

Grade Eight Social Studies Model Exam Preparation

Worksheet Four

Choose the correct answer from the given choices for the following questions.

1. One of the following is a supply problem
 - a. Black marketing
 - b. Hoarding
 - c. Profiteering
 - d. all
2. introduced a fixed tithe than undefined agricultural taxes
 - a. Menelik II
 - b. Derg
 - c. Haile Selassie
 - d. None
3. Resources that can be generated again.....
 - a. Renewable
 - b. Man made
 - c. Non renewable
 - d. none
4. resources are resources that are naturally available on earth
 - a. Coal
 - b. Iron
 - c. Uranium
 - d. All
5. The following are among the land features formed due to wind erosion and deposition except.....
 - a. Loess deposit
 - b. Delta
 - c. Barchans
 - d. sand dune
6. Which major outlet was served next to Djibouti for import and export trade during 20th century long distance?

- a. Zeila
 - b. Gambella
 - c. Berbera
 - d. Assab
- 7. The following towns came into existence with the completion of Ethio- Djibouti railway except.....
 - a. Addis Ababa
 - b. Nazareth/Adama
 - c. Mojo
 - d. Dire Dawa
- 8. Who was assigned to be head of the provisional government of Ethiopia after emperor Haileselassie left the country to Europe?
 - a. Abraha Deboch
 - b. Dejjazmach Hailemariam Gari
 - c. Ras Imiru Haileselassie
 - d. Ras Kassa
- 9. The last major counter offensive battle fought in the northern front during the second Italian aggression was
 - a. Battle of Temben
 - b. Battle of Shire
 - c. Battle of Amba Aradam
 - d. Battle of Maichew
- 10. Which of the following is correct about air pressure except.....
 - a. Air pressure is measured with Barometer
 - b. Air pressure is uniform across the plane
 - c. Air has weight
 - d. Pressure decreases with the increase of altitude
- 11. What was the main reason for Mussolini to replace De Bono with Marshal Pietro Badoglio in the northern front
 - a. Dissatisfied by De Bono's slow advance
 - b. Assigned for another duty

- c. He was collaborated with Ethiopians
 - d. All of the above
12. The foundations of the following countries were direct results of the abolition of slavery and slave trade
- a. Ghana and Togo
 - b. Congo and Benin
 - c. Liberia and Sierra Leon
 - d. Angola and Nigeria
13. Which of the following is the immediate cause of World War II ?
- a. The Assassination of Austrian crown prince
 - b. Italy's Invasion of Ethiopia
 - c. Germany's invasion of Poland
 - d. The Assassination of Abraham Lincoln by J.Wilkbruce
14. What was the main cause for the entrance of the US into the WWII ?
- a. Germany's invasion of Poland
 - b. Germany's invasion of France
 - c. The Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor
 - d. The Invasion of Manchuria by Japan
15. Which of the following is different from others ?
- a. Altitude
 - b. Rainfall
 - c. Wind
 - d. temperature
16. The coldest of all the layers of the atmosphere is :
- a. Mesosphere
 - b. Thermosphere
 - c. Troposphere
 - d. Stratosphere
17. Which one of the following is not a control of climate and weather ?
- a. Latitude
 - b. Longitude
 - c. Altitude
 - d. Cloud cover

18. The proportion between all monthly mean temperature to the number of months in the year gives.....
- a. Annual mean temperature
 - b. Annual range temperature
 - c. Mean monthly temperature
 - d. Daily mean temperature
19. Which of the following is true about the Hewett Treat of 3 June 1884?
- a. Is caused enmity between Ethiopian and Mahdist Sudan
 - b. It helped in strengthening independence of the country Ethiopian independence
 - c. It was signed between Ethiopian and Mahdist Sudan
 - d. It enabled Ethiopia to regain the port of Massawa
20. Pressure is measured by an instrument called.....
- a. Thermometer
 - b. Anemometer
 - c. Rain gauge
 - d. Barometer
21. Maqdala was to Tewodros II as was to Yohannes IV
- a. Matama
 - b. Dogali
 - c. Kufit
 - d. Gura
22. Which of the following regional rulers was not defeted by Kassa, later called Tewodros II
- a. Ras Ali of Begemidir
 - b. Dajazmach Wube of Simen and Tigray
 - c. Negus SahileSeliassie of Shewa
 - d. Dejazmach Goshu of Gojjam
23. The ruler of Egypt in the time of Yohanes IV was.....
- a. Mohammed Ali
 - b. Mohammed Said
 - Khedive Ismail
 - Hosni Mubarak
24. Which geographical feature that forms when rock layers bend upwards ?
- a. Anticline
 - b. Fluting
 - c. monocline
 - d. Syncline

25. Which agro climate zone of Ethiopia is globally known as Temperate?
- a. Kola b. Wurch c. Dega d. Qolla
26. Which of the following is correct about Dormant Volcano ?
- a. They may erupt the future
- b. They are likely to erupt again
- c. Another name is dead volcano
- d. Not expected erupt the future
27. Which of the following is correctly matched ?
- a. Air pressure , Barometer
- b. Temperature, Anemometer
- c. Earthquake, Seismometer
- d. Rain fall, Anemometer
28. During the summer season of the northern hemisphere, Ethiopia experience
- a. The Bega season
- b. The rainy season
- c. Winter season
- d. Dry season
29. Obtained by the difference between the maximum and minimum temperatures in a day.
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- a. Monthly average temperature
- b. Daily range of temperature
- c. Monthly average temperature
- d. Annual mean temperature
30. Which one is correct about Troposphere ?
- a. It is coldest layer of atmosphere

- b. It extends as far 1000 km above the surface
 - c. It is the lower portion of atmosphere
 - d. Direct relation between temperature
31. Which trade activity involves the selling of goods large quantity?
- a. Enter pot trade
 - b. Retail trade
 - c. Whole sale trade
 - d. Import trade
32. Which one is socially formed group of individuals with similar skin color, facial features and height ?
- a. Language
 - b. Religion
 - c. Human race
 - d. Multicultural
33. The first tax system was introduced by Emperor
- a. Hileslassi I
 - b. Tewodros II
 - c. Menelik II
 - d. Zerayakob
34. All of the following are Sematic Language Except.
- a. Afargna
 - b. Ge,ez
 - c. Amharic
 - d. Guragigna
35. Which one of the following refers to primary economic activities classified as primary economy ?
- a. Producing final goods
 - b. Provision of service
 - c. Processing raw material
 - d. Extraction of resource
36. Which one of the following economic activities classified as a tertiary economic activities ?
- a. Agriculture
 - b. Transportation
 - c. Construction
 - d. Mining

37. The science and practice of farming for local or commercial use is.....
- a. Agriculture
 - b. Fishing
 - c. Manufacture
 - d. Transportation
38. Who was the Portugal sailor to search all water routes around Africa to East ?
- a. Bartholomew Diaz
 - b. Christopher Columbus
 - c. Vasco da Gama
 - d. a and c
39. The religious movement that led to separation of Protestants from the catholic church was?
- a. Reformation
 - b. Renaissance
 - c. The council of Trent
 - d. Counter reformation
40. The monastic order of Society of Jesus was founded by
- a. Martin Luther
 - b. Michelangelo
 - c. Leonardo da Vinci
 - d. Ignatius Loyala
41. Was an English man is often considered as the greatest poet and playwright of all time:
- a. Nicola Machiavelli
 - b. Leonardo De Vinci
 - c. Johannes Gutenberg
 - d. William Shakespeare
42. Which one is describes the first industrial revolution activities ?
- a. Use of electricity and Petroleum as source of power
 - b. Use of steam and coal as source of power
 - c. Mankind has entered the space age

- d. Invention of faster and newer means of transportation
43. Which one of the following marks the social consequences of industrial revolution?
- a. Explanation of world trade activities
 - b. Decline of landed aristocracy
 - c. Development and growth of cities
 - d. Explanation of factory
44. Which of the following country was the member of triple entente during first world war ?
- a. German
 - b. Austrian Hungary
 - c. France
 - d. Italy
45. What was the immediate cause of first world war ?
- a. German troops invaded Poland
 - b. The assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand
 - c. Nationalism, Imperialism, Militarism
 - d. The formation of the Alliance system
46. On August 6 and 9, 1945, the USA dropped two Atomic bombs two Japanese cities were respectively
- a. Nagasaki and Hiroshima
 - b. Hiroshima and Nagasaki
 - c. Hiroshima and Tokyo
 - d. Nagasaki and Tokyo
47. Germany declared war on In August 1, 1914 and on In August 3, 1914 respectively
- a. Poland and England
 - b. Italy and France
 - c. Russia and France
 - d. Austro Hungary and Serbian

48. Russian president Michal Gorbachove promised to improve living standards of the people and industrial efficiency of Russia a policy called
- a. NATO
 - b. rest-Litovsk
 - c. Glasnost
 - d. Versailles
49. Which countries were the first actors of slave trade in Africa ?
- a. Britian and France
 - b. Portuguese and Spain
 - c. Caribbean countries
 - d. Africans and Americans
50. Why do European choose Africans for slavery ?
- a. They do not develop a certain level of immunity to tropical diseases
 - b. They were unfamiliar European diseases
 - c. They quickly died of the harsh treatments
 - d. They have experience in metal working and agriculture
51. Which of the following was the political factor that led to abolition of slave trade ?
- a. American war of independence against Britian
 - b. Africans had to make the best of their ability and resisted enslavement
 - c. European manufacturers found that cheap wage labor
 - d. European were seeking market began to regard African as the source of raw materials
52. Among the following one is not the objective of OAU
- a. Promote unity and solidarity
 - b. Territorial integrity of member states
 - c. Create barriers to the flow of market between member states
 - d. Promote international cooperation with in UN frame work
53. Which of the following is true about colonialism in Africa?
- a. All African countries were colonized

- b. The system of administration was democratic
 - c. Ethiopia and Liberia were independent
 - d. African Religious and traditional forms supported by colonial powers
54. The first president of Ghana after independence was:
- a. Jomo Kenyata
 - b. Augustino Neto
 - c. Samora Michel's
 - d. Kwame Nkrumab
55. The treaty that was signed between Emperor Menlik II of Ethiopia and Pietro Antoneli of Italy on may 2, 1889 was :
- a. Hewet treaty
 - b. Wuchale treaty
 - c. Addis Ababa treaty
 - d. Dogali treaty
56. The first bank of Ethiopian was known as
- a. Commercial Bank of Ethiopia
 - b. Zemen bank of Ethiopia
 - c. Construction Bank of Ethiopia
 - d. Bank of Abyssinia
57. In 1875 and 1876 by which battle emperor Yohannes defeated the Egyptians force
- a. Battle of Gundat and Gura
 - b. Battle of Leche
 - c. Battle of Embabo
 - d. Battle of Assam
58. Emperor Tewodros II established on arms manufacturing at :
- a. Mekdela
 - b. Metema
 - c. Gafat
 - d. Tolay

59. On July 11, 1871 Kassa Mercha defeated Tekla Giyorgis at the battle of ?

- a. Daraseg
- b. Guramba
- c. Assam
- d. Ayshal

60. Which one of the following is wrongly combined ?

- a. Dejjach Goshu – Battle of Guramba
- b. Dajjach Liban AMade and Amade Bashir – Battle of Assam
- c. Ras Ali – Battle of Ayshal
- d. Dejjach Wube --- Battle of Gorgora Bichen