

Emotions Feelings and irregular verbs

1. If someone feels "relieved," it means they:

- a) Are very scared
- b) No longer feel worried 😊
- c) Are extremely angry
- d) Feel exhausted

2. Which word describes feeling nervous and slightly afraid before an important event?

- a) Overjoyed
- b) Anxious
- c) Furious
- d) Confident

3. If you feel "frustrated," what emotion are you likely experiencing?

- a) Happy because something went well
- b) Angry or annoyed because something is difficult
- c) Sad because someone hurt your feelings
- d) Excited about a new opportunity

4. Which of the following is NOT a positive emotion?

- a) Enthusiastic
- b) Content
- c) Grateful
- d) Resentful

5. When someone is feeling "overwhelmed," they are likely:

- a) Relaxed and in control
- b) Feeling too many emotions at once
- c) Very confident in their abilities
- d) Excited to start something new

6. Which emotion best describes someone who feels left out and alone?

- a) Jealous
- b) Lonely
- c) Grateful
- d) Confident

7. Which sentence uses the correct past tense of "to go"?

- a) Yesterday, I go to the library.
- b) Yesterday, I went to the library.
- c) Yesterday, I gone to the library.
- d) Yesterday, I goed to the library.

8. What is the correct past tense of "to take"?

- a) Taked
- b) Took
- c) Taken
- d) Takes

9. Choose the sentence with the correct past tense verb:

- a) She **speaked** to the teacher.
- b) She **spoke** to the teacher.
- c) She **spoken** to the teacher.
- d) She **speaking** to the teacher.

10. Which of these is NOT an irregular verb?

- a) Eat
- b) Play
- c) Break
- d) Write

11. Which sentence uses the past participle correctly?

- a) I have **wrote** a story.
- b) I have **written** a story.
- c) I have **write** a story.
- d) I have **writing** a story.

12. What is the past tense of "to feel"?

- a) Felt
- b) Feel
- c) Feeled
- d) Fellen

13. What is the best way to start a presentation?

- a) Read your slides word for word.
- b) Introduce yourself and state your topic clearly.
- c) Apologize for being nervous.
- d) Immediately start with your first point.

14. How should you use your voice when presenting?

- a) Speak in a monotone voice without variation.
- b) Speak clearly and vary your tone to keep the audience interested.
- c) Whisper so the audience pays attention.
- d) Talk as fast as possible to finish quickly.

15. What should you do if you forget what to say?

- a) Panic and stop speaking.
- b) Look at your notes and take a deep breath before continuing.
- c) Ask someone in the audience to help you.
- d) End the presentation immediately.

16. Why is eye contact important during a presentation?

- a) It makes the audience feel engaged and connected.
- b) It helps you read your notes better.
- c) It makes the audience feel uncomfortable.
- d) It is not important at all.

17. What is the best way to engage your audience?

- a) Ask rhetorical or interactive questions.
- b) Avoid making eye contact.
- c) Read directly from your slides.
- d) Stand in one place without moving.

18. Why should you include visuals in your presentation?

- a) They make the presentation more engaging and help explain ideas.
- b) They take up space and help you talk less.
- c) They are not necessary.
- d) They distract the audience.

19. If an audience member asks a question you don't know the answer to, you should:

- a) Ignore the question.
- b) Guess the answer even if you're unsure.
- c) Politely say you will look it up and get back to them.
- d) Ask the audience for help.

20. What should you do at the end of your presentation?

- a) Thank the audience and ask if they have questions.
- b) Quickly walk off the stage without saying anything.
- c) Keep talking even if time is up.
- d) Apologize for making mistakes.