

SECTION A. LISTENING

I. Listen to a radio programme about life in north Wales and fill in the gaps. Write ONLY ONE WORD OR A NUMBER for each answer.

Bryn was born on a (1) _____ in the village of Danolog. His (2) _____ language is Welsh. He thinks the Welsh countryside is a (3) _____ place to grow up and he doesn't want to (4) _____ anywhere else.

Gareth comes from a small (5) _____ of Liangollan. He lives there all his (6) _____. Some tourists come there in summer to go walking in the (7) _____.

Bethan doesn't (8) _____ to leave the Welsh countryside. There aren't any (9) _____ for people there. After leaving the (10) _____, he will probably have to live and work somewhere else.

II. Listen to Steve telling Olga about his birthday presents. Which presents did each person give him?

For questions 1 – 5, write a letter (A-H) next to each person.

You will hear the conversation twice.

Example: 0. Mary - D

People		Presents	
1	Harry	A	book
2	Linda	B	camera
3	Thomas	C	chocolates
4	Victoria	D	jacket
5	James	E	pen
		F	socks
		G	sweater
		H	video

PART 3. Listen to Paul asking about a club for children.

For questions 1 – 5, tick (✓) A, B or C. You will hear the conversation twice.

Example:

0. The Children's Fun Club has offices in.....

A. the U.S

B. India

C. London

1. The club tries to help children with their.....

A. studies

B. sports

C. painting

2. This month, the children will get a

A. video

B. magazine

C. pen

3. The club has a competition every.....

A. week

B. month

C. year

4. The club is for children under.....

A. 10

B. 13

C. 16

5. The club costs.....

A. £ 3 a year

B. 5 £ a year

C. £ 12 a year

SECTION B: VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

I. Choose the word which best completes each of the following sentences.

1. Choose one word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the rest.

A. benches

B. telephones

C. watches

D. boxes

2. My mother always wants me _____ the piano well.

A. to play

B. playing

C. play

D. to playing

3. I don't need much salt in my soup. Just _____, please.

A. a few

B. a little

C. fewer

D. less

4. **Tim:** " _____?" - **Peter:** "He's friendly, helpful and creative."

A. What is your new friend like?

B. What does your new friend look like?

C. Who is your new friend like?

D. What does your new friend like?

5. You must learn the _____ of the game before playing.

A. rules

B. laws

C. agreements

D. sayings

6. When I was a boy, I _____ tea to coffee.

A. prefer

B. preferred

C. prefers

D. preferring

7. You should pay more _____ in class.

A. part

B. care

C. notice

D. attention

8. **Mr Brown:** Where are you sister and brother?

Ann: My sister and brother _____ television in the living – room.

A. am watching

B. are watching

C. is watching

D. watching

9. Hoa _____ coins and stamps since she was six.

A. was collecting

B. has collected

C. collected

D. will collect

10. I love my sister's paintings because she is very _____ in using colours.

A. care

B. careless

C. creative

D. imagine

11. **A tourist:** "How long does it take to get to the nearest bus stop, girl?"

A girl: " _____"

A. No, it isn't far

B. Yes, it is a long way

C. I'm sorry I don't know

D. Why do you ask me?

12. This is _____ film I've ever seen.

A. the most interesting

B. interesting

C. the interesting

D. the more interesting

13. _____ the program is late, we will wait to see it.

A. Because

B. Although

C. When

D. So

14. My brother is a _____ driver. He drives very _____

A. carefully/careful

B. care/carefully

C. careful/careful

D. careful/ carefully

15. How _____ kilos of beef does she want?

A. often B. much C. many D. about

16. If the weather _____ good tomorrow, I _____ camping with classmates.

A. is / go

B. will be / go

C. is / will go

D. will be / will go

II. Give the correct form of the verbs or words in brackets.

1. Our first class often _____ at 7.00 in the morning **START**
2. Water has no color. It is a _____ liquid **COLOR**
3. The boy _____ asked for permission to go out with his friends. **REPEAT**
4. The children are _____ to take part in Moon festival. **EXCITE**
5. Mai is _____ at math than me **BAD**
6. She's a good student but she lacks _____ **CONFIDENT**
7. Is she good at _____? **SING**
8. The students _____ the fishing village tomorrow morning. **NOT VISIT**
9. If you don't hurry up, you _____ late for school. **BE**
10. This is the first time I _____ to a foreigner. **SPEAK**

III. *Each sentence below contains a mistake. Identify the mistakes and correct them in the space provided.* There is one example (0).

0. We are <u>do</u> our homework at the moment.	doing
1. She is very sad because she has a little friends in her new school	
2. Mrs. Loan eats fish. And neither does her husband.	
3. He had a traffic accident yesterday as he drove very dangerous.	
4. The students in Vietnam only have a three-weeks Tet holiday.	
5. The children playing many interesting traditional games at the moment.	
6. How much are the green hat and the red dress cost?	
7. My mother going to work early every morning.	
8. Please taking the second street on the left. The bank is on your right.	

9. The students must to wear school uniforms on Monday.	
10. Of the two sisters, Hong is the tallest.	

SECTION C – READING

I. Choose the correct answer A, B, C or D to fill in each blank in the following letter.

In the match (1) _____ Viet Nam Team and Thailand Team which took place last Sunday, Viet Nam Team beat Thailand by four goals to two.

The last time the two teams met, Thailand Team won by three goals (2) _____ nil, so Viet Nam were making a great effort to win this match.

In the first half of the (3) _____, Thailand was leading by two (4) _____.

However, Thailand (5) _____ a number of careless mistakes during the second half.

This was after their player, Matthew, missed the ball, slipped and (6) _____ heavily.

Viet Nam team then (7) _____ two lucky goals and in a few minutes before the finish of the match, Quang Hai shot the ball into the net, resulting in the final score of four goals to two.

Viet Nam Team (8) _____ well this season and (9) _____ fans have good reason to be proud. Also, Thailand has had good results up to now. This is the first game they (10) _____

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|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| 1. A on | B. between | C. by | D. of |
| 2. A. to | B. by | C. for | D. with |
| 3. A. score | B. play | C. match | D. performance |
| 4. A. matches | B. players | C. goals | D. scores |
| 5. A. make | B. is making | C. makes | D. made |
| 6. A. falls | B. fell | C. felt | D. is falling |
| 7. A. had | B. scored | C. score | D. put |
| 8. A plays | B. has played | C. play | D. is playing |
| 9. A. their | B. my | C. they | D. them |
| 10. A. loss | B. lost | C. was losing | D. have lost |

II. Complete the conversation below with the sentences A-J (There are 5 extra sentences).

Receptionist: Grand Hotel. Good morning. (1) _____

Tourist: I'd like to book a room, please.

Receptionist: Certainly. And (2) _____

Tourist: Three days and a half

Receptionist: Would you like a single room?

Tourist: (3) _____

Receptionist: Very well. I would like to know your name and your address?

Tourist: (4) _____. By the way, what do

A. Yes, please. I'll be on my own

B. Does that include everything?

C. It's Evon Smith, 30 Old Road, York.

D. How long do you plan to stay?

you charge for bed and breakfast?

Receptionist: For bed and breakfast? It's \$ 35 a night.

Tourist: (5)_____

Receptionist: Yes. Of course. There are no extra charges.

Tourist: Oh, thanks

E. Can you help me, please?

F. My name is Evon Smith, 30 years old.

G. How long have you been here?

H. How can I help you?

I. Single room is cheaper I think

J. Is the room OK?

III. Read the passage and choose the best answer for each question.

London, the capital of England and the United Kingdom, is the largest city in Europe. It is located on the River Thames and has a history of about 2,000 years. Over eight million people live in London. Hundreds of thousand people travel each day into London to work. London has an oceanic climate, but generally it is a dry city. However, London is often very cloudy. On average it rains mildly just about every other day. Temperature extremes for all sites in the London area range from 38.1°C at Kew during August 2003, down to -16.1°C at Northolt during January 1962.

London's largest industry is finance. Together with New York, the City of London is one of the world's largest financial centres, making London a major world influence. However, like many big cities, London has problems with traffic and pollution. Millions of people use the London Underground a day, but there are still too many buses and trams in the streets. The air isn't clean, but it is cleaner than it was 100 years ago.

1. How old is London?
A. About two hundred years. B. About two centuries.
C. Approximately twenty centuries. D. Over eight million years.
2. In general, the temperatures in London _____.
A. change suddenly B. are not high C. stay the same D. change greatly
3. Which of the following is NOT true about London?
A. It rains a lot every day. B. It has so many vehicles.
C. It has an oceanic climate. D. It is a very large city.
4. We can see that compared to New York, London is _____.
A. much larger B. more industrial C. just as important D. the same size
5. What is one of the problems in London?
A. The population is too large. B. There are too many tourists.
C. The air is dirtier than it was. D. There are too many buses in the streets.

IV. Read the text. Some parts of the text have been removed. Complete the text by deciding which part of the text (A-E) fits each gap (1-4). There is one extra letter that you don't need.

British people love their animals. Over half the households in Britain have got a pet. Goldfish are the most popular pet, but the British own 7.2 million cats and 6.6 million dogs. (1) _____.

People in other countries often spend a lot of money on comfortable kennels for their dogs, which means that the dogs sleep outside. The British let their dogs take over their houses, (2_____). They spoil their dogs with toys and treats and specially prepared meals.

Perhaps the British love their animals so much because they feel more confident with animals than with other people! British people can be very formal and find it hard to talk to people that they do not know. (3) _____ But there is no problem with dog. (4) _____

George Mike is the author of a famous book about the British. He says that when British people go for a walk with a friend, they don't say a word for hours. But if they go out for a walk with their dogs, they talk to them all the way!

A. They allow their dogs to lie on their sofas and armchairs, and give them almost as much attention as their children.

B. The British can easily start a conversation with a strange dog.

C. Friends from other countries are sometimes shocked.

D. They think of them as part of the family.

E. They feel embarrassed if they have to talk to strangers.

SECTION D: WRITING

I. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the words given. You must use between 2 and 5 words in total. Do not change the words given.

Example: 0. My house has a small garden. (is)

There _____ in my house.

Answer: => There **is a small garden** in my house

1. I began to learn English 2 years ago

FOR

→ I _____ 2 years.

2. Ly is the best at English in her class.

THAN

→ Nobody in Ly's class is _____ class.

3. It is not a good idea when students cheat at exams.

SHOULD

→ I think students _____ exams.

4. Because the weather was stormy, we decided to cancel the trip to the countryside.

SO

→ The weather was _____ to cancel the trip to the countryside

5. My brother enjoys playing soccer.

OF

→ My brother is _____ soccer

II. Rewrite the sentences, so that their meaning stays the same, using the beginning given for each.

1. Lan is a fluent English speaker.

→ Lan speaks _____.

2. No one in my class is more hard-working than Duy.

→ Duy is the _____.

3. There not are forty students in my class.

→ My class _____.

4. Nga usually walks to school.

→ Nga _____.

5. It takes me 20 minutes to read books every day.

→ I spend _____.

III. Write a passage (about 100-120 words) about a sport/ game you like.

(Use your own ideas and the following as cues:

Name of the sport/ game; Is it a team or an individual sport/ game? How long does it last? How many players are there? What kinds of equipment does it need when playing? How do people feel when they play sport?/ Do you think that playing sport is always good for your health)