

FIRST
NAME:.....

Quiz 28

Mark

A) Complete the sentences with the correct tense with the verb “broaden”.(12) Say the passive forms

1. Travel	the mind and the perspective.(broaden)	
2. They	the bridge to speed up the flow of traffic.	
3. Persians	its commerce with other nations in the 8 th century.	
4. While they	pavement, a pipe bursted.	
5. They	the discussion to other aspects of the problem recently.	
6. The company	its market for the last two years.	
7. The company	its market before it opened its second branch.	
8. The company.....	its market for two years before 2020.	
9. I think he	his horizons when he works abroad.	
This project	your horizon. (based on evidence)	
10. They	this part of the church this time next year.	
11. By 2026, the party	its appeal to young voters.	
12. By June, they	the bridge for two months.	

B) Make a question for the bold part.(5)

We should use a moisturizer during the dry and cold winter months.	1)
1	2)
I feel under the weather.	3)
Sonia has pimples on her cheeks.	4)
A doctor will prescribe patients the best treatment.	5)

C) Complete the table with correct verb forms.(10)

	verb	meaning	Verb2	Verb3
Regular verbs	1. express			
	2. attract			
	3. carry			
	4. delay			
	5. stop bleeding			
Irregular verbs	6. take place			
	7. take part in			
	8. hear			
Confusing verbs	9. advise			
	10. advice			

D) Choose the correct option.(10)

1. I haven't ridden a horse **since / for** I was a child.
2. I have had a terrible sore throat **since / for** two days.
3. I have **already / yet** read this book, so you can get it back.
4. Have you opened your birthday presents **yet / already**?
5. She has **just / already** bought a new t-shirt. She is paying for it now.
6. Have you **ever / never** met a famous person?
7. I have **never / just** received an e-mail from Judy. She is in Dubai now.
8. My son is really excited about going to France because he has **just / never** been abroad.
9. A: Would you like something to eat? B: No, thanks. I've **just / ever** had breakfast.
10. Jane has played the violin **since / for** she was eight.

E) Use the relative pronouns in the box to complete the sentences (9)

who(m)	which	where	when	whose	why
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1. Have you seen the film _____ Jack was talking about before?
2. I have never been to the town _____ you were born.
3. I have never been to the town in _____ you were born.
4. I have never had a terrible finger cut since 1988, _____ I was 12 years old.
5. Those _____ suffer from asthma often need to carry an inhaler with them.
6. My uncle, _____ son is a surgeon, has had surgery recently.
7. The patient, _____ the nurse was helping, had a broken leg.
8. They explained the reason _____ vaccinations are important for preventing diseases.
9. This is the clinic _____ they diagnose rare diseases.

F) Complete the sentences with should / shouldn't using the verbs in the box. (5)

apply / take / use / chew / drink

1. You _____ gum with your dental braces.
2. You _____ aloe vera gel for the rash on your hand.
3. When you have a runny nose you _____ a nose spray.
4. People _____ antibiotics without serious advice.
5. When you have a stomachache, you _____ fizzy drinks.

READING

Mrs Prat is a middle-aged lady who lives in a small house in the country near Carlos Paz, Córdoba, Argentina. She lives alone and teaches English. Last Monday she had an accident. It was raining and she was walking to the supermarket. She slipped on the wet road, and broke her left leg. By chance, Dr Tomás Byrd was driving to the supermarket too. He saw her and phoned for an ambulance. Now Mrs Prat is at home and has her leg in plaster.

Read the paragraph and answer the questions below (5)

1. Where does Mrs Prat live?
2. Does she live alone?
3. What happened last Monday?
4. Who helped her?
- 5) What does "her" refer to in line 8?

LISTENING:**B. Listen to the audio again and complete the table below for each patient. (Tapescript 8.1)**

Patients	Health Problem	Symptoms	Treatment (9)
Ms Evans			
Linda			
Paul			

C. Listen again and answer the following questions. (Tapescript 8.1) (6)

1. Why does the chemist give Paul antibacterial cream and plasters?
2. When should he change the plaster?
3. How long has Linda had pain in her teeth?
4. What does the doctor advise Linda to do besides taking medicine?
5. When did the pain in Ms Evans's stomach first start?
6. What does the doctor advise her to eat?

VOCABULARY**A. Read the text and fill in the blanks with the suitable words.**

allergic to / scratch / rash (3)

I'm Helen. I'm a housewife and there are a lot of chores I have to do at home. But I have a problem. I think I'm _____ detergent. I can't touch the detergent. When I touch the detergent, I get a(n) _____ on my skin. I see a lot of red dots on my hands. These are small but itchy! I know I shouldn't _____ them but I can't stop myself.

pain / burn / gel / remove / swells (5)

When you _____ your hand, you should hold the burnt area under cool running water for 10 - 15 minutes. _____ rings or other tight items from the burnt area. Try to do this quickly and gently before the area _____. Apply moisturizer or _____ which may provide relief in some cases. If the _____ doesn't go away, see your doctor.

E. Complete the sentences with the words below. (7 pts)

insomnia / misinformation / over-the-counter/ trick / genetic / remedy / prescribe

1. _____ factors play an important role in determining how we look.
2. Chicken soup is the best _____ when you have got a cold.
3. _____ is a common sleep disorder that can make it hard to fall asleep.
4. Only a doctor can _____ you medicine. Never use someone else's medications.
5. Optical illusions can _____ our eyes and brain into seeing something that is not really there.
6. You can buy a(n) _____ saltwater spray for your stuffy nose.
7. Fake news and _____ travel faster than real news on social media

SPEAKING: Answer the questions. (10pts)

1. What do you do when you feel under the weather?
2. Have you ever witnessed an accident? What was it?
3. What should you do first in an emergency?

WRITING(10)

Prepare a poster or a leaflet about safety and health at school, home, or work as in example below.

- 1 You can do nothing to protect yourself from the flu.
- 2 You can protect yourself and others from the flu by following a few simple steps.
- 3 The only thing you can do to protect yourself from the flu is to stay at home.

OR

- How to get ready for natural disasters at school/home/work
- How to deal with emergencies such as falls, cuts, etc. at school/home/work



BERNA DEMİRTAŞ