

## TIẾNG ANH 9 – FRIENDS PLUS

### UNIT 6 – PRACTICE TEST 1

#### I. PRONUNCIATION

**Question 1.** Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?

A. personality      B. themselves      C. expertise      D. conservation

**Question 2.** Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?

A. ocean      B. cover      C. sofa      D. poem

**Question 3.** Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?

A. idenity      B. experience      C. professional      D. necessary

**Question 4.** Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?

A. conform      B. respect      C. challenge      D. describe

#### II. Choose the answer (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each question.

**Question 5.** Our children's creativity is being beaten down by the \_\_\_\_\_ educational system. We need a change.

A. realist      B. conformist      C. optimist      D. extrovert

**Question 6.** We are \_\_\_\_\_. Our personalities are radically different and likely to abrade each other.

A. fish and chips      B. peas and beans      C. chalk and cheese      D. bacon and butter

**Question 7.** I am more of \_\_\_\_\_ optimistic girl than a pessimistic one.

A. X      B. a      C. an      D. the

**Question 8.** Hours after Japan's surrender in World War II, Vietnam declared \_\_\_\_\_ from France.

A. dependent      B. dependence      C. independent      D. independence

**Question 9.** On this course there is an emphasis on \_\_\_\_\_ experience and practical work.

A. hands-on      B. hands-off      C. hands-up      D. hands-down

**Question 10.** Andrew and \_\_\_\_\_ will conduct today's meeting.

A. I      B. me      C. myself      D. by myself

**Question 11.** Kendal \_\_\_\_\_ is quite a small town in England.

A. it      B. itself      C. by itself      D. its

**Question 12.** My brother is a manager. He earns big money.

A. My brother who is a manager earns big money.      B. My brother, that is a manager, earns big money.  
C. My brother, who is a manager, earns big money.      D. My brother that is a manager earns big money.

**Question 13.** I admired the stuntman \_\_\_\_\_ part was so dangerous.

A. that      B. which      C. whom      D. whose

**Question 14.** Jason: "What type of person are you?" - Rachel: "\_\_\_\_\_"

A. Tell me about yourself.      B. That would be great.  
C. It all sounds positive.      D. I suppose I'm an optimist.

#### III. Look at each sign or notice. Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) that matches its meaning.

**Question 15.** What does the sign say?



A. Railroad  
B. Fence ahead  
C. Barrier reef  
D. Gridlock



**Question 16.** What does the sign say?

- A.** Natural History Museum in London is 500 minutes away on the right.
- B.** Natural History Museum in London is 500 meters away on the right.
- C.** Natural History Museum in London is 500 minutes away on the left.
- D.** Natural History Museum in London is 500 meters away on the left.

**IV. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits each blank space in the following passage.**

A nature lover is a person (17) \_\_\_\_\_ is connected to the natural world around them. They understand that humans and nature must cohabit and thrive together. Every decision a nature lover (18) \_\_\_\_\_ generally begins with them thinking, "What impact will this have (19) \_\_\_\_\_ the environment?" A nature lover will avoid doing something that negatively impacts the environment. For example, purchasing a new car not only adds to their carbon footprint through the emissions created when building the vehicle, but it (20) \_\_\_\_\_ means there's a chance their old car could go to a junkyard and cause more negative environmental effects. This is why many nature lovers will hold onto items for many years and choose to (21) \_\_\_\_\_ broken things instead of replacing them. Nature lovers will also make lifestyle changes both small and large to limit their harm to Mother Nature. This can include focusing on clean outdoor activities, like being a hiker or riding a bicycle instead of riding a dirt bike or another off-road, fuel-burning vehicle. They also appreciate the beauty of nature and (22) \_\_\_\_\_ the simpler things, like being a birdwatcher or just spending time in the fresh air.

**Question 17.** Choose the correct answer.

- A.** whom
- B.** who
- C.** which
- D.** whose

**Question 18.** Choose the correct answer.

- A.** takes
- B.** does
- C.** makes
- D.** gives

**Question 19.** Choose the correct answer.

- A.** on
- B.** with
- C.** at
- D.** for

**Question 20.** Choose the correct answer.

- A.** always
- B.** also
- C.** altogether
- D.** all

**Question 21.** Choose the correct answer.

- A.** repair
- B.** auction
- C.** damage
- D.** purchase

**Question 22.** Choose the correct answer.

- A.** are enjoying
- B.** have enjoyed
- C.** enjoy
- D.** will enjoy

**V. Read the following and do as directed.**

To truly protect sea turtles around the world, many different countries and cultures must cooperate and share responsibility. International laws and agreements, research, and the work of dedicated organizations and individuals each must play a part. Long-term protection of sea turtles also means developing solutions that reduce reliance on management methods requiring direct human involvement — such as moving nests or raising hatchlings in captivity. If sea turtles cannot survive and reproduce on their own, without help from humans, then they are doomed. Feeding and nesting grounds must be protected, and a public wildlife conservation ethic must be fostered that can withstand gaps in government regulations, pressure from private interests, and changes in the political climate.

Here are some immediate goals for protecting sea turtles include:

1. Crack down on illegal international trade in sea turtles and their products.
2. Decrease the turtle deaths caused by commercial fishing.

3. Protect nesting beaches by establishing parks and refuges or through regulations combined with public education initiatives.
4. Eliminate disturbances at nesting beaches by decreasing artificial lighting, halting beach armoring, regulating beach nourishment and limiting the impacts of people on the beach.
5. Enforce national and international laws to minimize the dumping of pollutants and solid waste into the ocean and nearshore waters.
6. Continue research and monitoring activities.
7. Increase public awareness and community participation in sea turtle conservation through educational programs.

**a. Decide whether the following sentences are True or False:**

**Question 23.** The protection of sea turtles is not the responsibility of a country or a culture; it's a shared one.

**A.** True **B.** False

**Question 24.** On the long run, they will develop solutions to increasing sea turtles' dependence on human.

**A.** True **B.** False

**Question 25.** Establishing parks is one way to protect nesting beaches.

**A.** True **B.** False

**Question 26.** Sea turtles can get rid of disturbances at nesting beaches by decreasing sun lighting.

**A.** True **B.** False

**b. Choose the correct answer to each question:**

**Question 27.** What can be served as the best title for the above passage?

**A.** Sea turtles' reproduction **B.** Sea turtles' relationship with humans  
**C.** Sea turtles' conservancy **D.** Sea turtles' deaths

**Question 28.** Which one below is not the immediate goal for protecting sea turtles?

**A.** Decrease the turtles' deaths **B.** Protect nesting beaches  
**C.** Prevent illegal international trade in sea turtles **D.** Increase public awareness through entertaining programs.

**VI. Supply the correct form of the word given in each sentence.**

**Question 29.** While we understand the media interest, we would \_\_\_\_\_ request some privacy over the next few weeks. (**RESPECT**)

**Question 30.** William did his best to maintain a(n) \_\_\_\_\_, friendly relationship with everyone at camp. (**EASY**)

**Question 31.** The country depends on \_\_\_\_\_ for much of its income. (**TOUR**)

**Question 32.** \_\_\_\_\_ hope they can preserve the area's outstanding natural beauty and cater for the tourists too. (**CONSERVE**)

**Question 33.** New regulations will greatly \_\_\_\_\_ the region's poorest residents. (**BENEFICIAL**)

**Question 34.** Even at kindergarten his \_\_\_\_\_ streak was showing and at the age of five or six he was playing truant. (**REBEL**)

**VII. Look at the entry of the word "self" in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words.**

## self noun

 B2

 /self/

 /self/

(plural  **selves**  /selvz/  /selvz/)

Idioms

1 ★  [countable, usually singular] the type of person you are, especially the way you normally behave, look or feel

- *You'll soon be feeling your old self again* (= feeling well or happy again).
- *He's not his usual happy self this morning.*
- *Only with a few people could she be her real self* (= show what she was really like rather than what she pretended to be).
- *his private/professional self* (= how he behaves at home/work)

**Question 35.** After spending a week in the hospital, finally, I'm feeling like \_\_\_\_\_ again.

**Question 36.** People mostly hide their \_\_\_\_\_ and shows others their public self which can be the opposite from the other one.

**VIII. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it.**

**Question 37.** The village is located in a rainforest. It doesn't have electricity. (**Use relative clause**)

→ The village \_\_\_\_\_ rainforest.

**Question 38.** I was born in Đà Lạt. It is a beautiful city with lots of flowers. (**Use relative clause**)

→ Đà Lạt \_\_\_\_\_ lots of flowers.

**Question 39.** He did the homework by himself when there was no one else to help him. (**OWN**)

→ He \_\_\_\_\_ when there was no one else to help him.

**Question 40.** Would you like to take another drink? (**Use reflexive pronoun**)

→ Would you like \_\_\_\_\_ to another drink?

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