

		<b>GESTIÓN ACADÉMICA TALLER-EVALUACIÓN</b>  <i>"Excelencia a su alcance"</i>	<b>CODIGO: 03-GA</b>  <b>VERSION: 05</b>  <b>FECHA: 01/05/2018</b>
---	---	--	--

WORKSHEET_X_EVALUATION__	Achievement:	TEACHER:
NAME:	Level: B1+	UNIT: 8 Institution:
	DATE: 01/01/2001	Topic :

## UNIT 8 B1+

### PASSIVE VOICE CONDITIONALS

TENSE	AUXILIARY	SUBJECT	VERB
Present Perfect	Has	the house	been built?
Past Perfect	Had	the house	been built?
Will-future	Will	the house	be built?
Going to-future	Is	the house	going to be built?
Future Perfect	Will	the house	have been built?
Conditional	Would	the house	be built?
Conditional Perfect	Would	the house	have been built?
Present Progressive	Is	the house	being built?
Past Progressive	Was	the house	being built?

1. *They arrested her last week.*
2. *John wrote a letter.*
3. *They invited ten friends to the party.*
4. *The house cleaner will clean the entire house for tomorrow.*
5. *They have just cleaned the room.*

- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_

## CONDITIONALS

### The structure of the zero conditional is:

*If + present simple...present simple*  
*If people eat too much, they get fat.*

### The First Conditional

*If + present simple, ... will + infinitive*  
*If I study today, I'll go to the party tonight.*

### The Second Conditional

*If + past simple, ...would + infinitive*  
*If I won the lottery, I would buy a big house.*

### The Third Conditional

*If + past perfect, ...would + have + past participle*  
*If we had taken a taxi, we wouldn't have missed the plane.*

### ZERO CONDITIONAL

---

---

---

### FIRST CONDITIONAL

---

---

---

### SECOND CONDITIONAL

---

---

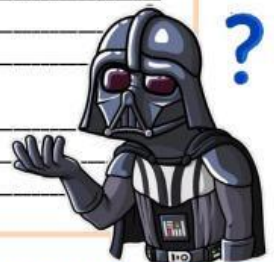
---

### THIRD CONDITIONAL

---

---

---





GESTIÓN ACADÉMICA  
TALLER-EVALUACIÓN

"Excelencia a su alcance"

CODIGO: 03-GA

VERSION: 05

FECHA: 01/05/2018

## PASSIVE VOICE AND CONDITIONALS

**ACTIVE VOICE:** If I write the book, I will get a hefty royalty.

**PASSIVE VOICE:** If the book is written (by me), I will be given a hefty royalty.

**ACTIVE VOICE:** If the teacher read my essay, he would grade me with high scores

**PASSIVE VOICE:** If the essay were read by my teacher, I would be graded with high scores.

**ACTIVE VOICE:** If I had done my preparation, I could have realized my goal.

**PASSIVE VOICE:** If the preparation had been done by me, the goal could have been realized.



## LET'S ORGANIZE THE SENTENCES



*Crashed If is the I will be killed. car ,*

*the I fired by the If student hit, them. will is be*

*called brother's I too. be friend is If will my called,*

*she good is If lost fired from her job,a will be worker*

## More examples

### Conditional 1

*If the computer is sold, I will have saved extra money*

*I will be promoted if the job is done well*

*If I get early to the meeting, a cupcake will be given to me*

### Conditional 2

*If I were creative, a nice house would be designed*

*I had a car if some money would be saved by me*

*If the room were cleaned, I wouldn't be punished*

### Conditional 3

*If I had been in class, the topic would have been understood*

*The computer would have been fixed if I had taken to the technician*

*If I had paid attention, a mistake would have been made*



WHAT WOULD YOU DO IF YOU HAD 100 MILLION DOLLARS?

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---





GESTIÓN ACADÉMICA  
TALLER-EVALUACIÓN

"Excelencia a su alcance"

CODIGO: 03-GA

VERSION: 05

FECHA: 01/05/2018

## SOME USES OF "GET"

- **Get after** – perseguir

He took it from my pocket. *Get after him!*

- **Get ahead** – progresar, salir adelante

It wasn't easy, but I got ahead nonetheless.

- **Get back into** – volver, volver a hacer algo después de un tiempo sin hacerlo

I've just got back into running after two years.

- **Get over** – superar

I was able to get over my fears once I faced them.

- **Get round** – convencer

No matter how hard you try, you're not getting round me.

- **Get through** – superar

Don't worry, we're going to get through it.

- **Get to** – empezar a hacer algo, ponerse a

I got to work as soon as you told me to.

- **Get along** – llevarse bien con alguien

Peter gets along with everyone.

- **Get off** – bajarse de algo

We have to get off the train at the next station.

- **Get back** – volver

It's late. I really should get back now.

- **Get back at** – vengarse de alguien, devolvérsela

She couldn't forgive Sam and decided to get back at him.

- **Get away** – irse, escapar, salir, alejarse

I have a bad feeling. I think we should get away from here.

- **Get by** – pasar, arreglárselas, salir adelante

I haven't studied enough, but I'm sure I'm going to get by.

- **Get into** – meterse en

He always gets into problems.

**Get out of here!**



### Let's translate using "Get"

Hemos vuelto a jugar los domingos después de casi un año.

Tengo que convencer a mis amigos de ir a la fiesta.

Ella tendrá que empezar a ahorrar bastante dinero.

No me llevo muy bien con mis vecinos.

Puedo arreglármelas para salir de aquí.

Tenemos que volver a casa.

Ella debe bajarse en la siguiente estación.



## Reading practice

Science is both a body of knowledge and a process. In school, science may sometimes seem like a collection of isolated and static facts listed in a textbook, but that's only a small part of the story. Just as importantly, science is also a process of discovery that allows us to link isolated facts into coherent and comprehensive understandings of the natural world.