

### Lesson 1:

**comedy** (n) /'kɒmədi/:

→ **comedian** (n) /kə'mi:diən/:

**action** (n) /'ækʃn/:

**science fiction** (n) /,saɪəns'fɪkʃn/:

**drama** (n) /'drɑ:mə/:

→ **dramatic** (adj) /drə'mætɪk/:

**horror** (n) /'hɔ:rər/:

→ **horrible** (adj) /'hɒrəbl/:

**animated** (adj) /'ænimetɪd/:

→ **animation** (n) /æni'meɪʃn/:

### Lesson 2:

**terrible** (adj) /'terəbl/:

**fantastic** (adj) /fæn'tæstɪk/:

**funny** (adj) /'fʌni/:

**awful** (adj) /'ɔ:fl/:

**great** (adj) /greɪt/:

**boring** (adj) /'bɔ:riŋ/:

→ **bored** (adj) /bɔ:rd/:

**exciting** (adj) /ɪk'saɪtɪŋ/:

→ **excited** (adj) /ɪk'saɪtɪd/:

### Lesson 3:

**army** (n) /'ɑ:rmɪ/:

**king** (n) /kɪŋ/:

→ **kingdom** (n) /'kɪŋdəm/:

**queen** (n) /kwi:n/:

**general** (n) /'dʒenrəl/:

**soldier** (n) /'səʊldʒər/:

**battle** (n) /'bætl/:

**invaders** (n) /ɪn'veɪdərz/:

→ **invade** (v) /ɪn'veɪd/:

**win** (v) /wɪn/:

→ **winner** (n) /'wɪnə/:

### II/ Grammar:

#### ◆ Prepositions of time (Giới từ chỉ thời gian):

Giới từ	Cách dùng	Ví dụ
<b>on</b>	diễn tả thứ trong tuần, ngày trong tháng, hoặc kết hợp ngày và tháng	<b>on</b> Monday, <b>on</b> the 20th (of May), <b>on</b> December 25, <b>on</b> Christmas Eve, <b>on</b> Easter Day ...

<b>at</b>	diễn tả thời khắc như mấy giờ, lúc nào	at 7 o'clock, at lunchtime, at noon, at night ...
<b>in</b>	diễn tả khoảng thời gian dài như các buổi trong ngày, tháng, mùa, năm, thập kỷ, thế kỷ	in the morning, in January, in the summer, in 2025, in the 1990s, in the 21st century ...

\*Lưu ý:

- **at**: at the weekend/at weekends, at Christmas, at Easter ...

- **on**: on the weekend/on weekends, on Sunday morning, on a cold evening ...

### ◆ **Past Simple (Thì quá khứ đơn):**

– Thì quá khứ đơn được sử dụng để:

❖ Diễn tả các sự kiện, trạng thái hoặc hành động diễn ra tại một thời điểm cụ thể trong quá khứ và đã kết thúc hoàn toàn trong quá khứ.

❖ Diễn tả hành động lặp đi lặp lại trong quá khứ.

❖ Thuật lại một câu chuyện hoặc một sự kiện lịch sử.

– Dấu hiệu nhận biết:

❖ Cụm từ chỉ thời gian: yesterday, last year/month/week...

❖ ago

❖ in + mốc thời gian trong quá khứ (in 1999, in the 20<sup>th</sup> century...).

\*Lưu ý: Học thuộc bảng động từ bất quy tắc (không thêm -ed).

e.g. I/He/She/It **was** happy.

You/We/They **weren't** (were not)

happy.

They **played** computer games yesterday.

She **went** to school by bus.

He **didn't watch** TV 2 hours ago.

**Was** it good?

– Yes, it **was**. / No, it **wasn't**.

**Did** she **play** piano yesterday?

– Yes, she **did**. / No, she **didn't**.

How **was** the movie?

– It **was** terrible.

Where **did** they **eat**?

– They **ate** hamburgers.

– Cách phát âm “-ed”

<b>Đọc là /ɪd/</b>	khi âm cuối của từ gốc là /t/, /d/
<b>Đọc là /t/</b>	khi âm cuối của từ gốc là /tʃ/, /s/, /x/, /ʃ/, /k/, /f/, /p/
<b>Đọc là /d/</b>	khi âm cuối của từ gốc là các phụ âm và nguyên âm còn lại

## I/ PRONUNCIATION

**A. Choose the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.**

1. A. army                      B. battle                      C. animated                      D. attack  
2. A. performance                      B. general                      C. terrible                      D. September

**B. Choose the word that differs from the other three in the position of the main stress in each of the following questions.**

3. A. pretty                      B. easy                      C. friendly                      D. exciting  
4. A. terrible                      B. interesting                      C. fantastic                      D. fantasy

## II/ VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

5. William can't watch \_\_\_\_\_ movies. He thinks they're too scary and he always has bad dreams after watching them.

- A. comedy                      B. action                      C. horror                      D. drama

6. My friends, Susie and Mike, \_\_\_\_\_ in London last weekend.

- A. was                      B. were                      C. are                      D. is

7. We're having a big party \_\_\_\_\_ Christmas Eve.

- A. on                      B. at                      C. in                      D. of

8. Justice League is a \_\_\_\_\_ movie where heroes use superpowers to protect the planet from monsters.

- A. comedy                      B. drama                      C. funny                      D. science fiction

9. We often go out \_\_\_\_\_ Friday evenings and come back home at 11 \_\_\_\_\_ night.

- A. on/ at                      B. on/ in                      C. in/ at                      D. at/ in

10. Jane's brother became a \_\_\_\_\_ when he joined the army last year.

- A. waiter                      B. actor                      C. student                      D. soldier

11. *Trưng Trắc* and *Trưng Nhị* were Vietnamese great female \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. armies                      B. invaders                      C. generals                      D. soldier

12. I \_\_\_\_\_ to make an omelet this morning but it \_\_\_\_\_ horrible.

- A. try/ was                      B. try/ is                      C. tried/ is                      D. tried/ was

## III/ FIND AND CORRECT the mistake in each sentence below

13. This morning, he rode on a bike and go to the zoo.

- A                      B                      C                      D

14. I am going to see a movie with my brother in Sunday morning.

- A                      B                      C                      D

15. My children usually watch cartoons in the morning, but not in Sunday morning.

- A                      B                      C                      D



16. John and his friends went to the movies yesterday, but they forget the tickets at home.  
A B C D

#### IV/ WORD FORM

17. That fantastic movie \_\_\_\_\_ (AMAZING) us, we really had a great time.  
18. I didn't like the film at all. It was so \_\_\_\_\_ (BORE).  
19. Yesterday I watched a \_\_\_\_\_ (HISTORY) movie about Napoleon Bonaparte on TV.  
20. I signed up for the Drama club because I like \_\_\_\_\_ (ACT).

#### V/ READING

**Read the passage, then complete the following statements with the missing information. For each statement, write no more than THREE WORDS and/or A NUMBER.**

Last week, we watched *Elizabeth* – a historical drama about Queen Elizabeth I of England. I don't always like drama movies but this was wonderful. Queen Elizabeth I was born in Greenwich on 7<sup>th</sup> September, 1533. Her mother died when she was only two years old. She was an intelligent child and she was really good at languages and music. When she was 25, she became Queen of England. She was a great leader. Elizabeth built a great navy – the army at sea. In 1588, the English Navy fought against the Spanish Armada invaders and they won the battles. People called this period the Golden Age because England was a very rich and powerful country. Elizabeth was queen for 44 years. She didn't marry and had no children. She died in Richmond, England on 24<sup>th</sup> March, 1603.

21. *Elizabeth* was a \_\_\_\_\_ about Queen Elizabeth I.  
22. Elizabeth was excellent at \_\_\_\_\_ and music.  
23. She became Queen of England at the age of \_\_\_\_\_.  
24. The English Navy won the battles against \_\_\_\_\_ army.  
25. When she was queen, England was rich and \_\_\_\_\_.

#### VI/ WRITING

**A. Put the words in the correct order to make correct sentences.**

26. United States of America/ the/ 1789/ George Washington/ in/ became/ president/ of the/

→ \_\_\_\_\_

27. on/ a new movie/ at/ There/ is/ the theater/ March 6<sup>th</sup>/.

→ \_\_\_\_\_

28. watch/ you/ Did/ movie/ wild/ about/ the/ night/ animals/ last/?

→ \_\_\_\_\_

**B. Rewrite the following sentences without changing their meaning. Use the given word(s) if any.**

29. The story was really exciting.

→ It was \_\_\_\_\_

30. John thinks we should buy some popcorn before entering the movie theater.

→ John suggests \_\_\_\_\_