

Have you ever ...?

Vocabulary

1 a) Match the pictures to the descriptions.



- 1 ☒ A It's made of leather and we use it to keep our money in.
- 2 ☐ It's a plastic and metal item which we use to write things with.
- 3 ☐ It's made of plastic and glass and we can see ourselves in it.
- 4 ☐ It's made of plastic and we use it to make videos.
- 5 ☐ It's made of metal and we use it to open/lock doors.
- 6 ☐ It's made of china and we use it to put food on.

2 a) It was John's birthday on Sunday. Look at the pictures and write descriptions of the presents he got, putting the prompts in the right order.



watch / gold / leather / black / strap
John got a gold watch with a black leather strap.



box / metal / wooden / lock



tie / shirt / silk / white / cotton



shorts / cotton / red / flowers / white



diary / black / gold / key / leather



rucksack / grey / blue / straps

b) What did you get for your birthday? Describe two of your presents, as in the example.

I got a cotton cap with blue stripes.

3 Describe the objects, as in the example.

- round • square • oval • rectangular



It's a round orange plastic ball with black lines.

4 Circle the correct word.

- 1 Last Saturday we went on a short **trip/travel** to the coast.
- 2 A: "What's the **matter/wrong**?"
B: "I've got a terrible headache."
- 3 This is the first **time/minute** he has come to London.
- 4 On Sundays Joan **passes/spends** most of her time doing her homework.
- 5 Be careful not to **lose/miss** your keys.
- 6 That skirt doesn't **suit/fit** me; it's too small.

5 Complete the sentences with the words in the list below.

- parks • haunted • breath • show
- earrings • time • adventure • lifetime
- character • tastes

- 1 There is a world of fun and waiting for you at Disneyland, Paris.
- 2 I read a frightening story about a house.
- 3 Our visit to Hollywood was the trip of a
- 4 Children love going to theme
- 5 The scenery took my away.
- 6 Ann bought a pair of with oval sapphires.
- 7 We saw a film about a man who travelled back in
- 8 Mickey Mouse is the most famous cartoon Walt Disney ever created.
- 9 The DJ played different kinds of music to suit all
- 10 They went to a live on Saturday evening.

6 Fill in: of, on, for, in, at.

- 1 Are you waiting someone?
- 2 Can I take a look the photos?
- 3 Look this mess!
- 4 The film is based a famous character.
- 5 Have you ever ridden an old-fashioned riverboat?
- 6 The theme park is set almost 3,000 acres.
- 7 Have you ever dreamed going back time?
- 8 I have never been a rollercoaster.

Grammar

7 Ask and answer about Mary, as in the example.

finish homework ✓
have a bath ✓
hoover the carpet X
cut the grass X

eat dinner ✓
make her bed ✓
walk the dog X
dust furniture ✓

A: *Has Mary finished her homework?*

B: *Yes, she has.*

8 Ask, as in the example.

- 1 The cat looks hungry. (you - feed - him)
Have you fed him?
- 2 Jane looks ill. (she - catch - cold)
- 3 Tom is laughing. (he - hear - joke)
- 4 That dress is loose. (you - lose - weight)
- 5 You look happy. (you - have - good news)
- 6 Ted has got a nice suntan. (he - be - abroad)
- 7 Something smells nice. (you - bake - cake)
- 8 You look worried. (you - lose - something)

9 Complete each sentence with the correct verb from the list below, using the **present perfect**.

- sprain • see • break • buy • not decide
- not do • find • lose

- 1 She **has found** her suitcase. It was at the lost property office.
- 2 you the new James Bond film yet?
- 3 We still where to go for our summer holiday.
- 4 We're quite pleased with our shopping. We a lot of souvenirs.
- 5 "What's wrong with Sheila?"
"She her wrist."
- 6 Danny his keys.
Open the door for him, please.
- 7 Bob any housework this week.
- 8 I'm sorry. I your favourite vase.

- 10 a) Put the verbs in brackets into the **past simple** or the **present perfect**.



Dear Mum and Dad,

I 1) 've **just found** (just/find) some time to write. Edinburgh is fantastic. Terry and I 2) (be) very busy sightseeing.

We 3) (arrive) here on Friday morning. We 4) (take) our luggage to the hotel and immediately 5) (go) on a tour around the city centre. We 6) (visit) Edinburgh castle first and then 7) (have) coffee in a café. We 8) (go) to the Royal Botanic Garden yesterday, but we 9) (not/visit) the National Gallery of Scotland yet. We 10) (not/try) any traditional dishes so far, but we're having dinner in a local restaurant tonight.

Edinburgh is also great for shopping. We 11) (already/buy) a lot of souvenirs and gifts for everyone. Princess Street, where most of the shops are, must be the busiest street we 12) (ever/see)!

Anyway, I have to go now. I'll write back soon.

Lots of love,
Diane

b) Now answer the questions.

- What have they already done?
- What haven't they done yet?

11 Fill in: **have/has been** or **have/has gone**.

- Jamie **has gone** to the cinema. He'll be home at around 10:00.
- We to a lot of countries.
- He already to London so he's going to Ankara for his holiday.
- A: Where's Tim?
B: He shopping.
- Mum and Dad to the theatre, they aren't here.

12 Fill in: **just, never, ever, for, since, already, yet**.

- Have you **ever** been bungee-jumping?
- Helen and I haven't talked to each other two years.
- John has played football in his life.

- Beth has finished her homework. She's watching TV now.
- I can't watch *Home Alone* again — I've seen it twice
- Julie hasn't decided what to give Bill for his birthday
- Mary's family have lived in Canada she was a baby.
- I can't believe you haven't finished your lunch Hurry up!
- I've finished tidying my room. What else do you want me to do?
- Has Jean been to England?

13 Put the verbs in brackets into the **present perfect** or the **past simple**, as in the example.

- A: Where's Tom?
B: I (not/see) him today.
- A: You look tired.
B: Yes, I (stay/up) late last night.
- A: What's the matter?
B: I (lose) my purse.
- A: Who's that?
B: I don't know. I (never/see) her before.
- A: Excuse me. What time is the next bus to London?
B: I'm sorry, you (just/miss) the last one.
- A: What's your new boss like?
B: Very nice. I (meet) her yesterday.
- A: Is that dress new?
B: No, I (have) it for ages.
- A: How was your holiday, Sue?
B: Fantastic! We (have) a great time.

14 a) Complete the sentences with the correct **prepositions of place**.



1 The boy is his parents.



2 The woman is her son.



5 The boys are standing
..... each other.



4 The little girl is
..... her parents.



5 The woman and her
daughter are sitting
..... the grass
the grandmother.



6 The boy is
swimming
the swimming pool.

b) Look around you! Use prepositions of place to talk about where things/people are in the room.

15 Imagine a friend of yours has lost his briefcase. What questions would you ask him?

- 1 What does it look like?
- 2 What
- 3 Where
- 4 Have you looked

16 Circle the correct response.

- 1 A: What was Disneyland, Paris like?
B: a Just great.
b It's OK.
- 2 A: I haven't been on holiday for years.
B: a It was fantastic.
b Well! Here's your chance.
- 3 A: Why don't you look under the table?
B: a I've already checked.
b Let's have a better look.
- 4 A: I started tidying my room an hour ago, but I haven't finished yet.
B: a I can see that.
b When did you finish?
- 5 A: Have you seen my diamond ring?
B: a It was lovely.
b No, why?

Communication

(buying tickets)

17 a) Complete the dialogue with the sentences in the list below. Where does the dialogue take place?

- Here you are. Thanks.
- That'll be £25.00, please.
- How may I help you?

- A:
- B: I'd like three tickets for the 7:00pm performance. Have you got reduced rates for children?
- A: Yes, we do. Children pay half-price.
- B: I'd like 1 full-price and 2 half-price, please.
- A:
- B:

b) Act out similar dialogues using the prompts below.

(At the museum)
four tickets - 6:00pm guided tour - students
- 1 full price/3 half-price - £15

(At the aquarium)
four tickets - 5:00pm show - children under
10 - 2 full-price/2 half-price - £13

Listening

18 Listen to Becky telling Georgia about her holiday. Becky went to five countries. What did she buy in each country? Write the letters next to each country.

Souvenirs

- France ☐
- Switzerland ☐
- Germany ☐
- Spain ☐
- Italy ☐



Reading

19 a) Look at the presents A to H. Which would you buy for a six-year-old girl/boy?

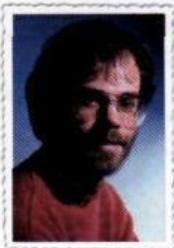
b) The people below all want to buy presents for their children. Read the descriptions next to the items (A - H) and match them to the people (1 - 5).



- 1 Julie's 6-year-old daughter loves playing with dolls, but Julie thinks she already has enough of them. She wants to buy her something that will last a long time.



- 2 Lynne's 8-year-old son likes anything to do with soldiers and the army. She doesn't want to buy him a toy gun.



- 3 Stephen's son is only 2 years old. He wants to buy him something colourful to pull along the floor.



- 4 Tim's teenage daughter loves being outdoors. He can't afford to buy her a bicycle, but he wants to buy her something she can get around on.



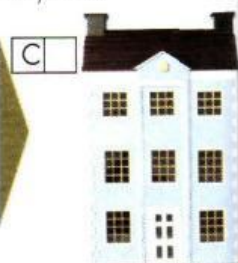
- 5 Adam's son loves sports. He wants to buy him something they can play with together.

There has never been a bike as powerful as this ZX300. It is also safe and comfortable. Suitable for children and adults of 15 years and over.



For hunting, fishing or even for kids who like to pretend to be soldiers, this green army hat has many uses.

A classic gift that every girl has always wanted, this beautiful hand-made doll's house is a treasure she can keep forever.



Look no further! You have found the gift that every teenager wants this year. A pair of Brookes rollerblades. Buy now while stocks last.

Children can have hours of fun with this brightly-coloured pull-along aeroplane. For children aged 12-36 months.



A bright, colourful toy for children aged 6-24 months. Children love to grip, chew and throw the rings.

A set of colourful crayons. Great for children to use when it is raining outside. Mums and dads are welcome to join in the fun!



The Football Association has said "The Redsand leather football is the only one we recommend."

c) Do you like playing with toys or do you prefer board games? Which is your favourite?

Writing (a letter to a friend talking about your recent news)

20 a) Read the letter below and put the topic sentences in the right paragraphs.

- A Well, that's all my news.
- B Hi, how are you?
- C There are still a few things to do though.
- D As you know, I've been really busy lately moving into my new flat.

Dear Sue,

1 It's been a couple of months since I last wrote to you so I thought I'd better get in touch and tell you all my news.

2 I have finished moving the furniture in already and I've unpacked most of my things. I've decorated the bedroom, too. It looks very nice. I've painted the walls blue to match the carpet and I've put the picture you gave me above the bed.

3 I haven't decorated the living room yet. I haven't decided what colour to paint it! I haven't bought any curtains either. I have thought about painting the room pale green. What do you think?

4 Write back soon and tell me what you've been up to lately.

Love,
Linda

b) Now, answer the following questions.

- 1 Who is sending the letter?
- 2 Who is the recipient?
- 3 How does the letter start? Could we start with *Dear friend*?
- 4 How does the letter finish?
- 5 Which other phrases can you use instead of "Love"?
- 6 Which paragraph contains the opening remarks? Which paragraphs are the main body?
- 7 What tense does Linda use to talk about her news?

21 Correct the mistakes. Write S (for spelling), P (for punctuation), M (for missing word) and GR (for grammar).

D - P
Dear Ann

im having a fantastic time here in Disneyland, Paris. There are so many to see and do here I dont know where to start

I've already been to Adventureland. I gone there on saturday it was great!

Writing Tip

To write a letter to a friend telling him/her about your recent news we start with "Dear" + your friend's first name. We never write "Dear friend". In the introduction, we write our opening remarks. In the second paragraph, we write about what we have done recently. In the third paragraph, we write about what we still haven't done. In the last paragraph, we write our closing remarks (e.g. *That's all for now, That's all my news, Write back soon*, etc) and sign off with *Love, / Yours, / Best wishes, / etc* and our first name. We never write: *Love, your friend + your first name*. We can use abbreviations (e.g. *It's, I've*, etc).

22 Replace each of the topic sentences in Ex. 20a with other appropriate ones.

23 a) Bernie has moved to another town. Look at the prompts and say what he has already done or he hasn't done yet.

- | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 start a new job | ☒ |
| 2 get to know quite a few people | ☒ |
| 3 buy a car | ☐ |
| 4 make some friends at work | ☒ |
| 5 rent a nice flat | ☒ |
| 6 buy new furniture | ☐ |

b) Which of the sentences 1 to 6 would you put in the first paragraph of the main body? in the second paragraph of the main body? What topic sentences would you use to start each paragraph?

24 Write the letter Bernie sent to his friend telling him/her about his recent news (100 - 120 words). Use the plan below, the ideas in Exs. 22 and 23 as well as your own ideas. You can also use the letter in Ex. 20a as a model.

Plan

Dear (friend's first name),

Introduction

(Para 1) opening remarks

Main Body

(Para 2) things Bernie has done

(Para 3) things Bernie hasn't done yet

Conclusion

(Para 4) closing remarks

Yours, / Love, / Best wishes, / etc
Bernie

• Present Perfect

1 Look at the pictures and say what has happened.



do some shopping
He has done some shopping.



buy presents
.....
.....



bake some bread
.....
.....



repair the bicycle
.....
.....



win the game
.....
.....

2 a) Match the items to form phrases and then ask questions with ever.

- | | | |
|---------|-------|-------------------|
| 1 play | e | a buried treasure |
| 2 taste | | b your wallet |
| 3 find | | c a calculator |
| 4 use | | d candy floss |
| 5 lose | | e cricket |

1 *Have you ever played cricket?*

- 2
3
4
5

b) In pairs, ask and answer, as in the example.

A: *Have you ever played cricket?*

B: *Yes, I have./No, I haven't.*

3 a) Look at the table and ask and answer questions, as in the example.

	John	Helen	Your friend
	✓	x	
	✓	✓	
	x	✓	
	x	x	

1 John / catch a fish?

A: *Has John ever caught a fish?*

B: *Yes, he has.*

2 Helen / catch a fish?

A:

B:

3 John and Helen / ride a wooden pony?

A:

B:

4 John / feed chickens?

A:

B:

5 Helen / feed chickens?

A:

B:

6 John and Helen / use a video camera?

A:

B:

b) Ask your friend and complete the chart.

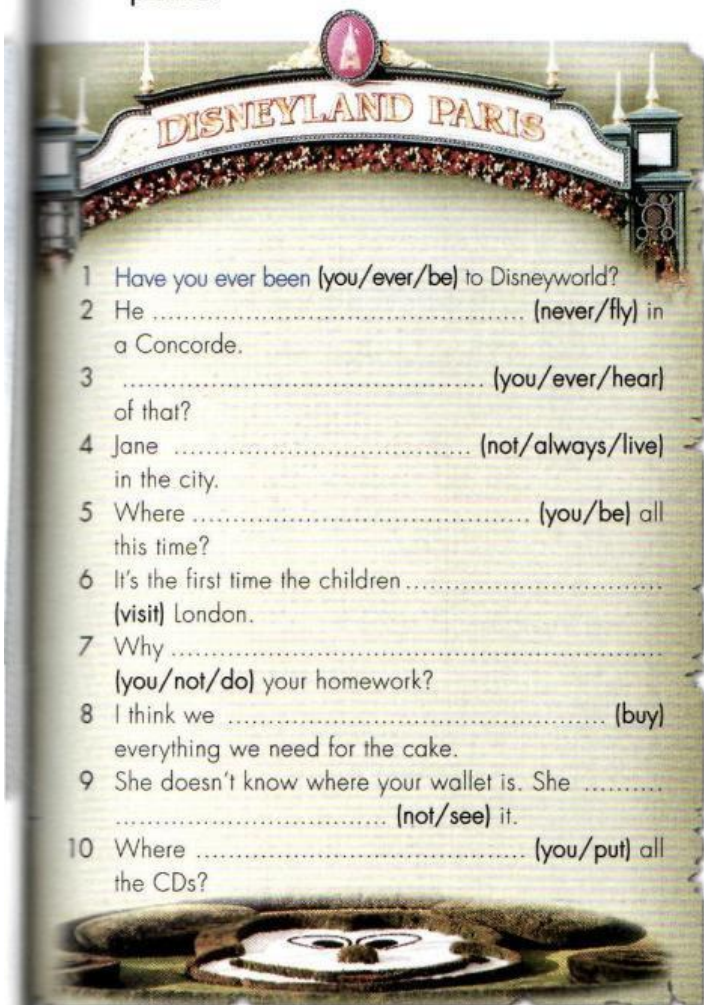
A: *Have you ever caught a fish?*

B: *Yes, I have./No, I haven't.*

c) Look at the chart and talk about your friend, as in the example.

Mario has caught a fish but he has never fed chickens.

4 Put the verbs in brackets into the present perfect.



5 Complete the questions, then answer them.

- fall • sleep • ride • see • be • lose • visit
• break

- 1 Have you ever ridden on an old-fashioned riverboat?
Yes, I have./No, I haven't.
2 to a theme park?
.....
3 your purse?
.....
4 in a tent?
.....
5 Edinburgh?
.....
6 your arm?
.....
7 asleep in front of the TV?
.....

- 8 sea turtles?
.....

• Already/Yet/Just

6 Underline the correct item.

- 1 She hasn't bought a new car yet/already.
2 She has just/yet finished writing her essay.
3 The plane hasn't landed yet/already.
4 I've yet/already eaten a piece of cake.
5 They haven't got married just/yet.
6 John has already/yet found a new job.
7 She has just/yet managed to find the answer to this question.
8 They have yet/already done the shopping for the week.
9 We have yet/just met.
10 Haven't you called the hotel yet/just?

• For/Since

7 Underline the correct item.

- 1 She hasn't come in to work for/since a week.
2 She has lived here since/for she was a little girl.
3 I haven't bought anything new since/for a month.
4 We have known each other for/since ten years.
5 Nothing exciting has happened in this small village for/since a very long time.
6 We haven't visited our grandmother for/since last week.
7 He's been working on that project for/since yesterday.
8 Bob has made a lot of friends since/for we moved to this town.
9 He's been an English teacher for/since he was 25 years old.
10 He hasn't called for/since yesterday morning.

• Have gone (to) – Have been (to)

8 Fill in: *have been (to/in)* or *have gone (to)*.

- 1 A: I looked everywhere for you. Where you?
B: At my neighbour's. Her mother France and she wanted some help with the cooking.

- 2 A: Where's your brother?
B: He to Jimmy's;
they wanted to study together.
- 3 A: Sorry, I'm late.
B: Where you?
A: To the supermarket. Where's Josh?
B: He a football match.
- 4 A: I not
the new cafeteria at the end of the street.
Would you like to check it out?
B: To be honest, no. I already
..... there and the service was
extremely bad.
- 5 A: I haven't seen Mary for ages.
B: Didn't you know? She
Spain. She left two months ago.

• Present Perfect VS Past Simple

- 9 Put the verbs in brackets into the *past simple* or the *present perfect*.

Dear Rita,
I know it 1) **has been** (be) a long
time since I last 2)
(write) to you. I'm really sorry but I
3) (not/have) any
free time lately.
Anyway, I've got some great news. I'm on
holiday now and believe it or not, I'm in
Jamaica. I 4) (arrive) on
Tuesday and I 5)
(spend) most of my time on
the beach so far! The
weather is fantastic.
Yesterday we 6)
(visit) a fishing village
nearby. We 7)
(have) lunch at a local fish
restaurant. The food 8) (be)
excellent but they 9)
(not/have) a wide variety of dishes to
choose from. Everything 10)
(be) great so far!
That's all for now. I must watch
the sunset! It's absolutely superb
out here.

Love,
Marcy

- 10 Match column A to column B, as in the example.

A

- | | | |
|---|---|------------------------------|
| 1 | D | They went to Jamaica ... |
| 2 | | We haven't spoken ... |
| 3 | | The Johnsons have been ... |
| 4 | | I haven't travelled ... |
| 5 | | Sally! I haven't seen ... |
| 6 | | He finished his homework ... |
| 7 | | They have lived here ... |
| 8 | | She has called you ... |

B

- A abroad since 1999.
B for a long time.
C you for ages.
D last summer.
E twice this morning.
F to many European countries so far.
G to James for three weeks.
H an hour ago.

- 11 Put the verbs in brackets into the *past simple* or the *present perfect*.

- 1 A: Where's Bob?
B: He (just/leave).
- 2 A: How's Pam?
B: I don't know. I (not/see)
her since last Monday.
- 3 A: you (enjoy) your
holiday?
B: Yes, I had a great time. Thanks.
- 4 A: Does Sheila still work at Stevenson Ltd?
B: Yes, she (be) there for ten
years.
- 5 A: When Jules Verne
(die)?
B: In 1905.
- 6 A: Can I borrow this book?
B: Sorry! I
(not/finish) yet.
- 7 A: Has Tim called?
B: Yes, he (call) an hour ago.
- 8 A: Where you (go)
on holiday last summer?
B: To Malta.



• Prepositions of Place

12 a) Look at the picture and fill in the prepositions from the list.

- at • near • in the middle of • next to
- on • in • in front of • behind

There is a sofa, two coffee tables, a table and four chairs 1) the room. The sofa is 2) the room. One coffee table is 3) the sofa and the other is 4) it. There is a vase 5) the coffee table 6) the sofa and there is a small basket 7) the coffee table 8) the sofa. There are some flowers 9) the vase and there is some fruit 10) the basket.

The table and the chairs are 11) the sofa. There is a woman sitting 12) the table and there is a man standing 13) her. There is also another man 14) them but he is sitting on a desk which is 15) the table.

b) Look at the picture in Ex. 12a again. Use the words in the list to ask and answer questions, as in the example.

- flowers • two men • woman • sofa
- two coffee tables • small basket • desk

A: *Where are the flowers?*

B: *The flowers are in the vase.*

• Revision Section (Units 1–3)

13 Circle the correct item.

- 1 Dinosaurs from Earth many years ago.
A have disappeared B disappeared
C disappear
- 2 Why don't we meet Sunday afternoon?
A in B at C on

- 3 You're late – the appointment was
10 not 11 o'clock!
A at B in C on
- 4 Jeremy his driving test last Friday.
A took B takes C has taken
- 5 Jane hasn't heard from her sister Monday.
A for B since C before
- 6 When Amy was young she to school every morning.
A has walked B is used to walking
C used to walk
- 7 Dorothy doesn't mind whatever her friends want.
A doing B to do C do
- 8 Sometimes he watches TV late night.
A in B on C at
- 9 Tell him to call later. I a letter right now.
A am writing B write C writes
- 10 Jimmy has been water skiing.
A never B yet C ever
- 11 My father a new car last week.
A bought B has bought C buys
- 12 Mrs Simmons is sitting the sofa.
A on B in C at
- 13 Amy is not hungry. She has had lunch.
A yet B already C ever
- 14 you like windsurfing?
A Is B Are C Do
- 15 he talked to Mr Tibbs yet?
A Is B Did C Has

14 Fill in the correct word.

- 1 Have you seen a leopard?
- 2 A: When you last write a letter?
B: Last week.
- 3 John isn't here. He has to the supermarket.
- 4 I haven't seen Bob last Monday.
- 5 Lessons start 10 o'clock in the morning.
- 6 Look at the children. They swimming in the lake.
- 7 John hasn't phoned
- 8 I can't walk. I sprained my ankle.
- 9 Sorry! I haven't cooked dinner
- 10 We haven't been to the village we were children.