Chapter 4- Clause

Fill in the Blanks (5 Questions)

1. A clause that can stand alone as a complete sentence is called an _____ clause.
2. "Because she studied hard" is an example of a _____ clause.
3. A clause that functions as a noun in a sentence is called a _____ clause.
4. The word "when" in "I will call you when I reach home" is a _____ conjunction.
5. A clause that acts as an adverb in a sentence is called an _____ clause.

True or False (5 Questions)

1. Every clause contains a subject and a predicate. **(True / False)**
2. A dependent clause can form a complete sentence on its own. **(True / False)**
3. "She laughed" is an example of a dependent clause. **(True / False)**
4. Adjective clauses usually begin with relative pronouns like *who, which, that*. **(True / False)**

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5. A compound sentence contains only dependent clauses. (True / False)

Multiple Choice Questions (5 Questions)

1. **Identify the independent clause: "After the movie ended, we went home."**
   a) After the movie ended
   b) We went home
   c) After the movie
   d) Went home
2. **Which type of clause is underlined: "The book *that I borrowed* is overdue."**
   a) Noun clause
   b) Adjective clause
   c) Adverbial clause
   d) Independent clause
3. **What conjunction is used in the dependent clause: "She cried *because* she was hurt."**
   a) Coordinating
   b) Subordinating
   c) Correlative
   d) Relative
4. **Which sentence contains a noun clause?**
   a) I know *where he lives*.

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b) *When the bell rings*, we'll leave.

c) The girl *who won the prize* is my friend.

d) *If it rains*, stay indoors.

5. **"I will visit you *if I finish my work*." The underlined clause is:**

a) Independent

b) Noun clause

c) Adverbial clause

d) Adjective clause

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