Colegio Patriarca San José
Teacher: Roberto Bolaños Q.
II Learning Evidence (Listening and Speaking)
Student´s Name: _____ Group: 9- ___ Date: _____ ____, 2025

Total points: 53 points / _____
Total percentage: 5%/ _____%

month day

INDICATORS. THE STUDENT:

- extracts specific information from audios in order to choose the correct answer.
- provides oral affirmative and negative structures using the correct grammatical structure.
- Identifies specific words from an audio in order to complete sentences or a conversation.

I PART. Vocabulary. 11 points.

Match the vocabulary word from column A, with the corresponding definition from column B.

A	B.
□ Rash _____	A. A small, raised swelling from hitting yourself
□ Scab _____	B. Red mark or pimple on the skin (much smaller than a ulcer)
□ Spot _____	C. When a part of your body feels irritated and makes you want to scratch
□ Swelling _____	D. A deep, often serious cut
□ Bruise _____	E. Dry, crusty skin that forms over a cut while it heals
□ Bump _____	F. A slight cut caused by rubbing against something – not very bloody
□ Cut _____	G. An irritation or infection that makes the skin rise
□ Gash _____	H. A painful line on the skin, often from a fingernail or something sharp
□ Graze _____	I. Allergic reaction which makes your skin go red and itchy
□ Itch _____	J. When the skin turns blue/yellow after a bump or injury
□ Scratch _____	K. When something sharp breaks the skin and causes bleeding

LIVEWORKSHEETS

II PART. Short Answer. 24 points.

Complete each sentence with a word from the box that best fits the definition or description. **Each word is used only once.**

1. After twisting her ankle during soccer, Maria had a painful _____ with swelling.
2. He fell off his bike and got a _____ in his arm, so he needed a cast.
3. The nurse said it was a _____, not a fracture, because the bone was just out of place.
4. Stretching too hard during exercise gave her a _____ in her thigh.
5. My brother stayed home with a _____ of 39°C.
6. During winter, many people develop a dry _____ because of colds.
7. I can't eat or drink anything without pain because of my _____.
8. My _____ is so bad I keep wiping it every few seconds.
9. He keeps _____ because of his allergy to pollen.
10. I need to lie down; this _____ is making it hard to think.
11. I had a terrible _____ after eating too much candy.
12. I felt _____ in the car, like I was going to throw up.
13. After lunch, he started _____, so the teacher sent him to the nurse.
14. When I stand up too quickly, I feel _____.
15. After three hours of studying, I felt total _____.
16. Even with a blanket, I had _____ last night and couldn't get warm.
17. It's just a _____, don't worry – my nose is runny, but I'm okay.
18. The _____ gave him body aches, a high fever, and chills.
19. Her eyes get red and itchy every spring due to an _____.
20. People with _____ may need an inhaler to help them breathe.
21. The doctor said it was an _____, so she prescribed antibiotics.
22. My cousin got _____ and had red, itchy spots all over her body.
23. _____ causes a red rash, fever, and spreads easily among children.
24. Symptoms of _____ often include fever, cough, and trouble breathing.

allergy
asthma
chickenpox
chills
cold
cough
covid-19
dislocation
dizziness
fatigue
fever
flu
fracture
headache
infection
measles
nausea
pulled muscle
runny nose
sneezing
sore throat
sprain
stomachache
vomiting

LIVEWORKSHEETS

III PART. Listening. 18 points.

A Listen to the audio, and match the name of the person with its health problem.

Write the letter on the corresponding space. 5 points.

A		B.	
1. Julia	.....	**a.**	sore throat
2. Henry	.....	**b.**	stomachache
3. Regina	.....	**c.**	cold
4. Dale	.....	**d.**	toothache
5. Victoria	.....	**e.**	backache

B. Multiple Choice: Health Problems and Suggestions. Listen and choose the correct option.

1. Why is Julia not going to work today?

a. She has a cold.

b. She has a terrible toothache.

c. She is very tired.

2. What is the cause of Henry's stomachache?

a. He ate too much at a party.

b. He caught a virus.

c. He has food poisoning.

3. What advice does the speaker give Regina for her cold?

a. You should take some aspirin.

b. You should rest for a day.

c. You should eat chicken noodle soup.

4. How did Dale hurt his back?

a. He fell off a ladder.

b. He was trying to lift the TV.

c. He slept in a bad position.

5. Why does Victoria have a sore throat?

a. She was sick last week.

b. She ate something too hot.

c. She yelled a lot at a football game.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

C. Multiple Choice: Health Problems and Suggestions. Listen and choose the correct option.

1). What does the word "awful" in the sentence "I woke up with an awful ache…" mean?
a) mild
b) horrible
c) tiny

2. What is a synonym for "ache" as used in the sentence?
a) excitement
b) pain
c) warmth

3. What does the speaker mean by "I've been swimming every day"?
a) I swim occasionally
b) I started swimming today
c) I've been swimming daily

4. What does "may not be good for it" it means that the water…
a) The water helps the ear
b) The water might be damaging the ear
c) The ear likes the water

5. The speaker used "drops" in the ear. What are "drops" in this context?
a) Water for drinking
b) Medicine in liquid form
c) Cleaning solution for windows

6. What is another way to say "My ear really hurts"?
a) My ear feels great
b) My ear is painful
c) My ear is numb

7. What does "helped a little bit" suggest about the ear drops?
a) They completely cured the pain
b) They made it worse
c) They provided some relief

8. What does the speaker mean by "I'm still going to go to the doctor"?
a) The pain is gone
b) They want to get checked professionally
c) They changed their mind about going

LIVEWORKSHEETS