

## GATEWAY A2, UNIT 7

### TRANSLATE AND USE IN THE CORRECT FORMS

1. Tourists usually visit \_\_\_\_\_ (metsloomade elupaiku) when they are in Africa.
2. Children \_\_\_\_\_ (imetlesid suuri rohusööjaid) such as rhinos and hippos in the zoo.
3. What is \_\_\_\_\_ (musta köie pikkus)?
4. Older \_\_\_\_\_ (jahimehed) tried to \_\_\_\_\_ (vältima langevarje) because the latter seemed dangerous to use.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ (Suurbritannia rahvaarv) is much bigger than the Estonian.
6. Scientists should pay more attention to the \_\_\_\_\_ (ohustatud liikide ellujäämisele) in the rainforests.
7. The hunters couldn't believe the \_\_\_\_\_ (hirvesoku kaalu).
8. Students prefer \_\_\_\_\_ (tulpdigramme) to \_\_\_\_\_ (joondiagrammidele)
9. What's the \_\_\_\_\_ (kõrgeima mäe kõrgus) in Great Britain?
10. There were \_\_\_\_\_ (palju põhjapõtru) at the feeding area.
11. \_\_\_\_\_ (kõige tähtsam konkurent) was surprised at the \_\_\_\_\_ (õpetajate otsusekindluse üle).
12. \_\_\_\_\_ (Eesti rahvastiku jagunemine) in the area is uneven: there are more people in town and fewer people in the countryside.
13. \_\_\_\_\_ (mõned ohustatud liigid) have been saved from \_\_\_\_\_ (väljasuremisest) in the zoos.
14. \_\_\_\_\_ (liikide väljasuremine) has been especially quick in the 21st Century.
15. There have been a lot of \_\_\_\_\_ (takistused) in the complicated programmes.