

ĐỀ SỐ 9

Câu I. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác với các từ còn lại. (1,0 điểm)

| | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A. <u>habitat</u> | B. <u>authority</u> | C. <u>handicraft</u> | D. <u>grandparent</u> |
| 2. A. <u>insect</u> | B. <u>percent</u> | C. <u>wetland</u> | D. <u>belief</u> |
| 3. A. <u>parents</u> | B. <u>brothers</u> | C. <u>weekends</u> | D. <u>monkeys</u> |
| 4. A. <u>complained</u> | B. <u>compared</u> | C. <u>applied</u> | D. <u>polished</u> |

Câu II. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với từ hoặc cụm từ thích hợp để hoàn thành các câu sau. (3,0 điểm)

5. Scientists are working on _____ new theory. It might change our understanding of the universe.

A. a B. an C. the D. Ø

6. The rover moved slowly _____ the area to collect samples of Martian soil.

A. into B. towards C. onto D. across

7. Farming tools were much less _____ in the past than they are now.

A. efficiency B. efficient C. efficiently D. effect

8. You should choose a job that is based on your _____ and your likes.

A. levels B. abilities C. rates D. career

9. In Vietnam, the _____ has been rapidly growing, attracting millions of visitors each year to explore its rich cultural heritage.

A. traditional cuisine B. economic growth C. tourism industry D. advanced technology

10. This road is very narrow. It _____ be widened to reduce traffic jams.

A. need B. might C. must D. may

11. They enjoy Mrs. Green's classes _____ she is always kind to her students.

A. because B. unless C. although D. though

12. I would rather you _____ more vegetables in your meals instead of junk food.

A. eat B. ate C. eating D. eaten

13. Traditional volunteer activities include _____ money for people in need and cooking food.

A. rising B. raising C. getting D. taking

14. Someone _____ her house and took all her savings.

A. broke up B. broke out C. broke into D. broke down

15. What does the sign mean?

A. You can turn left.
 B. You can go straight.
 C. You cannot turn left and move ahead.
 D. You can turn left and move ahead.

**16. What does the sign mean?**

A. Vans can move on this road.
 B. Vans mustn't move on this road.
 C. No vehicles please!
 D. Vans over 16 tons can continue going.

**Câu III. Viết dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành các câu sau. (1,0 điểm)**

17. I don't like them because they _____ always (complain) _____.

18. The students (discuss) _____ innovative solutions for global problems when the teacher entered the classroom.

19. Would you please remind her (call) _____ me tomorrow morning?

20. He prefers (go) _____ for a walk to watching TV at home.

Câu IV. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D để điền vào chỗ trống trong đoạn văn sau. (1,0 điểm)

Hi Lucia,

How are you? It was so nice to meet you in Sydney last week at the sales meeting.

Here's a photo of you and me at the restaurant (21) _____ we finished the project together. That was a very fun night! Remember the singing Englishman? Crazy! Please send me any other photos you have of that night. Good (22) _____!

Anyway, I have the documents about the new Berlin offices (23) _____ you need. Please give me your email address and I will send you the documents.

Can you come and see Berlin one day? I would love to show you Berlin, especially in the winter. Have you ever seen (24) _____ snow? You will see lots here!

Bye for now,

Mikel

(Adapted from <https://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org/>)

| | | | |
|------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 21. A. before | B. after | C. while | D. when |
| 22. A. memorable | B. memories | C. memorial | D. memorize |
| 23. A. who | B. whom | C. which | D. whose |
| 24. A. riding | B. driving | C. flying | D. running |

Câu V. Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn câu trả lời đúng cho các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

Kal Kaur Rai has always been interested in fashion and has just won the title of Young Achiever of the Year at the Asian Business Awards. Ever since she was a child, she has drawn clothes and designed patterns. She never told her hard-working parents, who own a supermarket, that she wanted to turn her hobby into a career. She thought they expected her to go into a more established business, so she went to university to do a management degree.

After university, she moved to London and worked in an advertising agency. She had to attend industry events but couldn't afford the designer clothes she liked. She started making skirts and tops for herself. When her friends saw her clothes, they asked her to make things for them. She then found a small shop in London willing to take her designs on a sale-or-return basis. They were very popular and nothing came back. This encouraged her to leave her advertising job, take out a £20,000 loan and begin her own womenswear label:

(Adapted from <https://www.moetenglishclub.com/>)

25. What is this passage mainly about?

- A. encouraging fashion designers to make better business plans
- B. comparing a job in fashion with other choices of career
- C. giving details of recent changes in the fashion industry
- D. explaining how a woman set up a fashion business

26. Kal decided to borrow £20,000 when _____.

- A. all her clothes in the London shop were sold.
- B. her friends asked her to make clothes for them.
- C. she lost her job at the advertising agency.
- D. the fashion industry was in a period of growth.

27. What does the word “them” in paragraph 2 refer to?

- A. skirts
- B. things
- C. Kal's friends
- D. the designer clothes

28. The word “agency” most closely means _____.

- A. shop
- B. store
- C. company
- D. counter

Câu VI. Đọc đoạn văn sau và trả lời các câu hỏi. (1,0 điểm)

ESTHER'S STORY

When Esther left school at the age of sixteen, her aunt Flory gave her £500 for her birthday. Most of Esther's friends decided to go to college, but Esther used her aunt's money to start her own business. She bought fruit, sugar and some glass jars and began making her own jam. She sold the jam for £1 a jar to her friends and she soon doubled her aunt's £500. At first, her parents didn't want Esther to spend her time making jam and they thought that she should study instead. They hoped that one day she would be a teacher or a doctor. But Esther didn't listen to them. She just kept on making jam. After a few months, she started selling it to the local market. Then she started making orange juice. After two years, her business was very large and her parents were very pleased with her. She made all

kinds of food which she sold to shops and supermarkets. She was so busy that she had to get some people to work for her.

(Adapted from <https://www.moetenglishclub.com/>)

29. Did Esther make jam or orange juice at the beginning?

30. What did she use £500 for?

31. Did her parents feel happy with her business at first?

32. How long did it take her to sell her products to shops and supermarkets?

Câu VII. Chọn một phương án A, B, C, hoặc D ứng với câu viết đúng nhất từ những từ cho sẵn. (0,5 điểm)

33. They/ play/ football/ when/ it/ start/ to/ rain/ heavily/.

A. They were playing football in the park when it started to rain heavily.

B. They played football in park when it started to rain heavily.

C. They were playing football in the park when it starts to rain heavily.

D. They were playing football in park when it started to rain heavily.

34. He/ work/ hard/ so that/ he/ earn/ more/ money/.

A. He worked hard so that he earns more money.

B. He worked hard so that he could earn more money.

C. He works hard so that he could earn more money.

D. He works hard so that he must earn more money.

Câu VIII. Hoàn thành câu thứ hai sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu đã cho. (1,5 điểm)

35. “Why do you like to buy handicrafts as souvenirs?” the son asked his father.

→ *The son asked*

36. She finds it difficult to understand his accent.

→ *She has difficulty*

37. Do more exercise, and you can stay healthy and keep fit.

→ *If*

38. I don’t have enough knowledge and skills to meet the requirements of their job.

→ *I wish*

39. He is the most famous artist in our country.

→ *He is more*

40. Despite the cold weather, the boys went swimming in the lake near the city centre.

→ *Although*