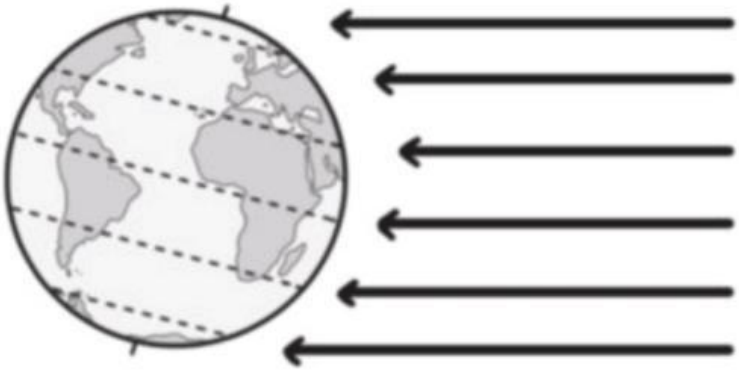
1 Tick the three factors that influence the climate of a place.

- ☐ proximity to the sea
- ☐ vegetation
- ☐ altitude
- ☐ precipitation
- ☐ the season
- ☐ distance from the Equator

2 Colour in the picture using the key.



Hot zone: orange
Temperate zones: green
Cold zones: blue

3 Answer the questions.

- Are the cold zones close to the Equator or to the poles? .....
- Do coastal areas have milder temperatures than inland areas? .....
- Do places at a higher altitude have colder or warmer temperatures? .....

4 Label the climate indicated on each map. Write: *Mediterranean*, *subtropical* or *oceanic*.

A

.....

B

.....

C

.....

5 Read the statements and write *T* (true) or *F* (false).

- ☐ Spain is located in the temperate zone of the Northern Hemisphere.
- ☐ Spain has three types of climates.
- ☐ There are high mountain ranges, as well as extensive plains, so there are different climates.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

6 Look at the climate graph and answer the questions.

- Which colour represents precipitation?

.....

- Which colour represents temperature?

.....

- Which type of climate does it represent?

.....

7 Complete the table on the Mediterranean climates. Write: *dry*, *inland* or *typical*.

	..... Mediterranean climate	..... Mediterranean climate	..... Mediterranean climate
Temperatures	mild winters, hot summers	very cold winters, hot summers	high all year round
Precipitation	scarce and irregular	scarce and irregular	very scarce

8 In which areas do these types of subtropical vegetation grow? Write: *low-altitude*, *medium-altitude* or *high areas*.

- Laurisilva: .....
- Canary Island pines: .....
- Palm trees: .....

9 Circle the types of vegetation found in an oceanic climate.

oak | Teide violets | chestnut | laurisilva | ferns | fan palm | heather

10 Read the text below about the mountain climate and circle the correct words.

Vegetation varies depending on the altitude/spurges. At lower altitudes, trees such as shrubs/oaks grow. Higher up the mountain, there are fir trees and shrubs/oaks. Close to the peaks, there are natural meadows/chestnuts. Vegetation also depends on endemic species/orientation and location.

LIVEWORKSHEETS