

Section 4

Good morning. In the last few lectures I've been talking about the (1).....
..... But today I want to begin looking at some contemporary, experimental designs for housing. So, I'm going to start with a house which is constructed (2) And one of the interesting things about this project is that the owners - both professionals but not architects-wanted to be closely involved, so they decided to manage the project themselves. Their (3) somewhere that was as environmentally-friendly as possible. But at the same time they wanted to live somewhere peaceful - they'd both grown up in a (4) urban life.

So the first thing they did was to look for a site. And they found (5).....
..... in a beautiful area. The price was relatively low, and they liked the idea of recycling the land, as it were. As it was, the quarry was an ugly blot on the landscape, and it (6), either.

They consulted various architects and looked at a number of designs before finally deciding on one. As I've said, it was a design for a (7).....
....., and it was built into the earth itself, with two storeys. The north, east and west sides were set in the earth, and only the sloping, south-facing side was exposed to light. That was (8) of very strong glass. There were also photovoltaic tiles fixed to the top and bottom of this sloping wall. These are tiles that are designed to store energy from the sun. And the walls had a layer of foam around them too, (9)

Now, what is of interest to us about this project is the features which make the building energy-efficient. Sunlight floods in through the glass wall, and to maximise it there are lots of (10) the house. That helps to spread the light around. So that's the first thing -light is utilised as fully as possible.

In addition, the special tiles on the outside convert energy from the sun and generate some of the house's electricity. In fact, and it's possible that in future the house may even (11), and that the owners will be able to sell some to the national grid.

As well as that, wherever possible, recycled materials have been used. For example, the floors are made of reclaimed wood, And the owners haven't bought a single item of new furniture - they just kept what they already had. And then there's the system for dealing with the (12) This is dealt with organically- it's purified by being filtered through reed beds which have been planted for that purpose in the garden. So the occupants of the house won't pollute the land or use any damaging chemicals.

It's true that the actual construction of the house was (13)..... mainly because they had to use massive amounts of concrete - one of the biggest sources of carbon dioxide in manufacturing. And, as you know, this is very damaging to the environment. In total, the house construction has released (14)..... into the air. Now that's a frightening thought. However, once the initial 'debt' has been cleared- and it's been calculated that this will only take fifteen years - this underground house won't cost anything- environmentally I mean- because unlike ordinary houses, it is run in a way that (15).....

So, eco-housing like this is likely to become much more...