

Superlative adjectives, too and enough

I can use different structures to make comparisons.

1 Complete the facts with the superlative form of the adjectives in brackets and the correct answer, a, b or c.

- The _____ (high) mountain in Europe is ☐.
a Elbrus b Everest c Kilimanjaro
- The _____ (far) planet from the Sun is ☐.
a Earth b Mercury c Neptune
- The _____ (deep) ocean is ☐.
a the Arctic b the Atlantic c the Pacific
- The _____ (sunny) part of England is ☐.
a the north b the south c the centre
- The _____ (polluted) city in the world is ☐.
a New York b New Orleans c New Delhi
- The _____ (common) cause of a tsunami is ☐.
a an earthquake b a volcanic eruption c a storm
- The country with the _____ (long) coast is ☐.
a Russia b China c Canada
- The _____ (large) island in the world is ☐.
a Great Britain b Greenland c Iceland
- The _____ (dry) continent in the world is ☐.
a Antarctica b Australia c Africa

2 Complete the sentences with the correct superlative form of the adjectives in brackets. Then circle *in* or *of*.

- Birmingham is one of the _____ (large) cities in / of England.
- Crocodiles are one of the _____ (dangerous) animals in / of the world.
- The special effects are the _____ (bad) part in / of the film *Terminator 2*.
- In Australia, the _____ (hot) month in / of the year is usually February.
- The Dorchester is one of the _____ (expensive) hotels in / of London.

3 Rewrite the sentences using *too* or *enough* and the adjective in brackets. Do not change the meaning.

- This game isn't easy enough for me. (difficult)
This game is too difficult for me.
- We're too young to go on holiday alone. (old)

- This bed is too hard. (soft)

- This film isn't interesting enough. (boring)

- It isn't warm enough to go to the beach. (cold)

- His family were too poor to go on holiday. (rich)



4 Complete the dialogue. Use *too* or *enough* with the adjective in brackets or the superlative form.

- Kate** Now we join Brett Simpson for the ¹ _____ (late) news about the wildfires. Brett, what's happening?
- Brett** Well, the police aren't allowing us to get ² _____ (close) to the fires, but I can feel the heat from here.
- Kate** How are the people in the area reacting? It isn't one of the ³ _____ (rich) parts of the country, is it?
- Brett** No, it isn't. Some people are ⁴ _____ (lucky) to have relatives in other cities, so they're leaving. But many are ⁵ _____ (old) or ⁶ _____ (ill) to travel. They're waiting and hoping.
- Kate** What's the ⁷ _____ (good) thing other people can do to help?
- Brett** Well, I asked the police that question. They said the ⁸ _____ (helpful) thing is to stay away from the area. Thousands of people are coming here just to have a look. This is one of the ⁹ _____ (big) and ¹⁰ _____ (spectacular) fires for decades. But these people are getting in the way of the emergency services and their work. And their job is ¹¹ _____ (difficult) without that!
- Kate** What is the ¹² _____ (likely) cause of the fire?
- Brett** It's ¹³ _____ (early) to say. Sometimes lightning can start a fire like this, if the trees are ¹⁴ _____ (dry). But of course, humans are the ¹⁵ _____ (probable) cause.