



## IN DANGER OF EXTINCTION

- What do these animals have in common?
- What is the difference between these three words? Give examples of each, animal or plant.
- *endangered*    - *threatened*    - *extinct*



## VOCABULARY

1. Look at the categories and name animals which you can typically find in those places. Which animals do you have in your country?

*In a forest:* \_\_\_\_\_

*In the ocean:* \_\_\_\_\_

*In a river:* \_\_\_\_\_

*In a desert:* \_\_\_\_\_

*In a jungle:* \_\_\_\_\_

2. Read the characteristics below and match them to proper animal group names, then translate the words in colour.

*birds / fish / mammals / reptiles / insects*

- \_\_\_\_\_ – they give birth to live young animals and the young animals get milk from their mothers. Their skin is usually covered in hair or *fur* and they are *warm-blooded*. They usually have 4 legs (*forelegs* and *hind legs*), they can be *paws* with sharp *claws* or they have *hooves*. Many have pointed ears and a tail. Sometimes they have *antlers*, *horns*, or *tusks*, some of them have a *trunk*. Mostly they live on land, but some of them are adapted for life at sea.
- \_\_\_\_\_ – they have wings and usually they can fly, their body is covered in *feathers*. They have a *beak*, claws, and a tail. They *lay eggs*.
- \_\_\_\_\_ – they are *cold-blooded*, they are usually covered in *scales*. Some of them have 4 legs; others have bodies without any legs. They lay eggs on land.
- \_\_\_\_\_ – they are cold-blooded, their body is covered in scales. They live in water and they get oxygen from water by using *gills* and most of them use *fins* for swimming in water.
- \_\_\_\_\_ – these are organisms without a backbone (*spine*), they can have 6 or 8 legs, sometimes they have *shells* and often two pairs of wings, their body is divided into parts.

3. Describe typical features of the following animals and classify them.

*orangutans / ants / rats / whales / earthworms / spiders / snails / crabs / kangaroos / antelopes*

*For example: Tigers belong to mammals, they have large strong bodies covered with thick fur, two pointed ears and two forelegs and two hind legs with sharp claws.*

4. Look at these leaves and say to which trees they belong. Match them to the correct names. Which of them are *coniferous* and which *broad-leaved* trees?

*palm / eucalyptus / birch / pine / ficus / fir / walnut / oak / willow / chestnut / maple*

