

Name :

Ramadhan

Ramadan is a sacred Islamic tradition observed in the ninth month of the Islamic calendar. It is a significant religious event for Muslims worldwide, marked by fasting, prayers, and spiritual reflection.

Ramadan follows the lunar calendar, meaning its start date shifts by about 11 days each year. The holy month lasts for approximately 30 days and ends with Eid ul-Fitr, a festive celebration marking the completion of fasting.

The main goal of Ramadan is to strengthen faith, encourage self-reflection, and re-evaluate life priorities. Through fasting from sunrise to sunset, Muslims focus on purifying their souls, avoiding negative behaviors, and seeking forgiveness for their sins.

Fasting is obligatory for all Muslims except children, the elderly, pregnant women, and the sick. Those unable to fast must provide food for the needy. The last ten days of Ramadan are especially significant, with Laylat al-Qadr considered the holiest night, when Allah determines people's destinies.

Ramadan is a time of devotion, self-discipline, and spiritual growth. It allows Muslims to reflect on their lives, seek forgiveness, and renew their commitment to faith and righteousness.

A. Match the phrases with their meanings based on the text.

1.

Eid ul-Fitr

Fasting

Lunar calendar

The calendar system that causes Ramadan's start date to shift every year.

A celebration marking the end of Ramadan.

The practice of abstaining from food, drink, and other activities from sunrise to sunset.

2.

Not everyone is required to fast

The Islamic calendar affects Ramadan's start date

Ramadan ends with a joyous celebration

Eid ul-Fitr is the festival that marks the end of fasting.

Because it follows a lunar cycle, Ramadan begins on a different day each year.

Children, the elderly, pregnant women, and the sick are exempt.

3.

Those
exempted from
fasting

The last ten
days of
Ramadan

Considered the holiest
part of the month.

Children, the elderly,
pregnant women, and
the sick.

4.

Those unable to
fast

The main goal
of Ramadan

Must provide food for
the needy as
compensation.

A celebration marking
the end of Ramadan.

Strengthening faith,
self-reflection, and re-
evaluating life
priorities.



5.

Eid ul-Fitr is celebrated at the end of Ramadan.

Muslims fast from sunrise to sunset.

A practice of self-discipline and soul purification.

A period when Allah determines people's destinies, including Laylat al-Qadr.

A festive occasion marking the completion of fasting.