

Name: .....

Grammar: .....

Class: S4...

Reading: .....

Tel: 034 200 9294

Writing: .....



Ngày GV giao bài: Thứ ....., ngày ..../.....

Mini Test: .....

Ngày HS nộp bài: Thứ ....., ngày ..../.....

## GLOBAL ENGLISH 4

## Unit 7: Australia - Grammar 1 &amp; Writing

## A. GRAMMAR: Present perfect - positive, with “never” (Hiện tại hoàn thành – khẳng định, với “never”)

	POSITIVE	WITH NEVER
Cấu trúc	S + have/has + VPP.	S + have/has + never + VPP.
Cách dùng	Điển tả một hành động đã làm cho tới thời điểm hiện tại.	Điển tả một hành động chưa bao giờ làm cho tới thời điểm hiện tại.
Ví dụ	I have been to Australia.	I have never been to Italy.

❖ Note: - VPP = Part participle: Quá khứ phân từ.

- Không sử dụng never và not cùng nhau:

Ví dụ: I ~~have not~~ never been to Italy. (X)      I have never been to Italy. (O)

No.	Động từ nguyên mẫu	Động từ ở dạng quá khứ phân từ	Nghĩa	No.	Động từ nguyên mẫu	Động từ ở dạng quá khứ phân từ	Nghĩa
1	be	been	là, ở	13	drive	driven	lái
2	have	had	có	14	run	run	chạy
3	do	done	làm	15	make	made	làm
4	go	gone	đi	16	read	read	đọc
5	see	seen	nhìn thấy	17	give	given	đưa, cho
6	eat	eaten	ăn	18	buy	bought	mua
7	drink	drunk	uống	19	bring	brought	mang, đưa
8	take	taken	lấy, cầm	20	know	known	biết
9	get	gotten	nhận, lấy	21	meet	met	gặp
10	hear	heard	nghe	22	sing	sung	hát
11	say	said	nói gì	23	speak	spoken	nói chuyện
12	tell	told	nói cho ai	24	write	wrote	viết

## B. EXTRA VOCABULARY

No.	New word	Meaning	No.	New word	Meaning
1	climate change (comp.n)	biến đổi khí hậu	4	police officer (n)	cảnh sát
2	colleague (n)	đồng nghiệp	5	road safety rule (comp.n)	quy tắc an toàn giao thông
3	sidewalk (n)	vỉa hè	6	traffic light (comp.n)	đèn giao thông

❖ Note: n = noun; danh từ; comp.n = compound noun; danh từ ghép.

❖ Con học thuộc nghĩa của từ, chính phát âm theo từ điển và chép mỗi từ 1 dòng vào vở ghi.

### C. HOMEWORK.

#### I. Choose the correct answer.

0. I \_\_\_\_\_ to Australia.

A. been      B. have been      C. has been

1. I \_\_\_\_\_ a dinosaur.

A. have never seen      B. have seen never      C. have not never seen

2. Laura \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of TV programs about Australian animals.

A. never watched      B. has watched      C. has watched never

3. They \_\_\_\_\_ because of climate change.

A. has died      B. dies      C. have died

4. Fire \_\_\_\_\_ animals' habitat and homes.

A. have destroyed      B. has destroyed      C. destroys

5. I have never \_\_\_\_\_ of the jellyfish before.

A. hear      B. heared      C. heard

#### II. Complete the sentences below with the perfect present tense of the given words.

0. She has never eaten (never / eat) cabbage before.

1. I \_\_\_\_\_ (hear) that song since last year.

2. Jane \_\_\_\_\_ (dance) the tango for years but it was still hard.

3. They \_\_\_\_\_ (play) basketball since they were 10.

4. He \_\_\_\_\_ (never / drink) alcohol before using a motorbike.

5. You \_\_\_\_\_ (try) my chocolate cake.

#### III. Rewrite the sentences using the present perfect tense with the given words below.

0. I / be / to Australia / on / business trip

→ I have been to Australia on a business trip.

1. Mary / visit / her grandparents / during / summer holiday

→ \_\_\_\_\_.

2. Jack / never / drive / to work

→ \_\_\_\_\_.

3. John and Sue / wash / their car / after / trip

→ \_\_\_\_\_.

4. Andrew / never / repair / his bike

→ \_\_\_\_\_.

5. Phil / help / Anne with Maths / before / exam

→ \_\_\_\_\_.



## Part 2: Questions 7-13

For each question, choose the correct answer.

	Karen	Peter	Sue
7. Who says working and learning is easier now?	A	B	C
8. Who says their best friend is in a different country?	A	B	C
9. Who says their colleagues worry about them?	A	B	C
10. Who says they are different from their friends?	A	B	C
11. Who says they are learning a new language?	A	B	C
12. Who says they have made new friends on the internet?	A	B	C
13. Who says the internet saves them money?	A	B	C

## Three people talking about the internet

Karen



My cousins live in Australia, and I miss them a lot. We use Skype once a week to share news and stay connected. My best friend works in Germany, so we chat online almost every day. The internet makes it easy and free for us to talk, unlike expensive phone calls.

Peter



I enjoy playing games online with friends, even with people from other countries. It's fun and exciting, but my work friends think gaming is bad for me. I understand the difference between games and real life, so I never do anything wrong. Games are a great way for me to relax and have fun.

Sue



I don't like playing games online, even though most of my friends do. I use the internet to find useful information and do my work. I also learn German by listening to songs, which is much more fun than my old French lessons. The internet helps me work better and learn new things easily.



## E. WRITING

### TOPIC: What can you do to stay safe when you go to school?

- How can you remember the way to school?
- What can you do if you get lost?
- How can you be safe on the street?

#### Example:

When I go to school, I always try to stay safe and follow some simple rules. First, I make sure I know the way to school well. I look at big buildings, shops, or parks to remember the road. I also write the school's name and address in my notebook, so I can check it if I forget.

If I get lost, I stay calm. I look for a police officer nearby and ask them for help. I tell them the name of my school and show them my notebook with the address written inside. If I have a phone, I can call my parents or teacher to let them know.

On the street, I always follow road safety rules to stay safe. I only cross the road at the pedestrian crossing or traffic lights. Before crossing, I look left, right, and left again to check for cars. I also listen carefully for any sounds of bikes or vehicles. When walking, I stay on the sidewalk and never run onto the road.

Staying safe is very important, so I always follow these steps.

- ❖ Các con tham khảo bài ví dụ để nắm được cách viết đoạn văn và tự viết một đoạn khác
- ❖ Lưu ý: Đoạn văn tự viết không được giống bài ví dụ hơn 50%