

# HOW DID THE 20TH CENTURY BEGIN IN SPAIN?

## Exercise 1: Complete the sentences

Fill in the sentences using these words:

**Words:** dictatorship, monarchy, reforms, strikes, vote, democracy

1. Under Alfonso XIII, Spain was a parliamentary \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Miguel Primo de Rivera established a military \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Social conflicts included many \_\_\_\_\_.
4. The Second Spanish Republic introduced many \_\_\_\_\_.
5. Women obtained the right to \_\_\_\_\_ in 1931.
6. The new constitution established a \_\_\_\_\_.

## Exercise 2: Match the terms

Match each term to its correct definition:

<u>Terms</u>		<u>Definitions</u>
Surrealism		Representatives who wrote the new constitution.
Cubism		An art style using geometric shapes.
Edad de Plata		Artistic style that represented dreams.
Constituent Cortes		A significant cultural period in the 20th century.

### Exercise 3: Sort into groups

Drag each statement to its correct group:

Violent strikes.	Political parties were banned.	Workers demanded better conditions.	Discontent with politics.
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<u>POLITICAL CONFLICTS</u>	<u>SOCIAL CONFLICTS</u>

### Exercise 4: True or False

Write "True" or "False":

1. Alfonso XIII remained king until the end of his life. \_\_\_\_\_
2. Miguel Primo de Rivera banned political parties. \_\_\_\_\_
3. Women could vote before 1931. \_\_\_\_\_
4. The constitution of 1931 separated church and state.  
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