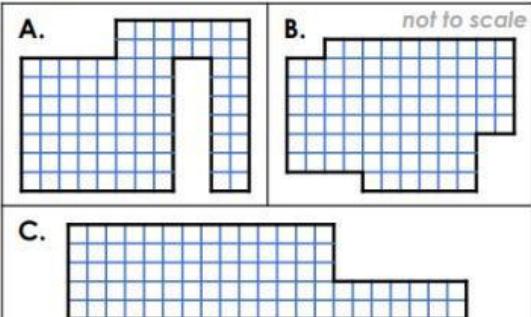




# Area and Perimeter

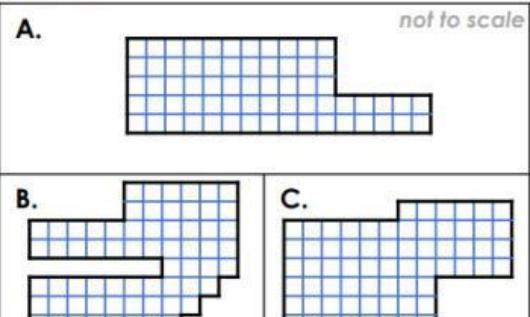
## Shapes with same area

5a. Circle the shapes with an area of  $84\text{cm}^2$ .



$\square = 1\text{cm}^2$

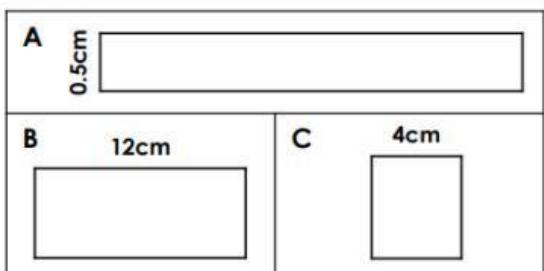
5b. Circle the shapes with an area of  $65\text{cm}^2$ .



$\square = 1\text{cm}^2$

VF

8a. All of these rectangles have an area of  $36\text{cm}^2$ .



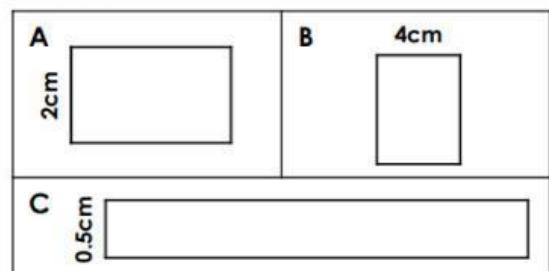
Complete the missing lengths.



not to scale

VF

8b. All of these rectangles have an area of  $32\text{cm}^2$ .



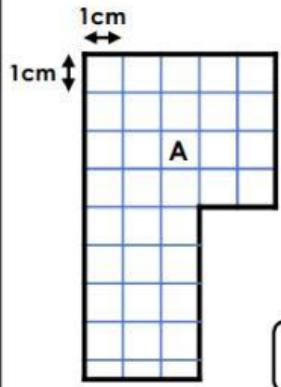
Complete the missing lengths.



not to scale

VF

5. Match these shapes to their area.



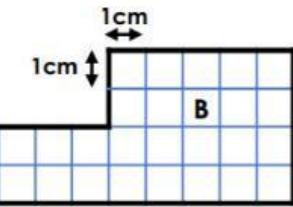
$33.5\text{cm}^2$



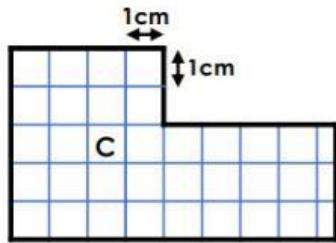
not to scale

VF

HW/Ext



$33\text{cm}^2$



3a. Zak is experimenting with the area of rectangles.

He says,

"If a rectangle has an area of  $24\text{cm}^2$ , the length of it could be 6cm."

Is he correct? Explain why.



3b. Ruby is experimenting with the area of rectangles.

She says,

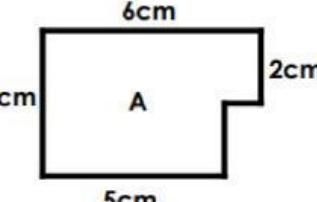
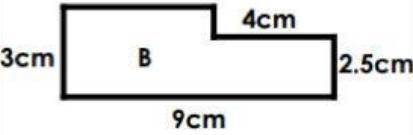
"If a rectangle has a length of 8cm, and the unknown length is an integer, the area could be  $27\text{cm}^2$ ."

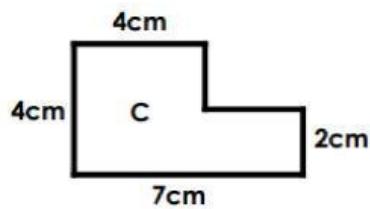
Is she correct? Explain why.



R

6. Justin has sorted shapes into a table.

Area is $22\text{cm}^2$	Area is not $22\text{cm}^2$
 A	 B



Is he correct? Prove it.

Where would shape C go in the table?



not to scale

RPS  
HW/Ext