

Invertebrates

1. Tick the correct answer

What do invertebrates have in common?

- a) They don't have a backbone or skeleton.
- b) Most have eight legs
- c) Most have antennae.
- d) They all have exoskeleton.



How many groups of arthropods are there?

- a) Arthropods, insects, arachnids and annelids.
- b) Echinoderms, cnidarians, sponges, annelids.
- c) Insects, arachnids, myriapods and crustaceans.
- d) Molluscs, gastropods, bivalves and cephalopods.



How many body parts have insects got?

- a) They have five legs and two eyes.
- b) Legs, head and thorax.
- c) Abdomen, head and cephalothorax.
- d) A head, a thorax and an abdomen.



What kind of molluscs have a soft body?

- a) Cephalopods and gastropods have a soft body.
- b) Gastropods and bivalves have a soft body.
- c) They all have a soft body.
- d) Cephalopods and bivalves have a soft body.



Their bodies have lots of segments and lots of legs:

- a) Annelids
- b) Myriapods.
- c) Molluscs.
- d) Insects.



They have 8 jointed legs and 2 body parts: cephalothorax and abdomen

- a) Myriapods
- b) Echinoderms
- c) Arachnids
- d) Insects

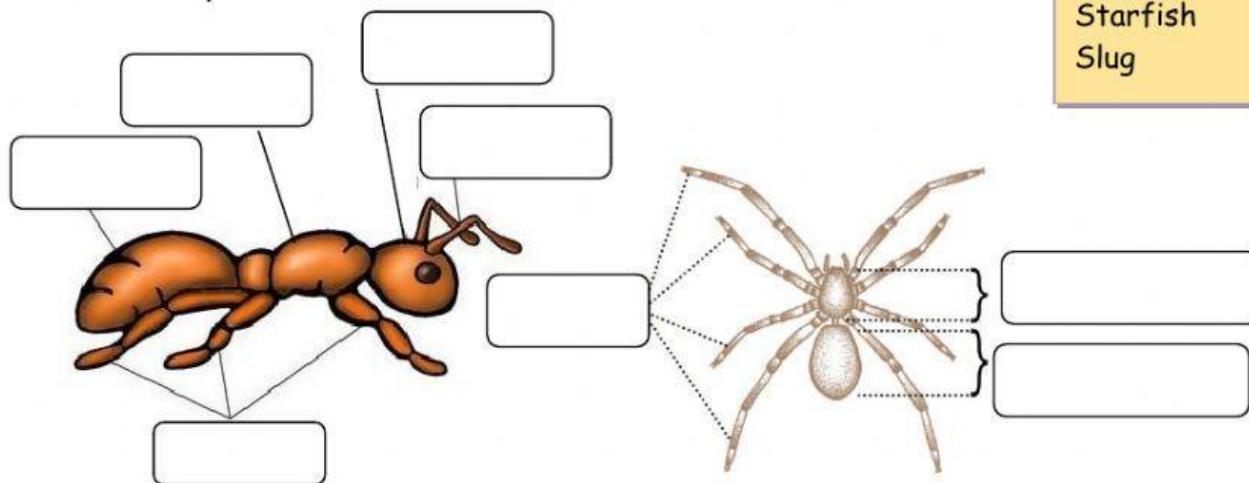


2. Sort the animals according to their group

INSECTS	ARACHNIDS	CRUSTACEANS	MYRIAPODS
GASTROPODS	BIVALVES	CEPHALOPODS	ECHINODERMS

Clam
Octopus
Butterfly
Spider
Crab
Snail
Centipede
Krill
Beetle
Mussel
Squid
Scorpion
Sea urchin
Millipede
Starfish
Slug

3. Label the pictures



4. Read and complete

There are three types of molluscs: and

Some have a protective shell and they have two eyes at the end of antennae.

Bivalves have two connected at one point.

..... have an internal shell and a large head with arms.

All arthropods have an external that protects their body and jointed.....
..... have six legs, have eight legs and have ten legs
(or eight legs and two claws).

There are two types of myriapods: with one pair of legs in each body part and with two pairs of legs in each body part.