outside, but somehow, the thief escaped through it. At first, museum workers **assumed** that the official photographer was shooting pictures of the painting in his **studio**. An afternoon

and evening passed by and it wasn't until the following day that they **realised** the precious artwork was missing. It was the beginning of a huge international search for the missing Mona Lisa. The only **clue** was the discovery of the painting's heavy frame **discarded** on the stairs. There were conflicting **rumours** in the newspapers; the Mona Lisa was now in Switzerland, South America, or in a small apartment in the Bronx, New York. No one knew who really **committed** the crime and how.

The Solution:
On that fateful Monday morning, an Italian man called Vincenzo Peruggia was hiding in a small room within the museum. Peruggia, once a worker at the Louvre, knew the building very well. The guard **on duty** in the Salon Carré **admitted** leaving his post for a few minutes at around 8 am. While the guard was away, Peruggia lifted the Mona Lisa from her four iron pegs, entered the stairwell, **removed** the painting's frame and hurried down the steps. Then, he unlocked the door and escaped from the museum. Peruggia hid the painting in his small Paris flat where it remained, in a cupboard, for over two years. Later, Peruggia took the Mona Lisa to Florence, Italy, and **attempted** to sell it. It was there, back in the Mona Lisa's hometown, that the police finally caught Peruggia. Peruggia served a short prison sentence. He then went back to France and opened a paint shop in Haute-Savoie. And the Mona Lisa? After touring her Italian homeland, she returned to the Louvre museum, where she **resides** to this day, behind bulletproof glass, still smiling.



3 Read the text and for questions 1-5 choose the correct answer A, B, C or D.

- 1 On a Monday, 21st August, 1911, the Louvre
A opened at 9 am. C opened at 7 am.
B was closed. D closed at 8:30 am.
- 2 Museum workers found out the painting was missing
A later that morning. C on Monday evening.
B on Tuesday. D during the afternoon.
- 3 Peruggia
A hid in the museum. C was the guard on duty.
B left his post. D was working at the museum
- 4 For over two years, Peruggia kept the painting
A at the museum. C in his home.
B flat. D in Florence.
- 5 The police arrested him
A at his flat. C in Florence.
B in his hometown. D in Paris.

4 a) Complete the sentences with: *inspire, unhook, assume, admit, remove, hurry, attempt, reside, commit, catch* in the correct form.

- 1 The thief the frame from the painting so it was easier to carry.
- 2 The thief stealing the painting.
- 3 The police have no idea who the crime or why.
- 4 Leonardo da Vinci continues to artists even today.
- 5 The police set a trap to the thief.
- 6 The caretaker the painting from the wall for cleaning.
- 7 People shouldn't things, they should find out the truth.
- 8 We have to or we'll miss the bus!
- 9 The *Mona Lisa* in the Louvre Museum.
- 10 Thieves are often caught when they to sell stolen property.

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Grammar

Past continuous

- 5 Read the theory box. How do we form the *past continuous*? Find examples in the text.

We use the **past continuous**:

- for actions happening at a certain time in the past.
*He **was working** at 12 o'clock yesterday.*
- for two or more actions happening at the same time in the past (simultaneous actions).
*While he **was working**, she **was cleaning** the house.*
- to give background information in a story.
*That morning Peter **was walking** down the street. The wind **was howling** and it **was raining**.*

Time expressions used with the past continuous: while, as, at ... o'clock yesterday morning/evening etc.

- 6 Use the verbs in the list in the *past continuous* to complete the sentences.

• blow • shout • watch • read • look • shine
• wave

- 1 While he a book, the lights went out.
- 2 They at the exhibits when the fire alarm went off.
- 3 She her arms and for help hoping someone would notice her.
- 4 you TV when he called you?
- 5 The sun and a light wind

3g Skills

Vocabulary

Jobs & Nationalities of famous people

1 Match the people (1-7) to the professions (A-G).
 🔊 Listen and check.

A Spanish artist	E American president
B British nurse	F Polish scientist
C British writer	G German physicist
D American pop	

Listening

3 🔊 You will hear

PART IV. Read the text about Frida Kahlo. Then choose the correct answer for each question. Circle the letter of the best choice.

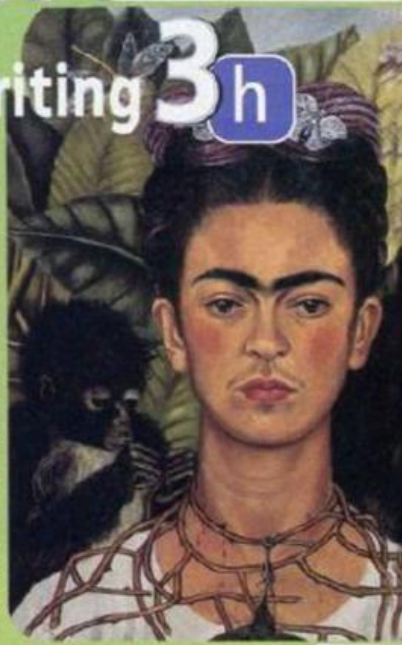
Frida Kahlo

Frida Kahlo is one of the most famous female artists in the world. She was born on 6th July 1907 in Coyoacán, Mexico.

As a child, Frida dreamed of becoming a doctor and in 1922 she began studying Medicine. Unfortunately, at the age of 18, Frida was in a bus accident and spent a long time recovering in bed. It was then that she taught herself to paint. She even had a mirror above her bed so she could paint herself. Frida's style combined Mexican folk art with surrealism.

When Frida was 21, she met the famous artist Diego Rivera. He recognised her talent and encouraged her to keep painting. Diego and Frida got married in 1929, but it was a difficult marriage. Nine years later, Frida had her first exhibition in New York City. She also exhibited her work in Paris.

Frida was weak throughout her life and she died in her hometown on 13th July, 1954. She was one of the most famous artists of the 20th century, not only in Mexico, but all around the world.



1. Where was Frida Kahlo born?

- A) Paris, France
- B) Coyoacán, Mexico
- C) New York City, USA
- D) Madrid, Spain

2. What career did Frida initially dream of pursuing?

- A) Painter
- B) Musician
- C) Doctor
- D) Writer

3. What happened to Frida at the age of 18?

- A) She got married
- B) She was in a bus accident
- C) She moved to Paris
- D) She met Diego Rivera

4. What was unique about Frida's painting style?

- A) She painted only in black and white
- B) She combined Mexican folk art with surrealism
- C) She painted landscapes exclusively
- D) She used only oil paints

5. In what year did Frida Kahlo die?

- A) 1929
- B) 1954
- C) 1945
- D) 1960

PART V. READ THE TEXT AND MATCH THE HEADINGS WITH THE PARAGRAPH. THERE IS ONE EXTRA HEADING.

- A COLUMBUS' PLAN
- B OTHER JOURNEYS & COLUMBUS' IMPORTANCE
- C EARLY YEARS
- D PROBLEMS AT SEA
- E HIS FIRST VOYAGE

Christopher Columbus

(1451-1506)

1

Christopher Columbus was born in Genoa, Italy in 1451. He worked with his father as a weaver, but the sea was always his real **passion**.

2

In the 15th century, it was difficult and dangerous to travel to Asia around the southern tip of Africa. Columbus decided to try to sail west to find a new trade **route**. People **made fun of** him, but finally King Ferdinand and Queen Isabella of Spain gave him supplies, men and three sailing ships for his **voyage**. They wanted to find a way to **import** gold and spices from Asia.

3

Columbus set sail from Spain in August 1492 with his three ships the *Niña*, the *Pinta* and the *Santa María*. Ten weeks later, he reached an island in the Bahamas. As he thought he was in India, he called the people there Indians! On the voyage home, Columbus lost the *Santa María* in a terrible storm. He arrived safely back in Spain in March 1493, with plants, gold, cloth, ornaments, and other riches.

4

Columbus made three more voyages to 'the New World'. He explored the coasts of Cuba, Hispaniola (modern-day Haiti and the Dominican Republic), Venezuela and Central America. On each voyage, he believed he was in India! He died in 1506 without knowing the importance of what he found on his voyages. Columbus was a brilliant, brave sailor and we remember him as one of the most important explorers in history.