

Words with Prepositions**A Complete the blanks with prepositions.**

Adjectives	Nouns	Verbs	
afraid _____	(give) advice _____	advise sb _____ sth	occur _____
(in)capable _____	a hope _____	choose _____ two	point _____
confident _____	protection _____	choose _____	prefer _____
(be) free _____ sth	a reputation _____	collaborate _____	prepare _____
handy _____	a result _____	communicate _____	prevent _____
polite _____	a specialist _____	connect _____	refer _____
upset _____		cope _____	result _____
		explain sth _____ sb	(= cause to happen)
		listen _____	result _____
		mention _____	(= be caused by)

B Read the following sentences and complete them with prepositions.

- 1 A compass may come in **handy** _____ our hiking trip next week.
- 2 Sunscreen offers **protection** _____ the sun's harmful rays.
- 3 We have a variety of materials to **choose** _____.
- 4 Her aggressive behaviour **resulted** _____ her being fired.
- 5 You can **choose** _____ the red or the blue dress.
- 6 These yoghurts are **free** _____ artificial colouring.
- 7 The damage to their property **resulted** _____ the fire.
- 8 Must I always **explain** everything _____ you twice?
- 9 The local councils decided to **collaborate** _____ one another for the protection of the environment.
- 10 The doctor **advised** his patient _____ the risks involved in smoking.
- 11 The accident was the **result** _____ his carelessness.

Grammar Revision (Passive Voice)**Read the text below and complete each blank with one word.**

The Loch Ness Monster (1) _____ thought to be one of the world's most famous mysteries. Nessie, as her fans call her, is believed (2) _____ be living in the Scottish loch (lake) Ness. Scientists as well as ordinary people (3) _____ fascinated by the mystery of the existence of a very large living creature which (4) _____ still unknown to science. However, it is very unlikely for an animal to (5) _____ living in Loch Ness, as it is deep, dark, very cold and almost lifeless. Arthur Grant is alleged to (6) _____ encountered Nessie on January 5th, 1934. Being a veterinary student himself, he gave a detailed description of the animal which matched the portrait of a plesiosaur—a prehistoric aquatic reptile which had (7) _____ considered extinct for more than sixty million years.

Nevertheless, many sonar and photographic recordings (8) _____ been obtained (9) _____ several scientific teams over the years. Unfortunately, none of them could (10) _____ used to provide any form of evidence that Nessie exists.

Long-necked water monsters are (11) _____ detected every now and then in several other Scottish lochs. For this reason, Scotland has become a popular holiday destination and (12) _____ visited by millions of tourists every year.

Examination Practice

A Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each space. Use only one word in each space.

THE GREAT WALL OF CHINA

The Great Wall of China (1) _____ known to be over 1900 kilometres long, making it by far the longest wall in the world. The building of the wall is said (2) _____ have begun in the third century BC (3) _____ the Emperor Shih Huangti. The reason it (4) _____ built was to keep the Huns out of Central Asia. A lot of effort was put (5) _____ constructing the wall. It is (6) _____ of earth, stone and brick and its highest section is close to nine metres. Over the centuries, the wall has often



(7) _____ added to, rebuilt and repaired. This was done to give China protection (8) _____ invaders. Despite its size, however, the wall failed to (9) _____ a stop to invading armies such as the Mongols and the Manchus.

The wall is still of great importance, as it divides Inner China from Outer China. What is (10) _____, it is useful for dividing the region into cultivated land and pastureland. The Great Wall holds another impressive record which won't (11) _____ surpassed for quite a while; it is the only man-made structure visible from space. It is no wonder that most travel guides refer (12) _____ the Great Wall of China as the world's greatest tourist attraction.

B Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given unchanged. You must use between two and five words, including the word given.

1 They had to postpone the match until next week.

put The match _____ until next week.

2 We haven't told anyone about the change in our plans.

informed No one _____ the change in our plans.

3 We had to go up the stairs because someone was using the lift.

so The lift _____ we had to go up the stairs.

4 Experts believe that the landslides were caused by recent floods.

resulted The landslides are _____ recent floods.

5 She doesn't let him smoke in the house.

allowed He _____ in the house.

6 We mustn't park on the yellow line.

forbidden It _____ on the yellow line.

7 The teacher saw two students leave the school.

were Two students _____ the school.

8 The coach let the players take the day off.

permission The players _____ take the day off.