

Fill in the correct form of the PAST TENSE (Simple or Continuous)

1. The lights out as we the plans for the wedding. (GO, DISCUSS)
2. I on a road in the mountains when I out of petrol. (DRIVE, RUN)
3. "What between 5 and 7 yesterday afternoon? (YOU DO) - I in the *Red Lion Pub* with a lot of other people. (SIT)
4. The singer his best hits while the fans over the fence. (SING, CLIMB)
5. While the woman into the bus, the driver suddenly . (GET, MOVE)
6. When that the train into the opposite direction? (YOU REALISE, GO)
7. That's terrible ! A four year old boy from a bridge while he after his dog. (FALL, RUN)
8. This morning while I past the supermarket I something strange hanging from the roof. (WALK, NOTICE)
9. We out because it . (NOT GO, RAIN)
10. When Betty , Ann and Jane a cup of tea (ARRIVE, JUST HAVE)
11. The weather was bad as I in a queue for the cinema - It heavily and a cold wind . (STAND, RAIN, BLOW)
12. They in the fields when they a UFO flying over their heads. (PLAY, SEE)
13. The earthquake the region at three in the morning. Many inhabitants in their houses. (HIT, SLEEP)
14. When they the car two years ago a doctor it. (BUY, OWN)

15. Linda and John [] the car when it [] to rain. They [] everything away and [] into the house where mother [] cookies. (**WASH, START, PUT, RUN, JUST MAKE**)

16. I haven't seen Andy for ages. When I last [] him he [] for a job somewhere in London. (**MEET, LOOK**)

17. Yesterday when I [] home from school, a man [] out on the road. Luckily I [] very fast, so I managed to stop in time and [] him. (**CYCLE, STEP, NOT GO, NOT HIT**)

18. [] Carol at the party last night? – Yes, she [] that wonderful dress she bought in Paris. (**YOU MEET, WEAR, BUY**)

19. The car [] strange noises all the way home. (**MAKE**)

20. Simon [] an ice cream and then he [] home. (**BUY, GO**)

!!! Наречие **STILL**

Still используется для описания незаконченного действия или ситуации, которая продолжается до настоящего времени, и переводится как «все еще, до сих пор». Это часто относится к ситуации, которая происходит дольше, чем ожидалось.

Обратите внимание на положение **still** - перед глаголом или прилагательным, а не после.

*My grandfather is sixty-nine and he **still** works every day at the shop he owns.*

*Do you **still** live with your parents?*

Если глагол состоит из двух частей, **still** ставится между этими частями:

*He started his exam an hour ago and he is **still** answering the questions.*

! Но если одна из частей глагола имеет негативный оттенок или частицу not, **still** ставится перед глаголом с отрицанием:

*Adam has stopped smoking but his brother **still** hasn't quit.*