UNIT 10: ECOTOURISM (1)

A. VOCABULARY

Từ vựng	Từ loại	Phiên âm IPA	Nghĩa
1. action	(n)	/ˈækʃən/	Hành động
2. attraction	(n)	/əˈtrækʃən/	Sự thu hút
3. business	(n)	/ˈbɪznɪs/	Việc kinh doanh
4. collection	(n)	/kəˈlekʃən/	Bộ sưu tập
5. coral	(n)	/ˈkɔːrəl/	San hô
6. craft	(v)	/kræft/	Làm thủ công
7. craftsmen	(v)	/ˈkræfts.mən/	Thợ thủ công
8. dive	(v)	/daɪv/	Lặn biển
9. documentary	(n)	/ˌdɑːkjəˈmenʈɘi/	Phim tài liệu
10. eco-friendly	(adj)	/iː.koʊ-ˈfrendli/	Thân thiện môi trường
11. ecotour	(n)	/iː.koʊ tʊər/	Du lịch than thiện môi trường
12. equipment	(n)	/ɪˈkwɪpmənt/	Trang bị
13. experience	(n)	/ɪkˈspɪriəns/	Trải nghiệm
14. explore	(v)	/ɪkˈsplɔːr/	Khám phá
15. fieldtrip	(n)	/fieldtrip/	Chuyến đi
16. handmade	(adj)	/ˌhændˈmeɪd/	Đồ thủ công
17. herb	(n)	/ɝːb/	Thảo dược
18. impact	(n, v)	/ˈɪmpækt/	ảnh hưởng
19. industry	(n)	/ˈɪndəstri/	Công nghiệp
20. introduce	(v)	/ˌɪntrəˈduːs/	Giới thiệu
21. litter	(n, v)	/ˈlɪʈɘ/	Rác, xả rác
22. mass tourism	(n)	/mæs ˈtʊrɪzəm/	Du lịch phá hoại môi trường
23. negative	(adj)	/ˈnegətɪv/	Tiêu cực
24. package	(n)	/ˈpækɪdʒ/	Gói hàng
25. profit	(n)	/ˈprɑːfɪt/	Lợi nhuận
26. promote	(v)	/prəˈmoʊt/	Thúc đẩy
27. reef	(n)	/riːf/	Rạng (san hô, đá,…)
28. respect	(n, v)	/rɪˈspekt/	Tôn trọng
29. responsible tourism	(n)	/rɪˈspɑːnsəbəl ˈtʊrɪzəm/	Du lịch có trách nhiệm
30. smokeless industry	(n)	/ˈsmoʊkləs ˈɪndəstri/	Công nghiệp không khói
31. snack	(n)	/snæk/	Đồ ăn vặt
32. souvenir	(n)	/ˌsuːvəˈnɪr/	Đồ lưu niệm
33. specific	(adj)	/spəˈsɪfɪk/	Cụ thể
34. stalactite	(n)	/ˈstæləktaɪt/	Thạch nhũ
35. sustainable tourism	(n)	/səˈsteɪnəbəl ˈtʊrɪzəm/	Du lịch bền vững
36. tourism	(adj)	/ˈtʊrɪzəm/	Du lịch
37. well-known	(adj)	/wel - noʊn/	Nổi tiếng
38. wetsuit	(n)	/ˈwet.suːt/	Đồ lặn

B. GRAMMAR:

I. CONDITIONAL SENTENCES TYPE 1 (CÂU ĐIỀU KIỆN LOẠI 1):

A. Form (Công thức):

$$\text{If} + S + V1^{s/es}, S + \text{will} + V_0$$

B. Use (Cách sử dụng):

- Câu điều kiện loại 1 dùng để diễn tả hành động và sự việc *có thể* diễn ra ở *hiện tại* và *tương lai*.

Vd:

- If people ARE aware of the damage that they may cause to harm the environment, our world WILL BECOME better. (Nếu mọi người nhận thức được những tổn thương họ có thể gây ra cho môi trường, thế giới của chúng ta sẽ trở nên tốt hơn)
- If the students DON'T litter, the school yard WILL BE cleaner. (Nếu học sinh không xr rác bừa bãi, sân trường sẽ trở nên sạch sẽ hơn)

II. CONDITIONAL SENTENCES TYPE 2 (CÂU ĐIỀU KIỆN LOẠI 2):

A. Form (Công thức):

$$\text{If} + S + V_{ed/2}, S + \text{would} + V_0$$

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B. Use (Cách sử dụng):

- Câu điều kiện loại 2 dùng để Diễn tả hành động, sự việc *trái* với sự thật ở *hiện tại*.

Vd:

- If I WERE the headmaster, I WOULD PROHIBIT using plastic in our school. (Nếu tôi là hiệu trưởng, tôi sẽ cấm việc sử dụng nhựa ở trường của chúng ta)
- If you WERE the teacher, what WOULD you DO to decrease the amount of garbage in our class. (Nếu bạn là giáo viên, bạn sẽ làm gì để làm giải lượng rác thải nhựa ở lớp chúng ta)

C. TEST

I-PRONUNCIATION:

E1: Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 1:	**A.** brochure	**B.** profit	**C.** local	**D.** follow
Question 2:	**A.** culture	**B.** public	**C.** sustain	**D.** butterfly
Question 3:	**A.** specific	**B.** protect	**C.** benefit	**D.** market
Question 4:	**A.** nature	**B.** manage	**C.** balance	**D.** campfire
Question 5:	**A.** public	**B.** brochure	**C.** understand	**D.** culture

E2: Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 1:	**A.** explore	**B.** aware	**C.** brochure	**D.** sustain
Question 2:	**A.** profit	**B.** protect	**C.** local	**D.** impact
Question 3:	**A.** fieldtrip	**B.** damage	**C.** tourist	**D.** behind
Question 4:	**A.** natural	**B.** recommend	**C.** interested	**D.** benefit
Question 5:	**A.** stalactite	**B.** encourage	**C.** attraction	**D.** amazing
Question 6:	**A.** environment	**B.** experience	**C.** sustainable	**D.** beneficial
Question 7:	**A.** ecotourism	**B.** relaxation	**C.** preservation	**D.** disappointed
Question 8:	**A.** negative	**B.** souvenir	**C.** cultural	**D.** industry
Question 9:	**A.** responsible	**B.** opportunity	**C.** sustainable	**D.** traditional

II-VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR:

E3: Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 1: We can help local artists _____a profit by buying handmade arts and crafts
A. do **B.** get **C.** make **D.** take

Question 2: Many tourists are not _____ of the impact of their actions on the local community.
A. critical **B.** aware **C.** practical **D.** profitable

Question 3: Both local people and tourists should be responsible for _____the environment.
A. protect **B.** to protect **C.** protecting **D.** protection

Question 4: For many years, the museum of history has been a major _____ of the city.
A. cultural identity **B.** natural feature **C.** tourist attraction **D.** remote area

Question 5: One of the benefits of _____ is that it creates job opportunities for local people.
A. mass tourism **B.** ecotourism **C.** sustainable tourism **D.** responsible tourism

Question 6: We're going on a(n) eco-friendly_____ to the countryside this weekend.
A. field trip **B.** shopping trip **C.** business trip **D.** round trips

Question 7: Tourists are not allowed to _____ in the park.
A. litter **B.** rubbish **C.** garbage **D.** waste

Question 8: Hoi An villages are famous _____their beautiful vegetable and herb gardens.
A. for **B.** with **C.** on **D.** to

Question 9: Ecotourism will help people to become more _____ of environmental protection.
A. original **B.** aware **C.** real-world **D.** essential

Question 10: The tourists are visiting a cave renowned for its beauty with _____.
A. souvenirs **B.** stalactites **C.** hosts **D.** brochures

Question 11: Many tourists _____ the environment causing air and land pollution.
A. damage **B.** reduce **C.** extend **D.** improve

Question 12: When ecotourists _____ a place, they also enjoy learning about the culture there.
A. find **B.** explore **C.** discover **D.** invent

Question 13: One way to help the local community is to buy local arts and _____.
A. parts **B.** kinds **C.** crafts **D.** types

Question 14: Please _____ the walking paths and trails when you go hiking.

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A. go **B.** follow **C.** attract **D.** catch

Question 15: _____ tourism helps people keep profits local.

A. mass **B.** Sustainable **C.** focused **D.** popular

Question 16: Ecotourists respect local _____ by learning about the customs and traditions of the places they visit.

A. businesses **B.** rules **C.** curfew **D.** cultures

Question 17: _____ tourists will avoid damaging the environment when they travel.

A. Aware **B.** Responsible **C.** Mass **D.** Large

Question 18: Everyone is responsible_____ protecting the environment.

A. for **B.** to **C.** with **D.** at

Question 19: Tourists should be aware of the possible damage that travel may cause _____the environment.

A. for **B.** on **C.** to **D.** up

Question 20: The impact of tourism on the local area could be both _____

A. rich and poor **B.** strong and weak **C.** damaging and improving **D.** positive and negative.

Question 21: There are many places for tourists to _____on the island.

A. explore **B.** explain **C.** explode **D.** expand

Question 22: Avoid_____water when you take a bath.

A. washing **B.** waiting **C.** wasting **D.** waking

Question 23: There is a _____market in Can Tho called Cai Rang

A. flowing **B.** swimming **C.** floating **D.** boating

Question 24: _____tourism has a negative impact on the environment.

A. Mass **B.** Massive **C.** Eco- **D.** Eco-friendly

Question 25: We followed the_____through the forest.

A. tour **B.** trail **C.** train **D.** street

Question 26: There is a narrow_____ for people to walk along to get to the coast.

A. street **B.** way **C.** path **D.** cave

Question 27: _____ people are very friendly and welcoming to tourists.

A. Home **B.** Inside **C.** Foreign **D.** Local

Question 28: A(n)_____is all the plants and living things in a particular area and the way they relate to their physical environment.

A. biodiversity **B.** environment **C.** ecosystem **D.** ecotourism

Question 29: We should do more to reduce the_____ effects of tourism on the environment.

A. negative **B.** positive **C.** endangered **D.** natural

Question 30: _____involves thousands of people visiting the same place at the same time.

A. Ecotourism **B.** Responsible tourism **C.** Sustainable tourism **D.** Mass tourism

Question 31: Buying local products is one way to show that you are a _____ tourist.

A. responsible **B.** serious **C.** friendly **D.** confident

Question 32: Ecotourists respect local_____ by following the customs and traditions of the places they visit.

A. businesses **B.** cultures **C.** education **D.** environment

Question 33: If tourists throw rubbish or break tree branches, they are heavily _____.

A. fined **B.** awarded **C.** catched **D.** advanced

Question 34: Some tourist areas have suffered _____some environmental damage.

A. for **B.** on **C.** from **D.** of

Question 35: Ecotourism activities have had some negative impacts _____ the environment and people in the area.

A. for **B.** on **C.** from **D.** of

Question 36: Eco tours in Viet Nam involve mainly travel to natural places and the activities are not based_____ the ecotourism principles.

A. on **B.** to **C.** up **D.** with

Question 37: Tourists just visit the bay and some caves, without learning about the environment or taking part _____ any local cultural activities.

A. in **B.** on **C.** at **D.** for

Question 38: In some national parks, tourists are not fully aware _____ environmental protection

A. on **B.** for **C.** down **D.** of

Question 39: Many African countries, with their numerous national parks and safaris, have benefited_____ ecotourism

A. on **B.** to **C.** from **D.** with

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Question 40: Ecotourism in distant and remote spots around the planet is getting more popular ____ tourists and tour guides.
A. to **B.** on **C.** with **D.** between
Question 41: The old pagoda is the main tourist _____ of the town.
A. attract **B.** attraction **C.** attractive **D.** attractively
Question 42: Mass tourism can have negative effects on the _____
A. environment **B.** environmental **C.** environmentally **D.** environmentalist
Question 43: _____ is a kind of tourism which involves tens of thousands of people crowding the same places at the same time of year.
A. Mass tourism **B.** Sustainable tourism **C.** Ecotourism **D.** Backpacking tourism
Question 44: _____ provides tourists with opportunities to explore nature.
A. Mass tourism **B.** Sustainable tourism **C.** Ecotourism **D.** Backpacking tourism
Question 45: _____ involves not only environmental protection and cultural respect, but also efforts to keep profits local.
A. Mass tourism **B.** Sustainable tourism **C.** Ecotourism **D.** Backpacking tourism
Question 46: The Mekong Delta is an extraordinary place that ____ international tourists.
A. offers **B.** considers **C.** attracts **D.** persuades
Question 47: The areas are very ____ for tourists who love to study and discover.
A. suitable **B.** available **C.** successful **D.** aware
Question 48: The vast wilderness of Alaska offers some unbelievable ecotourism opportunities, and one of the most ____ tourism industries in the USA.
A. sustainable **B.** natural **C.** safe **D.** environmental
Question 49: The gardens and islets near the Tien and Hau River are very attractive ecotourism ____ of the region.
A. views **B.** scenes **C.** sights **D.** destinations
Question 50: Ecotourism ____ are important to the overall sustainable energy sources.
A. drawings **B.** designs **C.** intentions **D.** plans
Question 51: Seattle is one of the most ____ cities in the US.
A. ecosystem **B.** eco-friendly **C.** ecology **D.** ecological
Question 52: In Alaska, the ecotourism operators are designed to help minimise tourism ____, which may be more difficult to control as an independent traveler.
A. result **B.** impact **C.** action **D.** power
Question 53: Although tourism is often called 'the smokeless industry', or an _____friendly industry, it can actually damage nature.
A. environment **B.** environmental **C.** environmentally **D.** environmentalist
Question 54: I wouldn't go there at night if I ____ you
A. am **B.** have been **C.** were **D.** had been
Question 55: If you ____ a choice, which country would you visit?
A. have **B.** had **C.** have had **D.** will have
Question 56: I have a test to take tomorrow morning. If I ____ free time, I ____ to Cuc Phuong National Park with you.
A. had - would go **B.** will have - will go **C.** have - will go **D.** had - went
Question 57: According to the weather forecast, it will be fine at the weekend. If the weather ____ fine, we ____ on camping at the weekend.
A. were - would go **B.** was – went **C.** is - will go **D.** will be - go
Question 58: If she ____ him, she would be very happy.
A. met **B.** will meet **C.** is meeting **D.** should meet
Question 59: If I had enough money, I ____ abroad to improve my English.
A. will go **B.** would go **C.** should go **D.** should have to go
Question 60: If you didn't have to leave today, I_____you around the city.
A. have shown. **B.** will show. **C.** would show. **D.** showed.
Question 61: If I _____ you, I would advise her to try the new teaching method.
A. had been **B.** am **C.** were **D.** will be
Question 62: If she didn't have to work today, she_____her children to zoo.
A. will take **B.** takes **C.** would have taken **D.** would take
Question 63: Okay, I_____the tickets if you buy the drinks.
A. will buy **B.** buy **C.** would buy **D.** bought
Question 64: If she were not afraid of flying, she_____far a lot.
A. have travelled **B.** travelled **C.** will travel **D.** would travel
Question 65: If I were you, I_____part in this competition.

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A. have taken **B.** take **C.** would take **D.** will take

Question 66: If you do what you tell others, they_____in you.

A. would believe **B.** won't believe **C.** believe **D.** will believe

Question 67: You ____ help the local people if you buy local products whenever possible and pay a fair price for what you buy.

A. could **B.** would **C.** wouldn't **D.** will

Question 68: Animals will take more time to flee from danger if they ____ in cities and are bolder.

A. will **B.** live **C.** would live **D.** could live

Question 69: I suggest that we _____ the deforestation.

A. controlling **B.** controls **C.** to control **D.** should control

E4: Rewrite the conditional sentences for the following situations.

Question 1: You don't do any exercise and that's why you put on weight.

→ If _____

Question 2: Try hard and you can pass the examination.

→If _____

Question 3: He doesn't catch the bus because he gets up late.

→ If _____

Question 4: If he doesn't work harder, he'll lose his job.

→ Unless _____

Question 5: The children will go swimming if it is sunny.

→ Unless _____

Question 6: If she doesn't work harder, she'll fail her entrance exam.

→ Unless _____

Question 7: Stop talking or you won't understand the lesson.

→If _____

Question 8: Go away or I will call the police.

→If _____

Question 9: Peter has such a lot of English homework that he won't go to the party.

→ If_____

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