

ENGLISH PRACTICE

I. Choose the word in each group that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest (5 pts).

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|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1. A. <u>h</u> our | B. <u>h</u> onor | C. <u>h</u> onest | D. <u>h</u> ow |
| 2. A. empire | B. bridge | C. <u>l</u> iberty | D. pyramid |
| 3. A. <u>c</u> ave | B. statue | C. <u>b</u> ay | D. <u>a</u> ncient |
| 4. A. be <u>l</u> ieve | B. <u>f</u> ield | C. sci <u>e</u> nce | D. mov <u>i</u> e |
| 5. A. requir <u>e</u> d | B. open <u>e</u> d | C. plugg <u>e</u> d | D. work <u>e</u> d |

III. Choose the best answer for each of the following sentences (10 pts).

1. She was very sad ____ good marks in the final test.
A. not get B. not to get C. to not get D. not getting
2. My sister has decided to lose weight, so she is living ____ oranges for a week.
A. with B. on C. in D. by
3. When I ____ school, I am going to work in a factory .
A. begin B. study C. leave D. learn
4. What can we do to prevent people ____ throwing drink cans away?
A. in B. of C. on D. from
5. We have not seen each other ____ last Sunday.
A. for B. since C. on D. in
6. Excuse me! I am doing my homework. ____ turning down your radio a bit?
A. Would you please B. Can you C. Could you D. Would you mind
7. You should work ____ for the coming exam.
A. hard B. hardly C. more hardly D. more hard
8. He found a watch when he ____ in the street.
A. walked B. has been walking C. was walking D. has walked
9. My uncle used to live ____ a farm when he was young.
A. in B. at C. during D. on
10. Millions of Christmas cards ____ every year.
A. send B. are sent C. are sending D. was sent

IV. There mistake in the four underlined part of each sentence underline it then correct it (10 pts).

1. There are a lot of food in the fridge, so help yourself. →
A B C D
2. You should take a taxi although it is raining hard. →
A B C D
3. The telephone was invented with a Scotsman, Alexandre G. Bell, in 1876. →
A B C D

V. Give the correct form of each verb in brackets to complete the following sentences if necessary (10 pts).

1. Lan's hair was dirty. She (clean)..... it now so it looks better.
2. Look! Somebody (break)..... that door.
3. They (not meet)..... us since last week.
4. What (you/do) at this time yesterday?
5. Our school (open) a new club next week.
6. Would you like (come)..... to dinner to night?
7. You (phone)..... me last night?

8. Would you mind if I (smoke).....?
9. I don't enjoy..... (laugh) at by other people.
10. Most of the NOKIA mobile phones (sell)..... in this shop are imported from China.

VI. Fill in each blank with the correct form of the word in capitals (10 pts).

1. What is the correctof this word. (pronounce)
2. My grand father can read (good)
3. Last week we had an summer holiday. (enjoy)
4. The of the project made me tense. (important).
5. You had better do some for the final exams (revise)
6. We should saveresources. (nature)
7. People in the in the country are often more than people in the city. (friend)
8. Increased pollution is anotherresult. (please)

VII. Fill in each gap with a suitable word to complete the following passage (10 pts).

Rivers are on of the world's most important natural resources. Many cities are on the large rivers, and (1)..... every country has a least one river that (2)..... an important part in the lives of its people. Besides transportation, rivers (3).....water for crops, water to drink , and recreation for people who live along their (4)..... And in (5).....to get water for crops, engineers sometimes build a dam (6).....a river and let water become a lake behind the dam. Then people can use their water not (7).....to irrigate fields but also to make electricity for homes and industries. (8).....the water often becomes polluted when cities on river bank grow (9).....and the number of industries increases. We are learning that it is necessary to (10).....rivers clean if we want to enjoy the benefits of the natural resources.

VIII. Choose the best answer by circling A, B, C or D to complete the passage (10 pts).

THE LANGUAGE OF CLOTHES

We don't only choose clothes to make us look.....(1)....., we also use them to tell the world(2)..... our personality. The clothes we wear and our appearance.....(3)..... a whole give other people useful information about what we think and.....(4)..... we feel. If we feel cheerful, we usually wear.....(5)..... clothes and if we feel.....(6)..... we sometimes put on dark clothes. But why do teenagers wear black so.....(7).....? Is it because they feel miserable all.....(8).....? This is unlikely the case. It is probably just because it is.....(9)..... to wear black, and young people they are real fans.....(10)..... fashion.

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|----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. A. attract | B. attractive | C. attractively | D. attraction |
| 2. A. of | B. with | C. by | D. about |
| 3. A. on | B. as | C. for | D. in |
| 4. A. which | B. what | C. how | D. when |
| 5. A. colorful | B. colors | C. colorfully | D. colorless |
| 6. A. depress | B. depressed | C. depressing | D. depression |
| 7. A. frequent | B. frequency | C. frequently | D. infrequency |
| 8. A. the time | B. the times | C. the week | D. the month |
| 9. A. fashion | B. fashionable | C. fashioner | D. fashioned |
| 10. A. of | B. in | C. from | D. with |