UNIT 2 TEST

GRAMMAR

1 Circle the relative pronouns which are possible. If it is possible to omit the pronoun, circle –. Sometimes more than one answer is possible.

1 We went to a concert *who / that* / – Stefan had organised.
2 This is the stadium – / *where / which* the national team play most of their matches.
3 Jeston is one of the trendiest suburbs, *that / which / where* is probably why it is such a popular place to live.
4 The architect, – / *which / who* I have known since childhood, has transformed this neighbourhood.
5 The title of the book *that* / – / *who* I'm reading is *New Architecture*.
6 The college, *who / which / that* was built over 500 years ago, has seen many changes in its time.
7 There aren't many people in the world *who* / – / *which* know as much about the subject as Mark Lewis.
8 Did you tell everybody the date – / *which / when* the next meeting is likely to take place?

/ 8

2 Rewrite each of the pairs of sentences below as one sentence using a relative clause.

1 A leading architect has just designed a new type of eco-house. She works in the United States.
_____
2 We visited the housing estate. My parents were both born there.
_____
3 John Robson designed a lot of buildings. Some of them are still standing.
_____
4 Simon met one of the architects. Her designs have won a prize.
_____
5 The designer spent some time in Africa. During that time he started using bright colours.
_____

/10

3 Complete the sentences with a future form of the verb in brackets.

1 You look really tired. I _____ (finish) the clearing up. Go and lie down.
2 The first train to Southampton _____ (leave) at 7.15am. Shall we get that one?
3 I failed my exams last term, so I _____ (work) really hard this term.
4 I've arranged to go the museum with Dan later. I _____ (meet) him at three near the town hall clock.
5 Can I borrow €20? I _____ (give) you the money back tomorrow, I promise.
6 I'm looking forward to the weekend. I _____ (put) my feet up and relax.
7 Thanks for your help. I _____ (see) you tomorrow.
8 In the future, I think we _____ (build) a space station on the moon.

/ 8

VOCABULARY

4 Complete the sentences with the correct words. The first letter(s) are given.

1 It was a very r_____-d_____ part of town. The houses were in bad condition.
2 With new wine bars and shops everywhere, this is an u_____-and-c_____ suburb.
3 In the 19th century, this was a very a_____ city. Many people here were very rich.
4 The new multi-storey car park is h_____. It's the ugliest building I've ever seen.
5 The government are investing in this d_____ region in which many people are jobless.
6 This is a r_____ area. There aren't any businesses here – only flats and houses.
7 Be careful. That's a r_____ part of town. You could be robbed or attacked.
8 The h_____ centre of the city contains buildings from the sixteenth century.

/ 8

5 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

bonfire	parade	mask	band	confetti	fireworks
display	float	costume	sound system		

1 At the fancy dress party, Millie wore a _____ so that nobody would be able to see her face.
2 I took part in a _____ which marched through the centre of the town.
3 The organisers lit a _____ made of wood.
4 As the newly-married couple left the church, they were showered with _____ .
5 The organisers turned up the volume on the _____. It was really loud!
6 Some of the people wore a _____. They dressed as characters from historical times.
7 At the end, they set off _____. They were bright in the night sky.
8 A _____ marched through the town centre, playing their instruments.
9 At the festival, we saw a _____ of flowers arranged to look like a flag.
10 There were children singing on the back of the _____ as it was driven through the city.

/ 10

6 Complete the sentences with *due*, *bound* or *not likely*.

1 According to my timetable, the next bus is _____ to arrive any minute now.
2 Tom is _____ to lose the match. He hasn't practised for weeks and his opponent is really good.
3 We're _____ to get lost. We haven't got a map!
4 Graham and Lucy are _____ to graduate this year. They haven't done enough work.
5 The special guests are _____ to get here in five minutes, so be ready.
6 I'm _____ to get into the stadium. I haven't got a ticket and it's sold out.

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LIVEWORKSHEETS

UNIT 4 TEST

GRAMMAR

1 Complete the sentences with *so* or *such*.

1 It was _____ dark outside we couldn't see where we were going.
2 Sam is _____ a talented dancer that she should go professional.
3 There were _____ many people at the concert that we couldn't get anywhere near the front.
4 You shouldn't work _____ long hours. You'll make yourself ill.
5 _____ much of our time was spent in the studio that we hardly had time to eat.
6 The government was _____ corrupt that nobody voted for them.
7 It was _____ a wet day that very few people went out to vote.
8 The organisers lost money because _____ few people went to the festival.

/ 8

2 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences with *the ..., the ... .*

1 better, /The / sooner / the
_____
2 people / they / The / are, / better / money / educated / the / earn / they / more
_____
3 food / eat, / The / fatter / get / people / they / the / junk / more /
_____
4 The / appealing / more / becomes / I / it / think / the / about / it,
_____
5 garden, / The / in / better / more / it / looks / time / spend / the / I /the
_____

/ 10

VOCABULARY

3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in the box.

go	struggle	make	boom	undermine	boost

1 Currently, the job market _____. Every day, there are more and more jobs.
2 The magazine _____ bankrupt last year. Sales had fallen to very low levels.
3 The scandal _____ public support for the government. Nobody trusted the president.
4 Since 2013, investment _____ a significant difference to the lives of ordinary people.
5 In recent months, the president's popularity _____ support for the government. People like her so they will vote for her government.
6 When electricity prices go up, poorer people _____ to pay their bills.

/ 6

4 Read the definitions and write the missing words.

1 when there isn't enough water because of a lack of rain: water s_____
2 a complicated system of government rules and paperwork: annoying b_____
3 when a government or organisation is not strict or strong on an issue: s_____ on crime
4 a period when the economy is bad and there is high unemployment: a r_____
5 the amount of money you pay in bills, etc. on a daily basis: the cost of l_____
6 when a company loses money and stops trading: it is b_____

/ 6

5 Complete the sentences with the missing prepositions.

1 I saw a fascinating programme _____ TV.
2 I'd never vote _____ that party. Their policies are awful.
3 The local council has cut back _____ unnecessary paperwork.
4 Politicians don't seem concerned _____ the things that are important to ordinary people.
5 Jeff was so far _____ debt that he was in trouble with the bank.
6 The government has done nothing _____ me!
7 Politicians spend more time fighting _____ themselves than dealing with important issues.
8 I don't agree _____ you at all.

/ 8

6 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in the box. Use box A for sentences 1–6 and box B for sentences 7–12.

A	become	deny	launch	suffer	uphold	win

1 The man next door has just _____ a grandfather. His daughter gave birth yesterday.
2 The government has _____ a new initiative to persuade people to drive more carefully.
3 A number of passengers _____ broken bones in last week's plane crash.
4 The judge _____ the company's claim. He agreed that they had the right to build on the land.
5 Penny was _____ promotion because she hadn't worked hard enough during the year.
6 The lawyers _____ the case against the government. They are celebrating their victory.

B	claim	meet	see	compare	reverse	conduct

7 The police are _____ investigations into the crime.
8 It's hard to _____ your achievements to Harry's. They are both significant but very different.
9 We want to reduce homelessness by 10%, and we hope to _____ that target in five years.
10 Poverty is getting worse. How can we _____ this downward spiral?
11 The Green Party _____ victory in the election. They were sure they had won.
12 Do you _____ these points of view as interconnected?

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LIVEWORKSHEETS

UNIT 8 TEST

GRAMMAR

1 Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets in the correct form and *might*, *must* or *can't*.

1 You _____ (leave) your bag at school. I know you didn't take it with you this morning.
2 Tony _____ (have) a very well-paid job. He lives in a huge house and drives a Ferrari.
3 The man on the right in the photo _____ (be) Peter. But, to be honest, I'm just guessing.
4 Look how disappointed all the boys look. Oh dear. They _____ (lose) the match.
5 The police _____ (find) the missing schoolchildren, but don't get your hopes up yet. This hasn't been confirmed.
6 She _____ (be) Susie's sister. Susie's an only child.
7 The burglars _____ (escape) through the back window. It's the only way out.
8 If we'd entered the competition, we _____ (win). Who knows?

/ 8

2 Complete the sentences with the correct preposition.

1 There is a need _____ better policing in this area.
2 The council is running the risk _____ losing a lot of money.
3 What hope do we have _____ getting a fairer justice system?
4 There isn't much point _____ speaking to him about the issue now.
5 Sheila really didn't have any excuse _____ being late.
6 On the drive north, we didn't have any problem _____ the traffic.
7 I think the quality _____ the water is very good in this region.
8 The police have put a strong focus _____ tackling vandalism.
9 We really don't want a return _____ the days of high unemployment.
10 Teenagers today have no respect _____ authority.

/ 10

VOCABULARY

3 Match the verbs 1–6 to the words and phrases a–f to make common collocations.

1 go	a over 100 kilometres per hour
2 grab	b a window
3 do	c overdrawn
4 smash	d to death
5 beat	e a building where robbers were hiding
6 raid	f a handbag

/ 6

4 Complete the sentences with the missing prepositions.

1 The burglars were caught _____ camera.
2 The thieves got hold _____ the bank details of hundreds of different people.
3 When I realised that Polly hadn't come _____ from her walk, I rang the police.
4 Thieves must have broken _____ the house through the window at the back of the house.
5 A man came _____ to me in the street and threatened me with a knife.
6 The bomb went _____ in the middle of a crowded market.
7 Some children who set fire _____ a greenhouse have been caught.
8 I tried to catch the dog before it caused any more problems, but it just ran _____.

/ 8

5 Complete each sentence with a verb from A and preposition from B. Write the verbs in the correct form.

A convict launch treat place let lock serve (x2) release (x2)

B of (x2) on in (x2) out after for with against

1 The two prisoners were _____ _____ their cells for three days.
2 The business leader was _____ _____ fraud.
3 The burglar was _____ early _____ good behaviour.
4 These days, prisons _____ a lot of emphasis _____ rehabilitation.
5 I'd like to be _____ _____ respect.
6 He _____ seven months _____ prison.
7 The defendants have _____ an appeal _____ the judge's decision.
8 They didn't _____ her _____ of her cell.
9 He wasn't _____ until _____ an appeal.
10 Andrews _____ three months _____ a six-month sentence.

/ 10

6 Choose the correct word to complete the sentences.

1 The crime rates have *soared / plunged / peaked* by 10%. They are now lower than ever.
2 The government's policies have *led / resulted / accounted* to a rise in unemployment.
3 There is a clear *coincided / rank / correlation* between high unemployment and high rates of crime.
4 Sales figures reached a *drop / peak / rise* in August at a record-breaking 10,000 units.
5 As the economy went downhill, there was a *drop / soar / link* in the value of the currency of 30%.
6 What does this level of poverty *result / increase / stem* from?
7 Minor theft *accounts / reasons / results* for the majority of crimes committed in the last month.
8 Violent crime may have been a *role / factor / result* in the decision to close the resort.

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LIVEWORKSHEETS

UNIT 9 TEST

GRAMMAR

1 Circle the correct form to complete the conditional sentences.

1 If I *get* / *will get* the job, I'm going to celebrate all night long!
2 If you're worried about your current workload, you *talk* / *should talk* to your boss one day next week.
3 Things will work out if you *keep* / *will keep* working hard.
4 If Jon does really well in the exams, he is *getting* / *might get* a place at the university of his choice.
5 I *don't* / *won't* feel like doing much if the weather's horrible tomorrow.
6 This is just a word of advice, but maybe you *will* / *should* take more responsibility if that's what your boss keeps telling you.
7 If *I'm* / *I will be* free, I always help out.
8 Come on! We *don't* / *won't* earn much if we don't get a move on and start doing some work.

/ 8

VOCABULARY

2 Complete the sentences using the prompts.

1 If I were you, I / leave / now
If I were you, _____
2 Even if I'd known about the concert, I / not go
Even if I'd known about the concert, _____
3 If I had your job, I / feel great
If I had your job, _____
4 We probably would have stayed if it / not rain
We probably would have stayed if _____
5 If you hadn't reminded me, I / never / remember
If you hadn't reminded me, _____
6 If Susie hadn't rescued me, I / not be / here now
If Susie hadn't rescued me, _____

/ 12

3 Complete the sentences with the verbs in the box in the correct form. You can use the verbs more than once.

hand	get	find	struggle	feel

1 It's difficult to _____ the hang of things when you start a new job.
2 Last Tuesday, I _____ in my notice. I don't want to work here anymore.
3 I hope to _____ promoted next month.
4 I'm _____ the job really hard to do. I'm sure it'll get easier though.
5 Ten employees _____ made redundant last week as part of a cost-cutting exercise.
6 The job is so demanding that many _____ to cope.
7 Do you _____ the work physically draining?
8 How do you _____ about working extra hours? Is it something you'd be happy to do?

/ 8

4 Match the descriptions 1–6 to the adjectives a–f.

1 Tim's job gives him personal satisfaction.	a stimulating
2 Joe is sensible, reliable and can be trusted.	b rewarding
3 Amy has a job that's boring and repetitive.	c draining
4 Sara's job is demanding and hard to do.	d stretching
5 Fiona finds her job full of interest and new challenges.	e menial
6 At the end of each day, Ed is absolutely exhausted after work.	f responsible

/ 6

5 Rewrite the second sentence in each pair so that it has a similar meaning to the first. Use the word in brackets.

1 Sandra will most probably get a new job in March. (bound)
Sandra _____
2 We probably won't get much money for doing all this work. (doubt)
We _____
3 All the employees will almost certainly have completed their schedules. (bound)
All the employees _____
4 I don't think I'll pass the exam. (probably)
I _____
5 We almost definitely won't get a pay rise this morning. (doubt)
We _____

/ 5

6 Complete the sentences with the correct form of a verb.

1 I have never _____ foot on a factory floor in my life.
2 Students have been _____ cheap labour for cafés and restaurants for many years.
3 It was such a good day out. Everybody _____ a laugh, and joined in the fun.
4 At first, the job was interesting, but very soon, the novelty _____ off, and I got bored.
5 Could you _____ in a good word for me with the boss? Just tell her how hard I'm working.

/ 5

7 Complete the sentences with words in the box.

short	conclude	hands	shows	sum	moving

1 In my talk, I'll go on to _____ that the workplace is a changing environment.
2 So, _____ on, I'd next like to discuss the role of technology in the workplace.
3 _____ up everyone who agrees with my previous point.
4 To _____ up, we need to change, and that change is needed now.
5 This chart _____ that sales have improved since the start of the year.
6 In _____, we mustn't let this opportunity pass us by.

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LIVEWORKSHEETS