

UNIT 6- NATURAL WONDERS

I. Pronunciation

A) Find the different sound

1.A. hunted	B. explored	C. changed	D. raised
2.A. stopped	B. litered	C. formed	D. followed
3.A. natural	B. locate	C. create	D. cave
4.A. mind	B. scenic	C. summit	D. disturb
5.A. government	B. level	C. spectacular	D. accessible

B) Find the different stressed syllable

1.A. explore	B. wonder	C. consider	D. disturb
2.A. famous	B. forest	C. accessible	D. visitor
3.A. ranger	B. family	C. formation	D. suitable
4.A. memory	B. protect	C. reward	D. community
5.A. damage	B. cafeteria	C. natural	D. ancient

II. Multiple choice

1. I love climbing mountains. The view at the _____ is always amazing.

A. wonder B. beauty C. scenic D. summit

2. Food in Northern Vietnam is not as _____ as that in Central and Southern Vietnam, as black pepper is often used rather than chilies.

A. strong B. flavor C. spicy D. exciting

3. There is a special _____ tour, which has cave experts and tour guide

A. five - days B. five – day C. five day D. all are correct

4. The view from the top of the mountain was _____.

A. challenging B. formation C. spectacular D. outcrop

5. It's a _____ but unique experience.

A. scenic B. challenging C. spectacular D. accessible

6. If you do something bad, the police might _____ you, and you'll have to pay some money.

A. fine B. summits C. disturb D. find

7. In Sơn Đoòng Cave, Water moving down for millions of years created amazing rock.....

A. formations B. spectaculars C. landscapes D. rainforests

8. She's interested in studying the..... maps of different countries in the world.

A. geology B. geological C. geologically D. geologist

9. People sometimes _____ animals in the natural park because they sell them for a lot of money

A. hunt B. spoil C. disturb D. consider

10. I think Nha Trang is _____ beautiful as Mui Ne

A. more B. the most C. as D. so

11. Have you ever considered _____ a pharmacist?

A. become B. becoming C. to become D. became

12. I enjoy bringing lunch to the beach, _____ I never litter

A. though B. but C. because D. so

13. Lam: "Should rangers let tourists explore on their own? Khanh: " _____ "

A. Yeah, I liked it. B. Yes, I do.

C. No. That'll cause damage. D. No, I hate them.

14. **Thanh:** "People should stop having picnics at the park. They always litter so much" **Hoai:** " _____ "

A. OK, let's do that. B. I like picnics.

C. Picnics aren't the problem, though. D. I hate them, too

15. Goa Pindul Cave is famous _____ its river.

A. to B. up C. for D. from

III. Signs

1. What does the sign mean?

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1. What does the sign mean?



- A. Many people like to walk to the waterfall.
- B. You'll see a waterfall ten kilometers from here.
- C. The water fall is five kilometers wide.

D. Walk five kilometers to get to the waterfall.

2. What does the sign mean?



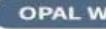
- A. All vehicles are not allowed to park here.
- B. Drivers must not go on this way.
- C. There is a shop selling electric vehicles ahead.
- D. Only electric cars can be parked at this place.

IV. Word form

1. Christopher Columbus was one of the most famous Italian _____. (explore)
2. The number of visitors to the Galapagos Islands is very _____ to preserve its unique ecosystem. (limitation)
3. My teacher said volcanic activity _____ the mountains that we see today. (formation)
4. Junko Tabei was the first _____ to reach the summit of Mount Everest (mount)
5. They have won the game show _____ (wonder)

6. Going to this cave is more _____ than that one (access)

law noun

 A2  OPAL W  OPAL S

 /lɔ:/

 /lɔ:/

 Idioms

one rule

1   A2 [countable] a rule that deals with a particular crime, agreement, etc.

- *to pass a law* (= officially make it part of the system of laws)
- *law against (doing) something* *Police don't have the resources to enforce the law against dumping waste.*
- *(informal) There ought to be a law against it!*
- *law on something* *The company's actions violated the law on equal employment.*
- *The suspects were in clear violation of immigration laws.*

V. Look at the entry of the word 'LAW AND TOURIST' in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words.

1. Students should learn about the _____ human rights in school.

2. The government decided to _____ to protect the environment from pollution.

tourist noun

 A1

 /'tuərist/,  /'tɔ:rɪst/

 /'tʊrɪst/

1   A1 a person who is travelling or visiting a place for pleasure

- *busloads of foreign tourists*
- *a popular tourist attraction/destination/resort*
- *the tourist industry/sector*
- *The tourist season here peaks in spring.*
- *The island attracts tourists from all over the world.*
- *The tourist information centre is right next to the mosque.*
- *The changing of the guard is popular with the tourists.*

3. The _____ in this coastal town usually peaks during the summer months when the beaches are at their best

4. The _____ plays a crucial role in the economy of this city, providing jobs and attracting visitors from around the world.

VI. Choose the correct answer that best fits the blank space in the following passage:

Many tourists know Southeast Asia for its beaches and national parks, but they often miss another kind of natural (17) _____ hidden there. In this article, we'll explore three amazing caves in Southeast Asia!

Goa Pindul Cave is famous for its river. Visitors can (18) _____ along it and enjoy the fantastic rock formations. Goa Pindul Cave's far more (19) _____ than many other caves. Visitors can reach it without having to hike or climb.

Deer Cave is much bigger than Goa Pindul Cave. It's over four kilometers long. Visitors can see (20) _____ here, including deer. It's a bit more difficult to reach than Goa Pindul Cave. There's a long walk, so visitors should bring strong shoes and raincoats.

Sơn Đoòng Cave is (21) _____ bigger than both the others. Because of this, it's much more scenic than most other caves. It has things like a forest, underground rivers, and a rock (22) _____ called "The Great Wall of Vietnam". It's in a rainforest, so it isn't as accessible as Deer Cave, and it's much more expensive to visit.

17. A.destination	B.wonder	C.resouce	D.beauty
18. A.swim	B.walk	C.float	D.get
19. A.valueable	B.accessible	C.charming	D.attractive
20. A.wildlife	B.views	C.sightseers	D.caves
21. A.extremely	B.so	C.very	D.far
22. A.forest	B.beach	C.formation	D.information

VII. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False and choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D) for the questions 27 and 28.

Sapa, located in the northern mountains of Vietnam, is one of the most picturesque places in the country. It is known for its cool climate, terraced rice fields, and beautiful valleys. The town is home to many ethnic minority groups, such as the H'Mong and Dao people, who still follow traditional ways of life.

Unlike Vietnam's tropical beaches, Sapa offers visitors a different experience with its misty mountains and fresh air. Trekking is the most popular activity, as tourists can hike through the hills and visit remote villages. In the winter, Sapa sometimes even experiences snowfall, making it a rare sight in Vietnam.

ANSWERS
23.
24.
25.
26.
27.
28.

Overall, Sapa is a wonderful place to visit for those who enjoy nature and culture. The **breathtaking** scenery and unique way of life of the local people make it a memorable destination.

23. Sapa's climate is consistently warm throughout the year. →

24. Trekking is not a popular activity in Sapa due to its difficult terrain. →

25. During winter, Sapa occasionally sees snowfall, which is an unusual phenomenon in Vietnam. →

26. Sapa is a great place to experience local ethnic cultures. →

27. What makes Sapa distinct from other tourist destinations in Vietnam?

- A. Its vast beaches and tropical weather
- B. Its warm climate and urban development
- C. Its terraced rice fields, cool climate, and ethnic diversity
- D. Its large theme parks and modern entertainment centers

28. The word “breathtaking” in the last paragraph is closest in meaning to:

- A. dull
- B. stunning
- C. common
- D. unimpressive