

Fill in the correct form of the PAST TENSE (Simple or Continuous)

1. The lights out as we the plans for the wedding. (**GO, DISCUSS**)
2. I on a road in the mountains when I out of petrol. (**DRIVE, RUN**)
3. "What between 5 and 7 yesterday afternoon? (**YOU DO**) - I in the *Red Lion Pub* with a lot of other people. (**SIT**)
4. The singer his best hits while the fans over the fence. (**SING, CLIMB**)
5. While the woman into the bus, the driver suddenly . (**GET, MOVE**)
6. When that the train into the opposite direction? (**YOU REALISE, GO**)
7. That's terrible ! A four year old boy from a bridge while he after his dog. (**FALL, RUN**)
8. This morning while I past the supermarket I something strange hanging from the roof. (**WALK, NOTICE**)
9. We out because it . (**NOT GO, RAIN**)
10. When Betty , Ann and Jane a cup of tea (**ARRIVE, JUST HAVE**)
11. The weather was bad as I in a queue for the cinema - It heavily and a cold wind . (**STAND, RAIN, BLOW**)
12. They in the fields when they a UFO flying over their heads. (**PLAY, SEE**)
13. The earthquake the region at three in the morning. Many inhabitants in their houses. (**HIT, SLEEP**)
14. When they the car two years ago a doctor it. (**BUY, OWN**)

15. Linda and John the car when it to rain. They everything away and into the house where mother cookies. (**WASH, START, PUT, RUN, JUST MAKE**)
16. I haven't seen Andy for ages. When I last him he for a job somewhere in London. (**MEET, LOOK**)
17. Yesterday when I home from school, a man out on the road. Luckily I very fast, so I managed to stop in time and him. (**CYCLE, STEP, NOT GO, NOT HIT**)
18. Carol at the party last night ? – Yes, she that wonderful dress she bought in Paris. (**YOU MEET, WEAR, BUY**)
19. The car strange noises all the way home. (**MAKE**)
20. Simon an ice cream and then he home. (**BUY, GO**)

!!! Наречие STILL

Still используется для описания незаконченного действия или ситуации, которая продолжается до настоящего времени, и переводится как «все еще, до сих пор». Это часто относится к ситуации, которая происходит дольше, чем ожидалось.

Обратите внимание на положение **still** - перед глаголом или прилагательным, а не после.

*My grandfather is sixty-nine and he **still** works every day at the shop he owns.*

*Do you **still** live with your parents?*

Если глагол состоит из двух частей, **still** ставится между этими частями:

*He started his exam an hour ago and he is **still** answering the questions.*

! Но если одна из частей глагола имеет негативный оттенок или частицу not, **still** ставится перед глаголом с отрицанием:

*Adam has stopped smoking but his brother **still** hasn't quit.*